Package 'sendigR'

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Title Enable Cross-Study Analysis of 'CDISC' 'SEND' Datasets

Version 1.0.0

Description A system enables cross study Analysis by extracting and filtering study data for control animals from 'CDISC' 'SEND' Study Repository.

These data types are supported: Body Weights, Laboratory test results and Microscopic findings. These database types are supported: 'SQLite' and 'Oracle'.

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BugReports https://github.com/phuse-org/sendigR/issues

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dhCsa	eateIndexes Create indexes in SEND database	

Description

Create a set of indexes on the tables in an SQLite SEND database to optimize performance of extraction of data from the different functions in the package.

Usage

```
dbCreateIndexes(dbToken, replaceExisting = FALSE)
```

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Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

replaceExisting

Mandatory, character

Whether an already existing set of indexes in the database may be replaced by a

new set of indexes.

Details

All the indexes are named <domain name>_sendigr_<nn> - .e.g. TS_sendigr_01.

If any additional indexes are manually created in the database, avoid to include 'sendigr' in the name, because all existing indexes with that included in the name will be initially deleted when execution the function with replaceExisting = TRUE.

It's recommended to wait with the creation of the indexes until the major amount of studies to be loaded in to the database are loaded.

The database must be an SQLite database - no other types of databases are supported by this function.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
## Not run:
createAllIndexes(myDbToken)
## End(Not run)
```

dbCreateSchema

Create a SEND schema in an open and empty database

Description

Create all the domains and variables which are described in the SEND IG versions 3.0 and 3.1 in the database - i.e. a union of domains from the SEND IG versions and in each domain a union of variables from the SEND IG versions.

Usage

```
dbCreateSchema(dbToken)
```

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Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

Details

The database must be an SQLite database - no other types of databases are supported by this function.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

dbDeleteStudies

Delete one or more studies in SEND database

Description

Deletes data from all domains for one or more studies in an SQLite based SEND database

Usage

```
dbDeleteStudies(dbToken, studyIdList)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

studyIdList Mandatory, character

A list or vector of study id values

Details

The database must be a SQLite database - no other types of databases are supported by this function.

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Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
## Not run:
# delete one study
dbDeleteStudies(myDbToken, '122312')
# delete multiple studies
dbDeleteStudies(myDbToken, list('122312', '552343', '0942347'))
## End(Not run)
```

dbImportOneStudy

Import SEND study data in SAS xport format into a SEND database from a single study folder

Description

Check each of the SAS xpt file located in the specified folder - import content from file and load it into the corresponding SEND domain table in the open database.

Usage

```
dbImportOneStudy(dbToken, xptPath, overWrite = FALSE, checkRequiredVars = TRUE)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

xptPath Mandatory, character

Location of the SAS xport files

overWrite Mandatory, boolean

Whether an already existing study in the database may be overwritten by newly

imported data.

checkRequiredVars

Mandatory, boolean

Whether not-required domains are checked for existence and content of required

variables

Details

These requirements to the content of the folder must be fulfilled:

1. The folder must contain some SAS xport files named [send domain].xpt - the case of the file names doesn't care

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- 2. A minimum set of required domain files must be included: ts.xpt, tx.xpt, dm.xpt.
- 3. Each xpt file must contain one data table with same name as the file name i.e. a send domain name.
- 4. Each xpt file must contain a non-empty STUDYID value in each row equal to the value of TS.STUDYID.
- Each xpt file must contain a set of required column(s).
 In general it's (where relevant for the different kinds of domains):
 STUDYID, DOMAIN, --SEQ, USUBJID, --TESTCD, --TEST, --ORRES, --ORRESU, --STRESC, --STRESN, --STRESU
- 6. The DOMAIN variable must contain the name of the actual domain in all rows

The last two requirements are checked for the required domains in all cases. For other domains, these two requirements are only checked if parameter checkRequiredVars = TRUE.

If an error is detected, the import and load of data is canceled, and further execution is aborted (i.e. error message is written to the console).

These error situations are checked and reported:

- Any of the requirements 1 to 3 are not fulfilled or any of the following requirements are not fulfilled for one of the required domains
- A study with the same value if STUDYID exists in the database and parameter overWrite = FALSE.

If one of the requirements 4 to 6 are not fulfilled for a not-required domain, this domain is excluded from the import. These kinds of issues are reported as one warning message to the console when data has been loaded.

Some non-critical issues, which doesn't prohibit data to be loaded to the database may be detected. These are reported as one warning message to the console when data has been loaded (together with eventual warning messages for skipped domains).

These non-critical issues are checked and reported:

- The study folder contains one or more xpt file(s) with names(s) not matching SEND domain name(s).
 - Such files are ignored by the import/load process.
- An imported data tables contains one or more column(s) which do(es)n't exist(s) in the corresponding domain.

The database must be an SQLite database - no other types of databases are supported by this function.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

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Examples

```
## Not run:
# Do not overwrite if study already exists in the database
dbImportOneStudy(myDbToken,'/mydatapath/studies/1213443')
# Allow to overwrite data if study already exists in the database
dbImportOneStudy(myDbToken,'/mydatapath/studies/786756', overwrite = TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

from a hierarchy study folders.

Description

dbImportStudies

For each non-empty folder below the specified root folder, the actions to import a set of SAS xpt files into the opened SQLlite database described for function dbImportOneStudy.

Import SEND study data in SAS xport format into a SEND database

Usage

```
dbImportStudies(
  dbToken,
  xptPathRoot,
  overWrite = FALSE,
  checkRequiredVars = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE,
  logFilePath = NULL
)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

xptPathRoot Mandatory, character

Root location of a set of sub folders - each sub folder with a set of SAS xport

files for one study to import.

The folder tree is traversed recursively - i.e. a multilevel folder hierarchy is

allowed.

overWrite Mandatory, boolean

Whether an already existing study in the database may be overwritten by newly

imported data.

checkRequiredVars

Mandatory, boolean

Whether not-required domains are checked for existence and content of required

variables

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verbose Mandatory, boolean

Whether the status of the import shall be continuously written to the console for

for each processed sub folder.

logFilePath Optional, character

A path to a folder to contain a log file with the status of the import for each

processed sub folder.

The name of the log file is logFilePath/dbImportStudies_<date & time>.log where <date & time> is the actual date and time in format YYYYmmdd_HH24MISS - e.g. dbImportStudies_20210323_084150.log if the function was called 23.

March 2021 at 8:41:50

Details

The status for the processing of each sub folder is caught and returned as described below.

If parameter verbose = TRUE, the status for each processed sub folder is also printed to the

If parameter verbose = TRUE, the status for each processed sub folder is also printed to the console each time a sub folder has been processed - i.e. it's possible to followed the progress of the import process. If parameter logFilePath has been specified with an existing path to a folder, the status for each processed sub folder is also printed to a log file in this folder each time a sub folder has been processed.

The database must be an SQLite database - no other types of databases are supported by this function.

Value

A list containing a named element with the import status for each of the processed sub folders. Each of the statuses are one of three variants:

- 'OK' the SAS xport files has been imported to the database with no errors or warnings
- 'Warning: [list of warnings]' the SAS xport files has been imported to the database but have one or more warnings
- 'Cancelled: [error message]' the SAS xport files have not been imported to the database because an error has been detected.

Examples

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disconnectDB

Disconnect from the open database.

Description

Close database session and disconnect from open database.

Usage

```
disconnectDB(dbToken)
```

Arguments

dbToken

Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
## Not run:
disconnectDB()
## End(Not run)
```

execSendDashboard

Execute sendDashboard app

Description

Executes an encapsulated Shiny which to query, visualize and extract historical control data from a SEND database.

Usage

```
execSendDashboard(dbToken)
```

Arguments

dbToken

Mandatory - token for the open database connection

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Value

The function does not return anything, but it is possible to extract data from the app in different formats to use for further processing

Examples

```
## Not run:
dbToken <- initEnvironment(dbType='sqlite', dbPath='/path/to/database/send.db')
execSendDashboard(dbToken)
disconnectDB(dbToken)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

genericQuery

Execute database query and returns fetched rows.

Description

The function executes a SQL select statements in the database and returns the fetched set of rows as a data.table.

Usage

```
genericQuery(dbToken, queryString, queryParams = NULL)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

queryString Mandatory, character.

The select statement to execute

queryParams Optional, character.

A variable with values for bind variable referenced in the where clause of the

select statement

Value

Data.table with the set of fetched rows

Examples

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gen_vocab	Create json file for vocabulary mappings. Keys are synonyms and values are the CDISC Controlled Terminology Submission values. Vocab-
	ularies are defined by column values from the tab-delimited files.

Description

Create json file for vocabulary mappings. Keys are synonyms and values are the CDISC Controlled Terminology Submission values. Vocabularies are defined by column values from the tab-delimited files.

Usage

```
gen_vocab(in_file, out_path)
```

Arguments

in_file Mandatory.

List of tab-delimited files with synonyms and preferred terms.

out_path Mandatory.

output json filename.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

Examples

```
## Not run:
gen_vocab(list(infile1, infile2),jsonfile)
## End(Not run)
```

getControlSubj

Extract a list of control animals for a list of studies

Description

Returns a data table with a list of animals belonging to the groups for negative control in the given list of studies.

Usage

```
getControlSubj(dbToken, studyList, inclUncertain = FALSE)
```

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Arguments

dbToken Mandatory.

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

studyList Mandatory, data.table.

A table with a list of studies to limit the output to be within this set of studies.

The table must include a column named 'STUDYID'.

inclUncertain Mandatory, boolean.

Indicates whether animals, which cannot be identified as neither negative nor positive control (i.e. uncertain animals), shall be included or not in the output

data table.

Details

The set of animals contains all animals from DM where the SETCD is associated with a TX parameter 'TCNTRL'. Negative control animals are further defined by

 either containing a word from a set of words, to automatically distinguish it as a negative control:

```
['placebo', 'untreated', 'sham']
```

- or containing a combination of a word from of two lists:
 - 1. ['negative', 'saline', 'peg', 'vehicle', 'citrate', 'dextrose', 'water', 'air']
 - 2. ['item', 'control', 'article']

Animals are in all cases excluded (i.e. whether inclUncertain=TRUE or inclUncertain=FALSE) from the output set, when they are identified as positive control animals - i.e. they are associated with a TX parameter 'TCNTRL' containing a word from this set of words:

• ['positive','reference']

The age in days at reference start date is calculated for each animal based on the age related variables in DM:

- 1. If BRTHDTC is populated compute DM.RFSTDTC DM.BRTHDTC + 1
- 2. Else If AGE is populated convert from units specified in AGEU to days.
- 3. Else If AGETXT is populated convert the mid-point of the range from units specified in AGEU to days.

These AGEU units are handled with the described conversion from value to number of days:

- DAYS
- WEEKS : value * 7
- MONTHS : value * 365/12YEARS : value * 365

If input parameter inclUncertain=TRUE, uncertain animals are included in the output set. These uncertain situations are identified and reported (in column UNCERTAIN_MSG):

- TX parameter 'TCNTRL' is missing
- TXVAL for TX parameter 'TCNTRL' cannot be identified as Negative or Positive control according to the algorithm described above

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Value

The function return a data table with columns:

- STUDYID (character)
- Additional columns contained in the studyList table
- TCNTRL (character)

The value of the TX parameter TCNTRL which is used for identification of whether it is a negative control group or not

- USUBJID (character)
- RFSTDTC (character)
- DM_AGEDAYS (integer)

The calculated age in days of the animal at the reference start day - i.e. the age registered in DM.

• DSDECOD (character)

The standardized disposition term for the animal

• DS_AGEDAYS (integer)

The calculated age in days of the animal at the disposition

• NO_AGE_MSG (character)

Empty or contains the reason if a DM_AGEDAYS couldn't be calculated

• UNCERTAIN MSG (character)

Included when parameter inclUncertain=TRUE.

Contains the reason for an uncertain animal is NA for rows for confident identified negative control animals.

• NOT_VALID_MSG (character)

Included if the column is included in data table specified in studyList,

Examples

```
## Not run:
controlAnimals <- getControlSubj(myDbToken, allSTudies)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getFindingsPhase

Extract a set of findings for a specified study phase - or just add phase for each animal.

Description

Returns a data table with the set of findings rows included in the findings of the phase(s) specified in the phaseFilter.

If the phaseFilter is empty (null, na or empty string), all rows from findings are returned with the an additional PHASE column.

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Usage

```
getFindingsPhase(
  dbToken,
  findings,
  phaseFilter = NULL,
  inclUncertain = FALSE,
  noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

findings Mandatory, data.table.

A data.table with the set of finding rows to process. The table must include at least columns named

- STUDYID
- USUBJID
- DOMAIN
- domainSEQ
- domainDTC

where domain is the name of the actual findings domain - e.g. LBSEQ and

LBDTC

phaseFilter Optional, character.

The phase value criterion to be used for filtering of the list of animals.

It can be a single string, a vector or a list of multiple strings.

inclUncertain Mandatory, boolean.

Only relevant if the phaseFilter is not empty.

Indicates whether finding rows for which the phase cannot be confidently iden-

tified shall be included or not in the output data table.

no Filter Report Uncertain

Mandatory, boolean.

Only relevant if the phaseFilter is empty.

Indicates if the reason should be included if the phase cannot be confidently

decided for an animal.

Details

The logic for the extraction is based on the subject elements and the trial design domains - for each finding row:

- The related subject element is found in SE as the row where the value of domainDTC is within the interval from SESTDTC to SEENDTC
- The actual EPOCH is found in TA in the row matching the found element (via the ETCD value)
- The actual study phase is derived from the EPOCH value matching at set of text patterns

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For pooled findings rows - i.e. POOLID is populated instead of USUBJID - the phase is identified per animal included in the each pool and finding, and if all identified phases are equal per pool and finding, the identified phase are returned per pool and finding.

The populated value of a phase is one of:

· 'Screening'

If TA.EPOCH fulfills one:

- contains 'pre' followed by one of ['treat', 'trt', 'dos', test', 'study', 'exposure']
- contains one of ['acclimat', 'screen', 'baseline', 'allocat', 'random']
- · 'Recovery'

If TA.EPOCH doesn't fulfill the pattern for 'Screening' and fulfills one of:

- contains 'recovery'
- contains 'post' followed by one of ['treat', 'trt', 'dos', 'test', 'study', 'exposure']
- 'Treatment'

If TA.EPOCH doesn't fulfill the patterns for 'Screening' or 'Recovery' and fulfills both:

- contains one of ['treat', 'trt', 'dos', 'test', 'exposure']
- does not contain any of ['off','non'l','free'l','holiday']
- 'Uncertain'

If the TA.EPOCH is empty or does not fulfills any of the requirements described for the three phases above.

If input parameter inclUncertain=TRUE, findings rows where the phase cannot be confidently identified are included in the output set. These uncertain situations are identified and reported (in column UNCERTAIN_MSG):

- One of the date/time values SESTDTC, SEENDTC or domainDTC is empty or contains an invalid ISO 8601 value
- The value of domainDTC is included in more then one SESTDTC/SEENDTC interval
- The EPOCH value does not match any of the patterns identifying the set of possible study phases.
- Different phases have been identified for individual subjects in a pool for a given finding

The same checks are performed and reported in column NOT_VALID_MSG if phaseFilter is empty and noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

Value

The function returns a data.table with columns in this order:

- All columns contained in the findings input table (original order except optional UNCER-TAIN_MSG and NOT_VALID_MSG)
- PHASE (character)
- UNCERTAIN MSG (character)

Included when parameter inclUncertain=TRUE.

In case the phase cannot be confidently matched during the filtering of data, the column contains an indication of the reason.

If any uncertainties have been identified for individual subjects included in pools for pooled finding rows, all messages for subjects per pool/findings are merged together and reported as one message per pool/finding.

Is NA for rows where phase can be confidently matched.

A non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG values which may exist in the input set of findings specified in findings - separated by 'l'.

• NOT_VALID_MSG (character)

Included when parameter noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

In case the phase cannot be confidently decided, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where phase can be confidently decided.

A non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG values which may exist in the input set of findings findings - separated by 'l'.

Examples

getFindingsSubjAge

Add the subject age at finding time - and optionally extract the set of findings within a specified range of age.

Description

Returns a data table with the set of findings rows included in the findings where the age of subjects at finding time is within the interval specified in fromAge to fromAge.

If the fromAge and fromAge are empty (null, na or empty string), all rows from findings are returned.

Usage

```
getFindingsSubjAge(
  dbToken,
  findings,
  animalList,
  fromAge = NULL,
```

```
toAge = NULL,
inclUncertain = FALSE,
noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

dbToken

Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

findings

Mandatory, data.table.

A table with the set of input finding rows to process.

The table must include at least columns named

- STUDYID
- USUBJID
- DOMAIN
- [domain]SEQ
- [domain]DY
- [domain]DTC

where [domain] is the name of the actual findings domain - e.g. LBSEQ, LBDY and LBDTC

animalList

Mandatory, data.table.

A data with the set of animals included in the findings table (may contain more animals than included in findings).

The data set must contain at least these columns returned by the function get-ControlSubj

- STUDYID
- USUBJID
- RFSTDTC
- DM_AGEDAYS
- NO_AGE_MSG

fromAge

Optional, character

The start of age interval to extract.

Must be in a string in this format:

[value][age unit] where [age unit] is one of

- d, day, days
- w, week, weeks
- m, month, months
- y, year, years

The unit is case-insensitive, space(s) between age value and unit is allowed.

toAge

Optional. character

The start of age interval to extract.

Must be in a string in in the same format as described for fromAge.

inclUncertain Mandatory, boolean.

Only relevant if the from Age and/or to Age is/are not empty.

Indicates whether finding rows for which the age at finding time cannot be confidently identified, shall be included or not in the output data table.

noFilterReportUncertain

Optional, boolean.

Only relevant if the from Age and to Age are empty.

Indicates if the reason should be included if the age at finding time cannot be confidently decided for an animal.

Details

In both situation, the subject age at finding time is calculated into an additional column AGEDAYS for each row in findings combined with the the additional input data.table animalList using this algorithm:

- Determine the number of study days between study start and findings
 - if findings.[domain]DY is populated
 - * If findings.[domain]DY > 0 then use findings.[domain]DY 1
 - * Else use findings.[domain]DY
 - Else If findings. [domain]DTC is populated compute animalList.RFSTDTC findings. [domain]DTC in days

where animalList.RFSTDTC is each subject's reference start date (DM.RFSTDTC)

- Animal age at time of finding is then calculated as animalList.AGEDAYS + [study days between study start and findings]
 - where animalList.AGEDAYS is the subject age at reference start date(calculated during extraction of control subjects in getControlSubj.
- For pooled findings rows i.e. POOLID is populated instead of USUBJID the animal age at time of finding is calculated per animal included in the each pool and finding.
 - If all calculated ages are equal within a pool and finding, the calculated age is populated for this pool/finding.
 - If all calculated ages are within the same time internal (2 days) within a pool and finding, the minimum calculated age plus 1 day is populated for this pool/finding.

If both fromAge and toAge values are specified - all the rows from the input table findings where value of the calculated AGEDYAS is within the interval of the specified start/end age interval are returned - including the values equal to the start/end age values.

If only a fromAge value is specified - all the rows from the input table findings where value of AGEDYAS equal to or greater than the input age are returned.

If only a toAge value is specified - all the rows from input table findings where value of AGE-DAYS is equal to or less than the input age are extracted and returned. The input age value(s) is/are converted to days before extraction of rows from the input data tables using the input value(s) as filter - using this conversion:

• DAYS

• WEEKS : value * 7

• MONTHS: value * 365/12

• YEARS: value * 365

If input parameter inclUncertain=TRUE, findings rows where the age at finding time cannot be confidently identified are included in the output set. These uncertain situations are identified and reported (in column UNCERTAIN_MSG):

- No age at reference time has been calculated for subject (animalList.AGEDAYS)
- Reference start time is missing or contains invalid ISO8601 date value for subject (animalList.RFSTDTC).
- Missing [domain]DY value and missing or invalid ISO8601 date [domain]DTC value for finding
- For pooled findings:
 - More than two days between minimum and maximum of animalList.AGEDAYS for the set of animals in a pool.
 - Different values in animalList.RFSTDTC for the set of animals in a pool.

The same checks are performed and reported in column NOT_VALID_MSG if fromAge and fromAge are empty and noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE.

Value

The function returns a data table with columns in this order:

- All columns contained in the findings input table (original order except optional UNCERTAIN_MSG and NOT_VALID_MSG)
- AGEDAYS (character)

The subject age at finding time calculated in days. Is NA if thge age cannot be confidently calculated.

• UNCERTAIN_MSG (character)

Included when parameter inclUncertain=TRUE.

In case the age at finding time cannot be confidently matched during the filtering of data, the column contains an indication of the reason.

If any uncertainties have been identified for individual subjects included in pools for pooled finding rows, one message for is reported per pool/finding.

Is NA for rows where the age at finding time can be confidently matched.

A non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG values which may exist in the input set of findings specified in findings - separated by 'l'.

• NOT_VALID_MSG (character)

Included when parameter noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

In case the age at finding time cannot be confidently calculated, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where age at finding time can be confidently calculated.

A non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG values which may exist in the input set of findings findings - separated by 'l'.

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Examples

getStudiesSDESIGN

Extract a list of SEND studies with a specified study design - or just add actual study design for each study.

Description

Returns a data table with the list of study ids from TS where the value of TSVAL for the TSPARMCD 'SDESIGN' is equal to a given study design.

If the studyDesignFilter is empty (null, na or empty string) - all rows for the TSPARMCD 'SDE-SIGN' are returned.

Usage

```
getStudiesSDESIGN(
  dbToken,
  studyList = NULL,
  studyDesignFilter = NULL,
  exclusively = TRUE,
  inclUncertain = FALSE,
  noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory.

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

studyList Optional, data.table.

A table with the list of studies to process. If empty, all studies in the data base

are processed

The table must include at least a column named 'STUDYID'

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studyDesignFilter

Mandatory, character. The study design to use as criterion for filtering of the study id values. It can be a single string, a vector or a list of multiple strings.

exclusively Mandatory, boolean.

• TRUE: Include studies only for studies with no other study design(s) than

• FALSE: Include all studies with study design matching studyDesignFilter.

inclUncertain

Mandatory, boolean.

Indicates whether study ids with SDESIGN value which are is missing or wrong shall be included or not in the output data table.

noFilterReportUncertain

Mandatory, boolean

Only relevant if the studyDesignFilter is empty.

included in studyDesignFilter.

Indicates if the reason should be included if the SDESIGN cannot be confidently decided for an animal.

Details

Extracts the set of studies from TS where the value of TSVAL for the TSPARMCD 'SDESIGN' is equal to a given study design.

The comparison of study design values are done case insensitive.

If a data table with a list of studies is specified in studyList, only the subset of studies included in that set is processed.

If input parameter inclUncertain=TRUE, uncertain animals are included in the output set. These uncertain situations are identified and reported (in column UNCERTAIN_MSG):

- · without any row for TSPARMCD='SDESIGN' or
- TSVAL doesn't contain a value included in the CDISC CT list 'DESIGN' for TSPARMCD='SDESIGN' (case insensitive comparison)

The same checks are performed and reported in column NOT_VALID_MSG if studyDesignFilter is empty and noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

Value

The function returns a data table with columns:

- STUDYID (character)
- Additional columns contained in the studyList table (if such an input table is given)
- SDESIGN (character)

If multiple TSPARMCD 'SDESIGN' values are extratced for a studies, all the values are merged into a comma separated string.

• UNCERTAIN MSG (character)

Included when parameter inclUncertain=TRUE.

Contains indication of whether STSTDTC is missing of has wrong format.

Is NA for rows where SDESIGN is valid.

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A non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG values which may exist in the optional input set of studies specified in studyList - separated by 'l'.

• NOT_VALID_MSG (character)

Included when parameter noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

In case the SDESIGN cannot be confidently decided, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where SDESIGN can be confidently decided.

A non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG values which may exist in the input set of studies specified in studyList - separated by 'l'.

Examples

```
## Not run:
GetStudyListSDESIGN(myDbToken, 'PARALLEL')
## End(Not run)
```

getStudiesSTSTDTC

Extract a list of SEND studies with study start date within a specified interval - or just add actual study start date for each study

Description

Returns a data table with the list of study ids from TS where the value of TSVAL for the TSPARMCD 'STSTDTC' is within a a given date interval.

If the from DTC and to DTC are empty (null, na or empty string)

• all rows for the TSPARMCD 'STSTDTC' are returned.

Usage

```
getStudiesSTSTDTC(
  dbToken,
  studyList = NULL,
  fromDTC = NULL,
  toDTC = NULL,
  inclUncertain = FALSE,
  noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory.

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

getStudiesSTSTDTC 23

studyList Optional.

A data.table with the list of studies to process. If empty, all studies in the data

base are processed

The table must include at least a column named 'STUDYID'.

fromDTC Optional (either or both of fromDTC and toDTC must be filled).

The start of the date interval to extract - must be in ISO8601 date format.

toDTC Optional (either or both of fromDTC and toDTC must be filled).

The end of the date interval to extract - must be in ISO8601 date format.

inclUncertain Mandatory, boolean.

Indicates whether study ids with STSTDTC which are are missing or wrong

shall be included or not in the output data table.

noFilterReportUncertain

Mandatory, boolean

Only relevant if the fromDTC andtoDTC are empty.

Indicates if the reason should be included if the STSTDTC cannot be confidently

decided for an animal.

Details

Extracts the set of study ids from TS where the value of TSVAL for the TSPARMCD 'STSTDTC' falls within a specified start/end date interval in IS8601 format (input parameters fromDTC/toDTC).

Both complete and incomplete input start/end dates can be handled.

- If only a year is specified the date set to the first of January that year.
- If only a year and month is specified the date set to the first day in that month.
- If a time part is included in a specified input start/end date, it is ignored.

If both a start and end input date are specified - all the STUDYID values from TS where TSVAL for TSPARMCD 'STSTDTC' is with the interval of the specified start/end date interval are extracted and returned - including the values equal to the start/end dates. are included.

If only a start input date is specified - all the STUDYID values from TS where TSVAL for TSPARMCD 'STSTDTC' is equal to or later than the input date are extracted and returned.

If only an end date is specified - all the STUDYID values from TS where TSVAL for TSPARMCD 'STSTDTC' is equal to or earlier than the are date are extracted and returned.

If a data table with a list of studies is specified in studyList, only the subset of studies included in that set is processed.

If input inclUncertain is TRUE, uncertain studies are included in the output set. These uncertain situations are identified and reported (in column UNCERTAIN MSG):

- TS contains now row for TSPARMCD='STSTDTC'
- TSVAL contains an invalid ISO8601 date format for TSPARMCD='STSTDTC'

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The same checks are performed and reported in column NOT_VALID_MSG if fromDTC and toDTC are empty and noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

Value

The function return a data.table with columns:

- STUDYID (character)
- Additional columns contained in the studyList table (if such an input table is given)
- STSTDTC (character ISO8601 format)
- UNCERTAIN MSG (character)

Only included when parameter inclUncertain=TRUE.

Contains indication of whether STSTDTC is missing of has wrong format.

Is NA for rows where SDESIGN is valid.

A non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG values which may exist in the optional input set of studies specified in studyList - separated by 'l'.

• NOT_VALID_MSG (character)

Included when parameter noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

In case the STSTDTC cannot be confidently decided, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where STSTDTC can be confidently decided.

A non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG values which may exist in the input set of studies specified in studyList - separated by 'l'.

Examples

```
## Not run:
GetStudyListSTSTDTC(myDbToken, allSTudies, '2018','2020')
## End(Not run)
```

getSubjData

Extract data from a subject level domain.

Description

Extracts and returns all rows from the specified domain for the set of subjects included in animalList.

Usage

```
getSubjData(dbToken, animalList, domain, colList = NULL)
```

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Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

animalList Mandatory, data.table.

A table with the list of animals to be included in the output data.

The table must include at least columns named 'STUDYID' and 'USUBJID'.

domain Mandatory, character, not case sensitive.

The name of the domain table to extract data from.

The name must be a subject level domain - i.e. a table including a 'USUBJID'

column.

colList Optional, character, not case sensitive.

The list of columns to be extracted from the specified domain table.

It can be a single string, a vector or a list of multiple strings.

Value

The function returns a data.table with all the rows for the animals included in animalList. If no columns have been specified in colList, all the columns in the table colList are included. If a list of columns have been specified in colList, these are included. In addition, a set of columns are always included, whether they are included in colList or not:

- To ensure each row can be uniquely identified:
 - DOMAIN
 - STUDYID
 - USUBJID
 - POOLID (if it exists)
 - domainSEQ (if it exists)
- For finding tables to support age calculation and evaluation of study phase:
 - domainDTC
 - domainDY

The order of the columns are as they are defined for the domain in the SEND IG. The data table contains both

- subject level data i.e. rows where USUBJID is not empty
- if applicable for the domain, pool level data i.e. rows where POOLID is not empty.

 In this case, all pools, which includes any of the subjects included in animalList, are included

Examples

26 getSubjRoute

getSubjRoute

Extract the set of animals of the specified route of administration - or just add actual route of administration for each animal.

Description

Returns a data table with the set of animals included in the animalList matching the route of administration specified in the routeFilter.

If the routeFilter is empty (null, na or empty string) - all rows from animalList are returned with an additional populated ROUTE column.

Usage

```
getSubjRoute(
  dbToken,
  animalList,
  routeFilter = NULL,
  exclusively = FALSE,
  matchAll = FALSE,
  inclUncertain = FALSE,
  noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

animalList Mandatory, data.table.

A table with the list of animals to process.

The table must include at least columns named 'STUDYID' and 'USUBJID'.

routeFilter Optional, character.

The route of administration value(s) to use as criterion for filtering of the input

data table.

It can be a single string, a vector or a list of multiple strings.

exclusively Mandatory if routeFilter is non empty, boolean.

 TRUE: Include animals only for studies with no other routes then included in routeFilter.

• FALSE: Include animals for all studies with route matching routeFilter.

matchAll Mandatory if routeFilter is non empty, boolean.

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 TRUE: Include animals only for studies with route(s) matching all values in routeFilter.

• FALSE: Include animals for all studies with route matching at least one value in routeFilter.

inclUncertain Mandatory if routeFilter is non empty, boolean,.

Indicates whether animals for which the route cannot be confidently identified shall be included or not in the output data table.

noFilterReportUncertain

Mandatory if routeFilter is empty, boolean

Only relevant if the routeFilter is empty.

Indicates if the reason should be included if the route cannot be confidently decided for an animal.

Details

The route of administration per animal are identified by a hierarchical lookup in these domains

- EX If a distinct not empty EXROUTE value is found for animal, this is included in the output.
- TS if a distinct TS parameter 'ROUTE' value exists for the study, this is included in the output.

The comparison of route values is done case insensitive and trimmed for leading/trailing blanks.

If input parameter inclUncertain=TRUE, uncertain animals are included in the output set. These uncertain situations are identified and reported (in column UNCERTAIN_MSG):

- TS parameter ROUTE is missing for study and no EX rows contain a EXROUTE value for the animal
- The selected EXROUTE or TS parameter ROUTE value is invalid (not CT value CDISC SEND code list ROUTE)
- Multiple EXROUTE values have been found for the animal
- Multiple TS parameter ROUTE values are registered for study but no EX rows contain a EXROUTE value for the animal
- The found EXROUTE value for animal is not included in the TS parameter ROUTE value(s) registered for study

The same checks are performed and reported in column NOT_VALID_MSG if routeFilter is empty and noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

Value

The function returns a data.table with columns:

- STUDYID (character)
- · Additional columns contained in the animalList table
- ROUTE (character)

The value is always returned in uppercase and trimmed for leading/trailing blanks.

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• UNCERTAIN_MSG (character)

Included when parameter inclUncertain=TRUE.

In case the ROUTE cannot be confidently matched during the filtering of data, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where ROUTE can be confidently matched.

A non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG values which may exist in the input set of animals specified in animalList - separated by 'l'.

• NOT_VALID_MSG (character)

Included when parameter noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

In case the ROUTE cannot be confidently decided, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where the ROUTE can be confidently decided.

A non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG values which may exist in the input set of animals animalList - separated by 'l'.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Extract animals administered oral or oral gavage plus uncertain animals
getSubjRoute(dbToken, controlAnimals,
             routeFilter = c('ORAL', 'ORAL GAVAGE'),
             inclUncertain = TRUE)
# Extract animals administered oral or oral gavage.
# Do only include studies which include both route values
getSubjRoute(dbToken, controlAnimals,
             routeFilter = c('ORAL', 'ORAL GAVAGE'),
             matchAll = TRUE)
# Extract animals administered subcutaneous.
# Include only animals from studies which do not contain other route values
getSubjRoute(dbToken, controlAnimals,
             routeFilter = 'subcutaneous',
             exclusively = TRUE)
# No filtering, just add ROUTE - do not include messages when
# these values cannot be confidently found
getSubjRoute(dbToken, controlAnimals,
             noFilterReportUncertain = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

getSubjSex

Extract the set of animals of the specified sex - or just add the sex of each animal.

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Description

Returns a data table with the set of animals included in the animalList of the sex specified in the sexFilter.

If the sexFilter is empty (null, na or empty string) - all rows from animalList are returned with the an additional populated SEX column.

Usage

```
getSubjSex(
  dbToken,
  animalList,
  sexFilter = NULL,
  inclUncertain = FALSE,
  noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

dbToken

Mandatory
Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

animalList

Mandatory, data.table.
A table with the list of animals to process.
The table must include at least columns named 'STUDYID' and 'USUBJID'.

sexFilter

Optional, character.
The sex value criterion to be used for filtering of the list of animals.

The sex value criterion to be used for filtering of the list of animals.

It can be a single string, a vector or a list of multiple strings.

inclUncertain Mandatory, boolean.

Indicates whether animals for which the sex cannot be confidently identified

shall be included or not in the output data table.

noFilterReportUncertain

Mandatory, boolean.

Only relevant if the sexFilter is empty.

Indicates if the reason should be included if the sex cannot be confidently de-

cided for an animal.

Details

The sex value is decided from the DM.SEX variable.

The comparison of DM.SEX with the given value(s) in sexFilter is done case-insensitive.

If input parameter inclUncertain=TRUE, uncertain animals are included in the output set. These uncertain situations are identified and reported (in column UNCERTAIN_MSG):

• The DM.SEX value is empty or invalid (not CT value - CDISC codelist SEX - case insensitive comparison)

The same checks are performed and reported in column NOT_VALID_MSG if sexFilter is empty and noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

getSubjSpeciesStrain

Value

The function returns a data.table with columns:

- STUDYID (character)
- · Additional columns contained in the animalList table
- SEX (character)
- UNCERTAIN_MSG (character)

Included when parameter inclUncertain=TRUE.

In case the sex cannot be confidently matched during the filtering of data, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where SEX can be confidently matched.

A non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG values which may exist in the input set of animals specified in animalList - separated by 'l'.

• NOT_VALID_MSG (character)

Included when parameter noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

In case the sex cannot be confidently decided, the column contains an indication of the reason. Is NA for rows where sex can be confidently decided.

A non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG values which may exist in the input set of animals animalList - separated by 'l'.

Examples

Description

Returns a data table with the set of animals included in the animalList matching the species and strain specified in the speciesFilter and strainFilter.

If the speciesFilter and strainFilter are empty (null, na or empty string) - all rows from animalList are returned with additional populated SPECIES and STRAIN columns.

Usage

```
getSubjSpeciesStrain(
  dbToken,
  animalList,
  speciesFilter = NULL,
```

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```
strainFilter = NULL,
inclUncertain = FALSE,
exclusively = FALSE,
noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE)
```

Arguments

dbToken Mandatory

Token for the open database connection (see initEnvironment).

animalList Mandatory, data.table.

A table with the list of animals to process.

The table must include at least columns named 'STUDYID' and 'USUBJID'.

speciesFilter Optional, character.

The species value(s) to use as criterion for filtering of the input data table.

It can be a single string, a vector or a list of multiple strings.

strainFilter Optional, character.

The strain value(s) to use as criterion for filtering of the input data table.

It is only valid to specify value(s) if one or more values have been specified for

parameter speciesFilter

It can be a single string, a vector or a list of multiple strings. When multiple values are specified for speciesFilter, each strain value must be prefixed by

species and ':', e.g. c('RAT:WISTAR', 'DOG: BEAGLE'). There may be included any number of blanks after ':'

inclUncertain Mandatory, boolean.

Indicates whether animals for which the species or strain cannot be confidently

identified shall be included or not in the output data table.

exclusively Mandatory, boolean.

• TRUE: Include animals only for studies with no other species and optional strains then included in speciesFilter and strainFilter

• FALSE: Include animals for all studies with species and strain matching speciesFilter and strainFilter respectively.

noFilterReportUncertain

Optional, boolean.

Only relevant if the speciesFilter and strainFilter are empty.

Indicates if the reason should be included if the species or strain cannot be con-

fidently decided for an animal.

Details

The species and strain per animal respectively are identified by a hierarchical lookup in these domains

- DM If the DM.SPECIES (DM.STRAIN) isn't empty, this value is included in the output.
- TX if a TX parameter 'SPECIES' ('STRAIN') exists for the group related to the animal, the TXVAL value for this is included in the output.

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• TS - if a TS parameter 'SPECIES' ('STRAIN') exists, this is included in the output.

The comparisons of species/strain values is done case insensitive and trimmed for leading/trailing blanks.

If input parameter inclUncertain=TRUE, uncertain animals are included in the output set. These uncertain situations are identified and reported for SPECIES and STRAIN respectively (in column UNCERTAIN MSG):

- TS parameter SPECIES/STRAIN is missing or invalid (not CT value CDISC SEND code list SPECIES/STRAIN) and TX parameter SPECIES/STRAIN is missing or invalid (not CT value) and DM.SPECIES/STRAIN is missing or invalid (not CT value)
- Different values of SPECIES/STRAIN across TS, TX and DM for studies where no or only one TS parameter SPECIES/STRAIN is registered
- Multiple TS parameter SPECIES/STRAIN values are registered for study and TX parameter SPECIES/STRAIN and/or DM.SPECIES/STRAIN do not match any of the TS values.
- Multiple TS parameter SPECIES/STRAIN values are registered for study and TX parameter SPECIES/STRAIN and DM.SPECIES/STRAIN are unequal.

The same checks are performed and reported in column NOT_VALID_MSG if speciesFilter and strainFilter are empty and noFilterReportUncertain=TRUE.

Value

The function returns a data.table with columns:

- STUDYID (character)
- Additional columns contained in the animalList table
- SPECIES (character) The value is always returned in uppercase and trimmed for leading/trailing blanks.
- STRAIN (character) The value is always returned in uppercase and trimmed for leading/trailing blanks.
- UNCERTAIN_MSG (character)

Included when parameter inclUncertain=TRUE.

In case the species or strain cannot be confidently matched during the filtering of data, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where species and strain can be confidently matched.

A non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty UNCERTAIN_MSG values which may exist in the input set of animals specified in animalList - separated by 'l'.

• NOT_VALID_MSG (character)

 $Included \ when \ parameter \ noFilter Report Uncertain = TRUE.$

In case the species or strain cannot be confidently decided, the column contains an indication of the reason.

Is NA for rows where species and strain can be confidently decided.

A non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG value generated by this function is merged with non-empty NOT_VALID_MSG values which may exist in the input set of animals animalList - separated by 'l'.

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Examples

```
## Not run:
# Extract rats and mice plus uncertain animals
getSubjSpeciesStrain(dbToken, controlAnimals,
                     speciesFilter = c('RAT', 'MOUSE'),
                     inclUncertain = TRUE)
# Extract Spargue-Dawley rats plus uncertain animals.
# Include only animals from studies which do not contain other species or
# strains
getSubjSpeciesStrain(dbToken, controlAnimals,
                     speciesFilter = 'RAT',
                     strainFilter = 'SPRAGUE-DAWLEY',
                     inclUncertain = TRUE,
                     exclusively = TRUE,
                     noFilterReportUncertain = TRUE)
# Extract Wistar rats and and Beagle dogs - and no uncertain animals
getSubjSpeciesStrain(dbToken, controlAnimals,
                     speciesFilter = c('RAT', 'DOG'),
                     strainFilter = c('RAT: WISTAR', 'DOG: BEAGLE'))
\mbox{\#} No filtering, just add SPECIES and STRAIN - do not include messages when
# these values cannot be confidently found
getSubjSpeciesStrain(dbToken, controlAnimals,
                     noFilterReportUncertain = FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

getTabColLabels

Get labels for columns in a data.table

Description

Get labels for columns in a data.table

Usage

```
getTabColLabels(table)
```

Arguments

table

Mandatory

The data.table to get column labels for

Value

A named vector with each column/label pair. If a column have no defined label, the label is 'na'

34 initEnvironment

Examples

```
## Not run:
colLabels = getTabColLabels(controlAnimalsAll)
## End(Not run)
```

initEnvironment

Initialize the environment.

Description

Open or create a SEND database and return a token for the open database connection.

Usage

```
initEnvironment(
  dbType = NULL,
  dbPath = NULL,
  dbCreate = FALSE,
  dbUser = NULL,
  dbPwd = NULL,
  dbSchema = NULL,
  ctFile = NULL
```

Arguments

dbType Mandatory, character

The type of database, valid values (case insensitive):

• 'sqlite'

• 'oracle'

dbPath Mandatory, character

The path to the database (path to file or another kind of db reference)

dbCreate Mandatory, boolean

If TRUE, a new database is to be created - this is only valid for dbType 'sqlite'

dbUser Mandatory, character - if login credentials are required for the specific db type

The user name to be used for login to database.

dbPwd Mandatory, character - if login credentials are required for the specific db type

The password to be used for login to database.

dbSchema Optional, character

The table owner of the SEND table in the specific database.

This parameter is only relevant to specify if it is necessary to prefix table names

with schema in SQL statements i the database.

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ctFile Optional, character.

Name (full path) of CDISC CT file in Excel xls format to be imported. Only relevant to use if another CDISC CT version than the version included in packages is wanted.

Details

If the function is executed with parameter dbCreate=FALSE (default), a connection to the specified database is opened. Dependent of the type of database (parameter dbType), a login using specified user credentials (parameters dbUser and dbPwd) may be done.

The database must contain a set of tables representing the SEND domains compliant with SEND IG version 3.0 and/on 3.1.

If the function is executed with parameter dbCreate=TRUE, an empty database is created and opened. This is only supported for a SQLite database, i.e. parameter dbType='sqlite'. The SEND domain tables may then be created by execution of the function dbCreateSchema.

Besides the open database connection, a set of CDISC SEND controlled terminology values are imported. If parameter ctFile is specified with a path to an Excel file containing a CDISC SEND ct version downloaded from https://evs.nci.nih.gov/ftp1/CDISC/SEND/, the content from this file is imported and used by some of the package's functions. Else a set of CDISC SEND CT values which are included in the packages is used by the package's functions. It's the newest CDISC SEND CT version at the time of the build of the current version of the package which is included.

Value

The function returns a token which is a data structure describing the open database connection. This token must be given as input parameter to all functions accessing the actual database.

Examples

36 standardize_file

 $standardize_file$

Standardizes SEND xpt files using CDISC controlled terminologies

Description

Standardizes SEND xpt files using CDISC controlled terminologies

Usage

```
standardize_file(input_xpt_dir, output_xpt_dir, json_file)
```

Arguments

input_xpt_dir Mandatory.

input folder name with xpt files under the folder.

output_xpt_dir Mandatory.

output folder name for writing the cleaned xpt files.

json_file Mandatory.

json filename used for mapping.

Value

No return value, called for side effects

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