

# Package ‘seminr’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Building and Estimating Structural Equation Models

**Version** 2.3.6

**Date** 2025-07-15

**Description** A powerful, easy to use syntax for specifying and estimating complex Structural Equation Models. Models can be estimated using Partial Least Squares Path Modeling or Covariance-Based Structural Equation Modeling or covariance based Confirmatory Factor Analysis. Methods described in Ray, Danks, and Valdez (2021).

**Imports** parallel, lavaan, glue, knitr, testthat, rmarkdown, DiagrammeR (>= 1.0.6), DiagrammeRsvg (>= 0.1), webp

**License** GPL-3

**Depends** R (>= 4.1.0)

**LazyData** TRUE

**URL** <https://github.com/sem-in-r/seminr>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/sem-in-r/seminr/issues>

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**Enhances** rsvg (>= 2.1), semPlot, vdiff, seminrExtras

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**Encoding** UTF-8

**NeedsCompilation** no

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---

|               |                                                                                                            |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| as.reflective | <i>Converts all constructs of a measurement model, or just a single construct into reflective factors.</i> |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Converts all constructs of a measurement model, or just a single construct into reflective factors.

**Usage**

```
as.reflective(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- x                    A measurement model defined by [constructs](#) or a single composite construct defined by [composite](#)
- ...                  Any further parameters for the specific construct.

**Value**

A list of reflective constructs.

**See Also**

[as.reflective.measurement\\_model](#), [as.reflective.construct](#)

**Examples**

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(  
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),  
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),  
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2))  
)  
  
new_mm <- as.reflective(mobi_mm)
```

---

`as.reflective.construct`*Converts a construct of a measurement model into a reflective factor.*

---

## Description

Converts a construct of a measurement model into a reflective factor.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'construct'  
as.reflective(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                  |                                                                                                                                |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>   | A measurement model defined by <a href="#">constructs</a> or a single composite construct defined by <a href="#">composite</a> |
| <code>...</code> | Any further parameters for the specific construct.                                                                             |

## Value

A list of reflective constructs.

## See Also

[as.reflective.measurement\\_model](#)

## Examples

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(  
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),  
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),  
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2))  
)  
  
new_mm <- as.reflective(mobi_mm)
```

---

`as.reflective.interaction`*Converts interaction of a measurement model into a reflective factors.*

---

## Description

Converts interaction of a measurement model into a reflective factors.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'interaction'  
as.reflective(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                  |                                                                                                                                |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>   | A measurement model defined by <a href="#">constructs</a> or a single composite construct defined by <a href="#">composite</a> |
| <code>...</code> | Any further parameters for the specific construct.                                                                             |

## Value

A list of reflective constructs.

## See Also

[as.reflective.measurement\\_model](#)

## Examples

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(  
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),  
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),  
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2))  
)  
  
new_mm <- as.reflective(mobi_mm)
```

---

```
as.reflective.measurement_model
```

*Converts all constructs of a measurement model, or just a single construct into reflective factors.*

---

## Description

Converts all constructs of a measurement model, or just a single construct into reflective factors.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'measurement_model'  
as.reflective(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

|     |                                                                                                                                |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x   | A measurement model defined by <a href="#">constructs</a> or a single composite construct defined by <a href="#">composite</a> |
| ... | Any further parameters for the specific construct.                                                                             |

## Value

A list of reflective constructs.

## See Also

[as.reflective.construct](#)

## Examples

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(  
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),  
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),  
  composite("Value",       multi_items("PERV", 1:2))  
)  
  
new_mm <- as.reflective(mobi_mm)
```

---

|              |                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| associations | <i>Specifies inter-item covariances that should be supplied to CBSEM estimation (<a href="#">estimate_cbsem</a>) or CFA estimation (<a href="#">estimate_cfa</a>)</i> |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Specifies inter-item covariances that should be supplied to CBSEM estimation ([estimate\\_cbsem](#)) or CFA estimation ([estimate\\_cfa](#))

### Usage

```
associations(...)
```

### Arguments

... One or more associations defined by [item\\_errors](#)

### Value

A matrix of items that covary.

### Examples

```
covaries <- associations(
  item_errors(c("a1", "a2"), c("b1", "b2")),
  item_errors("a3", "c3")
)
```

---

|                 |                                       |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| bootstrap_model | <i>semnr bootstrap_model Function</i> |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

---

### Description

The semnr package provides a natural syntax for researchers to describe PLS structural equation models. `bootstrap_model` provides the verb for bootstrapping a pls model from the model parameters and data.

### Usage

```
bootstrap_model(semnr_model, nboot = 500, cores = NULL, seed = NULL, ...)
```



**Arguments**

|              |                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| seminr_model | A fully estimated model with associated data, measurement model and structural model                                                 |
| nboot        | A parameter specifying the number of bootstrap iterations to perform, default value is 500. If 0 then no bootstrapping is performed. |
| cores        | A parameter specifying the maximum number of cores to use in the parallelization.                                                    |
| seed         | A parameter to specify the seed for reproducibility of results. Default is NULL.                                                     |
| ...          | A list of parameters passed on to the estimation method.                                                                             |

**Value**

A list of the estimated parameters for the bootstrapped model including:

|                          |                                                                                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| boot_paths               | An array of the 'nboot' estimated bootstrap sample path coefficient matrices.  |
| boot_loadings            | An array of the 'nboot' estimated bootstrap sample item loadings matrices.     |
| boot_weights             | An array of the 'nboot' estimated bootstrap sample item weights matrices.      |
| boot_HTMT                | An array of the 'nboot' estimated bootstrap sample model HTMT matrices.        |
| boot_total_paths         | An array of the 'nboot' estimated bootstrap sample model total paths matrices. |
| paths_descriptives       | A matrix of the bootstrap path coefficients and standard deviations.           |
| loadings_descriptives    | A matrix of the bootstrap item loadings and standard deviations.               |
| weights_descriptives     | A matrix of the bootstrap item weights and standard deviations.                |
| HTMT_descriptives        | A matrix of the bootstrap model HTMT and standard deviations.                  |
| total_paths_descriptives | A matrix of the bootstrap model total paths and standard deviations.           |

**References**

Hair, J. F., Hult, G. T. M., Ringle, C. M., and Sarstedt, M. (2017). A Primer on Partial Least Squares Structural Equation Modeling (PLS-SEM), 2nd Ed., Sage: Thousand Oaks.

**See Also**

[relationships constructs paths interaction\\_term](#)

**Examples**

```
data(mobi)
# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
```

```

    composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
    composite("Value", multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
    composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
    interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = "Expectation", method = orthogonal),
    interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = "Value", method = orthogonal)
  )

  # structural model: note that name of the interactions construct should be
  # the names of its two main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
  mobi_sm <- relationships(
    paths(to = "Satisfaction",
          from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value",
                  "Image*Expectation", "Image*Value"))
  )

  seminr_model <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
                              measurement_model = mobi_mm,
                              structural_model = mobi_sm)

  # Load data, assemble model, and bootstrap
  boot_seminr_model <- bootstrap_model(seminr_model = seminr_model,
                                       nboot = 50, cores = 2, seed = NULL)

  summary(boot_seminr_model)

```

---

|               |                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| boot_paths_df | <i>Return all path bootstraps as a long dataframe. Columns of the dataframes are specified paths and rows are the estimated coefficients for the paths at each bootstrap iteration.</i> |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Return all path bootstraps as a long dataframe. Columns of the dataframes are specified paths and rows are the estimated coefficients for the paths at each bootstrap iteration.

## Usage

```
boot_paths_df(pls_boot)
```

## Arguments

|          |                        |
|----------|------------------------|
| pls_boot | bootstrapped PLS model |
|----------|------------------------|

## Examples

```

data(mobi)

mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image", multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),

```

```
    composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3))
  )

  mobi_sm <- relationships(
    paths(from = c("Image", "Expectation"), to = "Satisfaction")
  )

  pls_model <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
                           measurement_model = mobi_mm,
                           structural_model = mobi_sm)

  pls_boot <- bootstrap_model(seminr_model = pls_model,
                             nboot = 50, cores = 2, seed = NULL)

  boot_paths_df(pls_boot)
```

---

browse\_plot

*Open Edotor graphViz Website with the preloaded in the Browser*

---

## Description

Open Edotor graphViz Website with the preloaded in the Browser

## Usage

```
browse_plot(model, theme = seminr_theme_get())
```

## Arguments

|       |                          |
|-------|--------------------------|
| model | A SEMinR Model           |
| theme | An optional SEMinR theme |

## Examples

```
## Not run:
browse_plot(model)

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                 |                                                                  |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| check_test_plot | <i>A function to create regression plots (maybe not needed?)</i> |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

A function to create regression plots (maybe not needed?)

**Usage**

```
check_test_plot(plot, title, plot_dir = "regression_plots", refresh = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|          |                                   |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
| plot     | the plot                          |
| title    | a unique title                    |
| plot_dir | optional directory name           |
| refresh  | whether to refresh all test cases |

**Value**

TRUE if plots were the same, FALSE if they did not exist, or failed

---

|           |                                                            |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| composite | <i>Composite construct measurement model specification</i> |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

`composite` creates the composite measurement model matrix for a specific construct, specifying the relevant items of the construct and assigning the relationship of either correlation weights (Mode A) or regression weights (Mode B).

**Usage**

```
composite(construct_name, item_names, weights = correlation_weights)
```

**Arguments**

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| construct_name | of construct                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| item_names     | returned by the <code>multi_items</code> or <code>single_item</code> functions                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| weights        | is the relationship between the construct and its items. This can be specified as <code>correlation_weights</code> or <code>mode_A</code> for correlation weights (Mode A) or as <code>regression_weights</code> or <code>mode_B</code> for regression weights (Mode B). Default is correlation weights. |

**Details**

This function conveniently maps composite defined measurement items to a construct and is estimated using PLS.

**Value**

A vector of the indicators for a composite.

**See Also**

See [constructs](#), [reflective](#)

**Examples**

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5), weights = correlation_weights),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3), weights = mode_A),
  composite("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7), weights = regression_weights),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2), weights = mode_B)
)
```

---

`compute_itcriteria_weights`

*Function to calculate Akaike weights for IT Criteria*

---

**Description**

Function to calculate Akaike weights for IT Criteria

**Usage**

```
compute_itcriteria_weights(vector_of_itcriteria)
```

**Arguments**

`vector_of_itcriteria`

This argument is a vector consisting of the IT criterion estimated value for each model.

---

constructs

*Measurement functions*

---

## Description

constructs creates the constructs from measurement items by assigning the relevant items to each construct and specifying reflective or formative (composite/causal) measurement models

## Usage

```
constructs(...)
```

## Arguments

... Comma separated list of the construct variable measurement specifications, as generated by the `reflective()`, or `composite()` methods.

## Details

This function conveniently maps measurement items to constructs using root name, numbers, and affixes with explicit definition of formative or reflective relationships

## Value

A list of constructs, their indicators and estimation technique (SEMinR measurement model).

## See Also

See [composite](#), [reflective](#)

## Examples

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)
```

corp\_rep\_data

*Measurement Instrument for the Corporate Reputation Model***Description**

The data set is used as measurement instrument for corporate reputation.

**Usage**

corp\_rep\_data

**Format**

A data frame with 344 rows and 46 variables:

**serviceprovider** A categorical variable for the service provider: 1, 2, 3, or 4.

**servicetype** A categorical variable for the service type: 1=Prepaid plan (n=125); 2=Contract plan (n=219).

**csor\_1** The company behaves in a socially conscious way.

**csor\_2** The company is forthright in giving information to the public.

**csor\_3** The company has a fair attitude toward competitors.

**csor\_4** The company is concerned about the preservation of the environment.

**csor\_5** The company is not only concerned about the profits.

**csor\_global** Please assess the extent to which the company acts in socially conscious ways 0 (not at all) to 7 (definitely).

**attr\_1** The company is succesful in attracting high-quality employees.

**attr\_2** I could see myself working at the company.

**attr\_3** I like the physical appearance of the company/buildings/shops, etc.

**attr\_global** Please assess the company's overall attractiveness; 0=very low; 7=very high.

**perf\_1** The company is a very well managed company.

**perf\_2** The company is an economically stable company.

**perf\_3** The business risk for the company is modest compared to its competitors.

**perf\_4** The company has growth potential.

**perf\_5** The company has a clear vision about the future of the company.

**perf\_global** Please assess the company's overall performance; 0=very low; 7=very high.

**qual\_1** The products/services offered by the company are of high quality.

**qual\_2** The company is an innovator, rather than an imitator with respect to industry.

**qual\_3** The company's services/products offer good quality for money.

**qual\_4** The services the company offered are good.

**qual\_5** Customer concerns are held in high regard at the company.

**qual\_6** The company is a reliable partner for customers.

**qual\_7** The company is a trustworthy company.

**qual\_8** I have a lot of respect for the company.

**qual\_global** Please assess the overall quality of the company's activities; 0=very low; 7=very high.

**like\_1** The company is a company that I can better identify with than other companies.

**like\_2** The company is a company that I would regret more not having if it no longer existed than other companies.

**like\_3** I regard the company as a likeable company.

**comp\_1** The company is a top competitor in its market.

**comp\_2** As far as I know, the company is recognized worldwide.

**comp\_3** I believe that the company performs at a premium level.

**cusl\_1** I would recommend the company to friends and relatives.

**cusl\_2** If I had to choose again, I would choose the company as my mobile phone services provider.

**cusl\_3** I will remain a customer of the company in the future.

**cusa** I am satisfied with company.

**age** ?

**education** Categorical for education.

**occupation** Categorical for type of occupation.

**nphh** ?

**sample\_type** ?

**mga\_1** Multi Group Analysis 1.

**mga\_2** Multi Group Analysis 2.

**mga\_3** Multi Group Analysis 3.

**mga\_4** Multi Group Analysis 4.

**switch\_1** It takes me a great deal of time to switch to another company.

**switch\_2** It costs me too much to switch to another company.

**switch\_3** It takes a lot of effort to get used to a new company with its specific "rules" and practices.

**switch\_4** In general, it would be a hassle switching to another company.

## Details

The data frame `mobi` contains the observed data for the model specified by Corporate Reputation.

## References

Hair, J. F., Hult, G. T. M., Ringle, C. M., and Sarstedt, M. (2017). A Primer on Partial Least Squares Structural Equation Modeling (2nd ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

## Examples

```
data("corp_rep_data")
```



---

|                |                                                                           |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| corp_rep_data2 | <i>A Second Measurement Instrument for the Corporate Reputation Model</i> |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

The data set is used as measurement instrument for corporate reputation.

### Usage

corp\_rep\_data2

### Format

A data frame with 347 rows and 49 variables:

**servicetype** A categorical variable for the service type: 1=Postpaid plan; 2=Prepaid plan.

**serviceprovider** A categorical variable for the service provider: 1, 2, 3, or 4.

**cusa** If you consider your experiences with "company", how satisfied are you with "company"?

**cusl\_1** I would recommend "the company" to friends and relatives.

**cusl\_2** If I had to choose again, I would choose "the company" as my mobile phone services provider.

**cusl\_3** I will remain a customer of "the company" in the future.

**qual\_1** The products/services offered by "the company" are of high quality.

**qual\_2** "The company" is an innovator, rather than an imitator with respect to the mobile phone service industry.

**qual\_3** "The company's" services/products offer good quality for money.

**qual\_4** The services "the company" offers are good.

**qual\_5** Customer concerns are held in high regard at "the company".

**qual\_6** "The company" is a reliable partner for customers.

**qual\_7** "The company" is a trustworthy company.

**qual\_8** I have a lot of respect for "the company".

**perf\_1** "The company" is a very well managed company.

**perf\_2** "The company" is an economically stable company.

**perf\_3** The business risk of "the company" is reasonable compared to its competitors.

**perf\_4** The growth of "the company" is promising.

**perf\_5** "The company" has a clear vision about the future of the company.

**csor\_1** "The company" behaves in a socially conscious way.

**csor\_2** "The company" is honest in giving information to the public.

**csor\_3** "The company" competes fairly in the industry.

**csor\_4** "The company" cares for the preservation of the environment.

**csor\_5** "The company" is doing more than just making profits.

**attr\_1** "The company" is succesful in attracting high-quality employees.

**attr\_2** I could see myself working at "the company".

**attr\_3** I like the physical appearance of "the company" (company/buildings/shops, etc.).

**comp\_1** "The company" is a top competitor in its market.

**comp\_2** As far as I know, "the company" is recognized worldwide.

**comp\_3** I believe that "the company" performs at a premium level.

**like\_1** "The company" is a company that I can better identify with than other companies.

**like\_2** When comparing with other companies, "The company" is the company I would regret more if it no longer existed.

**like\_3** I regard "the company" as a likeable company.

**qual\_global** Please assess the general quality of "the company".

**perf\_global** Please assess the general performance of "the company".

**csor\_global** Please assess the extent to which "the company" acts in socially conscious ways.

**attr\_global** Please assess the attractiveness of "the company".

**switch\_1** It takes me a great deal of time to switch to another mobile phone services provider.

**switch\_2** It costs me too much to switch to another mobile phone services provider.

**switch\_3** It takes a lot of effort to get used to a new mobile phone services provider with its specific "rules" and practices.

**switch\_4** In general, it would be a hassle switching to another mobile phone services provider.

## Details

The data frame `mobi` contains the observed data for the model specified by Corporate Reputation.

## References

Sarstedt, M., Hair Jr, J. F., Cheah, J. H., Becker, J. M., & Ringle, C. M. (2019). How to specify, estimate, and validate higher-order constructs in PLS-SEM. *Australasian Marketing Journal (AMJ)*, 27(3), 197-211.

## Examples

```
data("corp_rep_data2")
```

---

|         |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| cor_rsq | <i>Returns R-sq of a dv given correlation matrix of ivs, dv cors &lt;- cbsem_summary\$descriptives\$correlations\$constructs cor_rsq(cors, dv_name = "Value", iv_names = c("Image", "Quality"))</i> |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Returns R-sq of a dv given correlation matrix of ivs, dv cors <- cbsem\_summary\$descriptives\$correlations\$constructs cor\_rsq(cors, dv\_name = "Value", iv\_names = c("Image", "Quality"))

### Usage

```
cor_rsq(cor_matrix, dv_name, iv_names)
```

### Arguments

|            |                                                       |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| cor_matrix | A correlation matrix that includes ivs and dv         |
| dv_name    | Character string of dependent variable                |
| iv_names   | Vector of character strings for independent variables |

---

|             |                                      |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| csem2seminr | <i>seminr csem2seminr() function</i> |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Converts lavaan syntax for composite models used by cSEM package to SEMinR model specifications

### Usage

```
csem2seminr(lav_syntax)
```

### Arguments

|            |                                                                                       |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| lav_syntax | A string specifying the composite model measurement and structure using lavaan syntax |
|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

### Value

A SEMinR model.

### See Also

[estimate\\_pls](#)

**Examples**

```
lav_syntax <- '
# Composite model
Image <~ IMAG1 + IMAG2 + IMAG3 + IMAG4 + IMAG5
Expectation <~ CUEX1 + CUEX2 + CUEX3
Value <~ PERV1 + PERV2
Satisfaction <~ CUSA1 + CUSA2 + CUSA3

# Structural model
Satisfaction ~ Image + Expectation + Value '

csem_model <- estimate_pls(mobi, model = csem2seminr(lav_syntax))
```

---

|                |                                                                                            |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| df_xtab_matrix | <i>Cross-tabulates columns of a dataframe into a matrix with NAs for unspecified pairs</i> |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Cross-tabulates columns of a dataframe into a matrix with NAs for unspecified pairs

**Usage**

```
df_xtab_matrix(model, df, rows, columns)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                                       |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| model   | A formula indicating relevant columns from data frame |
| df      | A data.frame of columns to cross-tabulate             |
| rows    | A vector of row names for the matrix to sort by       |
| columns | A vector of column names for the matrix to sort by    |

**Value**

A cross-tabulated matrix matrix with NAs for unspecified pairs.

---

|                  |                                                         |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| dot_component_mm | <i>Generates the dot code for the measurement model</i> |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Generates the dot code for the measurement model

**Usage**

```
dot_component_mm(model, theme)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                  |
|-------|------------------|
| model | the model to use |
| theme | the theme to use |

---

|           |                                                        |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| dot_graph | <i>Generate a dot graph from various SEMinR models</i> |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

With the help of the DiagrammerR package this dot graph can then be plotted in various in RMark-down, shiny, and other contexts. Depending on the type of model, different parameters can be used.

For a full description of parameters for lavaan models see semPaths method in the semPlot package.

**Usage**

```
dot_graph(model, title = "", theme = NULL, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'cfa_model'
```

```
dot_graph(
  model,
  title = "",
  theme = NULL,
  what = "std",
  whatLabels = "std",
  ...
)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'cbsem_model'
```

```
dot_graph(
  model,
  title = "",
  theme = NULL,
```

```

    what = "std",
    whatLabels = "std",
    ...
)

## S3 method for class 'measurement_model'
dot_graph(model, title = "", theme = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'structural_model'
dot_graph(model, title = "", theme = NULL, ...)

## S3 method for class 'specified_model'
dot_graph(
  model,
  title = "",
  theme = NULL,
  measurement_only = FALSE,
  structure_only = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'boot_seminr_model'
dot_graph(
  model,
  title = "",
  theme = NULL,
  measurement_only = FALSE,
  structure_only = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S3 method for class 'pls_model'
dot_graph(
  model,
  title = "",
  theme = NULL,
  measurement_only = FALSE,
  structure_only = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

### Arguments

|       |                                                                 |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| model | Model created with <code>seminr</code> .                        |
| title | An optional title for the plot                                  |
| theme | Theme created with <a href="#">seminr_theme_create</a> .        |
| ...   | Unused                                                          |
| what  | The metric to use for edges ("path", "est", "std", "eq", "col") |

whatLabels      The metric to use for edge labels  
 measurement\_only  
                  Plot only measurement part  
 structure\_only Plot only structure part

## Details

Current limitations: - Only plots PLS Models - no higher order constructs

## Value

The path model as a formatted string in dot language.

## Examples

```
mobi <- mobi

#seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

#seminr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
  measurement_model = mobi_mm,
  structural_model = mobi_sm)

# adapt nboot for better results
mobi_boot <- bootstrap_model(mobi_pls, nboot = 20, cores = 1)
# generate dot-Notation
res <- dot_graph(mobi_pls, title = "PLS-Model plot")

## Not run:
DiagrammeR::grViz(res)
## End(Not run)

# generate dot-Notation
res <- dot_graph(mobi_boot, title = "Bootstrapped PLS-Model plot")
```

```
## Not run:
DiagrammeR::grViz(res)
## End(Not run)

# - - - - -
# Example for plotting a measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)
dot_graph(mobi_mm, title = "Preview measurement model")
# - - - - -
# Example for plotting a structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)
res <- dot_graph(mobi_sm, title = "Preview structural model")

## Not run:
DiagrammeR::grViz(res)
## End(Not run)
```

---

|                |                                                                                       |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| dot_graph_htmt | <i>Creates a dot string with a network graph of constructs based on HTMT measures</i> |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Using a bootstrapped model this functions shows which constructs show insufficient discriminant validity.

## Usage

```
dot_graph_htmt(
  model,
  title = "HTMT Plot",
  theme = semnr::seminr_theme_get(),
  htmt_threshold = 1,
```



```

    omit_threshold_edges = TRUE,
    use_ci = FALSE
  )

```

### Arguments

|                      |                                                                                                            |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| model                | A bootstrapped PLS-Model                                                                                   |
| title                | Optional title over the plot.                                                                              |
| theme                | Optional theme to use for plotting                                                                         |
| hmt_threshold        | The threshold to use under which constructs are highlighted (default = 1.0)                                |
| omit_threshold_edges | Whether or not to omit constructs that have low HTMT values (default = TRUE)                               |
| use_ci               | Whether or not to rely on the upper threshold of the CI instead of the bootstrapped mean (default = FALSE) |

### Value

Returns a dot string of the plot

---

|                     |                                                              |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| dot_subcomponent_mm | <i>generates the dot code for a subgraph (per construct)</i> |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

generates the dot code for a subgraph (per construct)

### Usage

```
dot_subcomponent_mm(index, model, theme)
```

### Arguments

|       |                            |
|-------|----------------------------|
| index | the index of the construct |
| model | the model to use           |
| theme | the theme to use           |

---

|                       |                                                             |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| edge_template_default | <i>The default template for labeling bootstrapped edges</i> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

The default template for labeling bootstrapped edges

**Usage**

edge\_template\_default()

**Value**

The template string

---

|                       |                                                                                                       |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| edge_template_minimal | <i>A minimal template for labeling bootstrapped edges that only shows the bootstrapped mean value</i> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

A minimal template for labeling bootstrapped edges that only shows the bootstrapped mean value

**Usage**

edge\_template\_minimal()

**Value**

The template string

---

|          |                                     |
|----------|-------------------------------------|
| esc_node | <i>Wrap a text in single quotes</i> |
|----------|-------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Wrap a text in single quotes

**Usage**

esc\_node(x)

**Arguments**

x                    a character string

---

|                |                                        |
|----------------|----------------------------------------|
| estimate_cbsem | <i>semnr estimate_cbsem() function</i> |
|----------------|----------------------------------------|

---

## Description

The `semnr` package provides a natural syntax for researchers to describe structural equation models.

## Usage

```
estimate_cbsem(data, measurement_model = NULL,
               structural_model = NULL, item_associations = NULL,
               model = NULL, lavaan_model = NULL, estimator = "MLR", ...)
```

## Arguments

- |                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>data</code>              | <p>A dataframe containing the indicator measurement data.</p> <p>The entire CBSEM model can be specified in one of three ways:</p> <p>The pair of measurement and structural models, along associated items, can optionally be specified as separate model components</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <code>measurement_model</code> | <p>An optional <code>measurement_model</code> object representing the outer/measurement model, as generated by <code>constructs</code>. Note that only reflective constructs are supported for CBSEM models, though a composite measurement model can be converted into a reflective one using <a href="#">as.reflective</a>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <code>structural_model</code>  | <p>An optional <code>smMatrix</code> object representing the inner/structural model, as generated by <code>relationships</code>.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| <code>item_associations</code> | <p>An item-to-item matrix representing error covariances that are freed for estimation. This matrix is created by <code>associations()</code>, or defaults to <code>NULL</code> (no inter-item associations).</p> <p>The combination of measurement and structural models and inter-item associations can also be specified as a single <code>specified_model</code> object. Note that any given model components (<code>measurement_model</code>, <code>structural_model</code>, <code>item_associations</code>) will override components in the fully specified model.</p> |
| <code>model</code>             | <p>An optional <code>specified_model</code> object containing both the the outer/measurement and inner/structural models, along with any inter-item associations, as generated by <code>specify_model</code>.</p> <p>The entire model can also be specified in <code>Lavaan</code> syntax (this overrides any other specifications)</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <code>lavaan_model</code>      | <p>Optionally, a single character string containing the relevant model specification in <code>lavaan</code> syntax.</p> <p>Any further optional parameters to alter the estimation method:</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| estimator | A character string indicating which estimation method to use in Lavaan. It defaults to "MLR" for robust estimation. See the Lavaan documentation for other supported estimators. |
| ...       | Any other parameters to pass to <code>lavaan::sem</code> during estimation.                                                                                                      |

### Value

A list of the estimated parameters for the CB-SEM model including:

|                   |                                                                  |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| data              | A matrix of the data upon which the model was estimated.         |
| measurement_model | The SEMinR measurement model specification.                      |
| factor_loadings   | The matrix of estimated factor loadings.                         |
| associations      | A matrix of model variable associations.                         |
| mmMatrix          | A Matrix of the measurement model relations.                     |
| smMatrix          | A Matrix of the structural model relations.                      |
| constructs        | A vector of the construct names.                                 |
| construct scores  | A matrix of the estimated construct scores for the CB-SEM model. |
| item_weights      | A matrix of the estimated CFA item weights.                      |
| lavaan_model      | The lavaan model syntax equivalent of the SEMinR model.          |
| lavaan_output     | The raw lavaan output generated after model estimation.          |

### References

Joreskog, K. G. (1973). A general method for estimating a linear structural equation system In: Goldberger AS, Duncan OD, editors. Structural Equation Models in the Social Sciences. New York: Seminar Press.

### See Also

[as.reflective](#) [relationships](#) [constructs](#) [paths](#) [associations](#) [item\\_errors](#)

### Examples

```
mobi <- mobi

#seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints", single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)
```

```

#semnr syntax for freeing up item-item covariances
mobi_am <- associations(
  item_errors(c("PERQ1", "PERQ2"), "IMAG1")
)

#semnr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = c("Image", "Quality"), to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = c("Value", "Satisfaction"), to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

# Estimate model and get results
mobi_cbsem <- estimate_cbsem(mobi, mobi_mm, mobi_sm, mobi_am)

# Use or capture the summary object for more results and metrics
summary(mobi_cbsem)

cbsem_summary <- summary(mobi_cbsem)
cbsem_summary$descriptives$correlations$constructs

```

---

|              |                                      |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| estimate_cfa | <i>semnr estimate_cfa() function</i> |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Estimates a Confirmatory Factor Analysis (CFA) model

## Usage

```
estimate_cfa(data, measurement_model = NULL, item_associations=NULL,
             model = NULL, lavaan_model = NULL, estimator="MLR", ...)
```

## Arguments

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| data              | A dataframe containing the indicator measurement data.<br>The entire CBSEM model can be specified in one of three ways:<br>The pair of measurement and structural models, along associated items, can optionally be specified as separate model components                                        |
| measurement_model | An optional measurement_model object representing the outer/measurement model, as generated by constructs. Note that only reflective constructs are supported for CBSEM models, though a composite measurement model can be converted into a reflective one using <a href="#">as.reflective</a> . |
| item_associations | An item-to-item matrix representing error covariances that are freed for estimation. This matrix is created by associations(), or defaults to NULL (no inter-item associations).                                                                                                                  |

|                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                           | The combination of measurement and structural models and inter-item associations can also be specified as a single <code>specified_model</code> object. Note that any given model components ( <code>measurement_model</code> , <code>structural_model</code> , <code>item_associations</code> ) will override components in the fully specified model. |
| <code>model</code>        | An optional <code>specified_model</code> object containing both the outer/measurement and inner/structural models, along with any inter-item associations, as generated by <code>specify_model</code> .<br>The entire model can also be specified in Lavaan syntax (this overrides any other specifications).                                           |
| <code>lavaan_model</code> | Optionally, a single character string containing the relevant model specification in lavaan syntax.<br>Any further optional parameters to alter the estimation method:                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| <code>estimator</code>    | A character string indicating which estimation method to use in Lavaan. It defaults to "MLR" for robust estimation. See the Lavaan documentation for other supported estimators.                                                                                                                                                                        |
| <code>...</code>          | Any other parameters to pass to <code>lavaan::sem</code> during estimation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

### Value

A list of the estimated parameters for the CFA model including:

|                                |                                                                  |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>data</code>              | A matrix of the data upon which the model was estimated.         |
| <code>measurement_model</code> | The SEMinR measurement model specification.                      |
| <code>construct_scores</code>  | A matrix of the estimated construct scores for the CB-SEM model. |
| <code>item_weights</code>      | A matrix of the estimated CFA item weights.                      |
| <code>lavaan_model</code>      | The lavaan model syntax equivalent of the SEMinR model.          |
| <code>lavaan_output</code>     | The raw lavaan output generated after model estimation.          |

### References

Jöreskog, K.G. (1969) A general approach to confirmatory maximum likelihood factor analysis. *Psychometrika*, 34, 183-202.

### See Also

[constructs](#) [reflective](#) [associations](#) [item\\_errors](#) [as.reflective](#)

```
#' @examples
mobi <- mobi

#seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs( reflective("Image", multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)), reflective("Quality", multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)) )

#seminr syntax for freeing up item-item covariances
mobi_am <- associations( item_errors(c("PERQ1", "PERQ2"), "CUEX3"), item_errors("IMAG1", "CUEX2") )

mobi_cfa <- estimate_cfa(mobi, mobi_mm, mobi_am)
```

---

```
estimate_lavaan_ten_berge
      seminr estimate_lavaan_ten_berge() function
```

---

## Description

Estimates factor scores using ten Berge method for a fitted Lavaan model

## Usage

```
estimate_lavaan_ten_berge(fit)
```

## Arguments

|                  |                                                                                                 |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>fit</code> | A fitted lavaan object – can be extracted from cbesem estimation or from using Lavaan directly. |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## Value

A list with two elements: ten berge scores; weights for calculating scores

## Examples

```
#' #seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints", single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

#seminr syntax for freeing up item-item covariances
mobi_am <- associations(
  item_errors(c("PERQ1", "PERQ2"), "IMAG1")
)

#seminr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = c("Image", "Quality"), to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = c("Value", "Satisfaction"), to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

# Estimate model and get results
cbsem <- estimate_cbsem(mobi, mobi_mm, mobi_sm, mobi_am)
tb <- estimate_lavaan_ten_berge(cbsem$lavaan_output)
tb$scores
tb$weights
```

---

|              |                                       |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| estimate_pls | <i>seminr estimate_pls() function</i> |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Estimates a pair of measurement and structural models using PLS-SEM, with optional estimation methods

## Usage

```
estimate_pls(data,
  measurement_model = NULL, structural_model = NULL, model = NULL,
  inner_weights = path_weighting,
  missing = mean_replacement,
  missing_value = NA,
  maxIt = 300,
  stopCriterion = 7,
  assess_syntax = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| data              | A dataframe containing the manifest measurement items in named columns.<br>The pair of measurement and structural models can optionally be specified as separate model objects                                |
| measurement_model | An optional measurement_model object representing the outer/measurement model, as generated by constructs.                                                                                                    |
| structural_model  | An optional smMatrix object representing the inner/structural model, as generated by relationships.<br>The pair of measurement and structural models can also be specified as a single specified_model object |
| model             | An optional specified_model object containing both the the outer/measurement and inner/structural models, as generated by specify_model.                                                                      |
| inner_weights     | Function that implements inner weighting scheme: path_weighting (default) or path_factorial can be used.                                                                                                      |
| missing           | Function that replaces missing values. mean_replacement is default.                                                                                                                                           |
| missing_value     | Value in dataset that indicates missing values. NA is used by default.                                                                                                                                        |
| maxIt             | A parameter that specifies that maximum number of iterations when estimating the PLS model. Default value is 300.                                                                                             |
| stopCriterion     | A parameter specifying the stop criterion for estimating the PLS model. Default value is 7.                                                                                                                   |
| assess_syntax     | A parameter that specifies whether the measurement and structural model should be assessed for errors. Default value is FALSE.                                                                                |



**Value**

A list of the estimated parameters for the SEMinR model including:

|                   |                                                                                         |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| meanData          | A vector of the indicator means.                                                        |
| sdData            | A vector of the indicator standard deviations                                           |
| mmMatrix          | A Matrix of the measurement model relations.                                            |
| smMatrix          | A Matrix of the structural model relations.                                             |
| constructs        | A vector of the construct names.                                                        |
| mmVariables       | A vector of the indicator names.                                                        |
| outer_loadings    | The matrix of estimated indicator loadings.                                             |
| outer_weights     | The matrix of estimated indicator weights.                                              |
| path_coef         | The matrix of estimated structural model relationships.                                 |
| iterations        | A numeric indicating the number of iterations required before the algorithm converged.  |
| weightDiff        | A numeric indicating the minimum weight difference between iterations of the algorithm. |
| construct_scores  | A matrix of the estimated construct scores for the PLS model.                           |
| rSquared          | A matrix of the estimated R Squared for each construct.                                 |
| inner_weights     | The inner weight estimation function.                                                   |
| data              | A matrix of the data upon which the model was estimated (INcluding interactions).       |
| rawdata           | A matrix of the data upon which the model was estimated (EXcluding interactions).       |
| measurement_model | The SEMinR measurement model specification.                                             |

**See Also**

[specify\\_model](#) [relationships](#) [constructs](#) [paths](#) [interaction\\_term](#) [bootstrap\\_model](#)

**Examples**

```
mobi <- mobi

#seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)
```

```
#semnr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
                        measurement_model = mobi_mm,
                        structural_model = mobi_sm,
                        missing = mean_replacement,
                        missing_value = NA)

summary(mobi_pls)
plot_scores(mobi_pls)
```

---

|                  |                                                                                                  |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| estimate_pls_mga | <i>Performs PLS-MGA to report significance of path differences between two subgroups of data</i> |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Performs PLS-MGA to report significance of path differences between two subgroups of data

## Usage

```
estimate_pls_mga(pls_model, condition, nboot = 2000, ...)
```

## Arguments

|           |                                                                                  |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| pls_model | SEMinR PLS model estimated on the full sample                                    |
| condition | logical vector of TRUE/FALSE indicating which rows of sample data are in group 1 |
| nboot     | number of bootstrap resamples to use in PLS-MGA                                  |
| ...       | any further parameters for bootstrapping (e.g., cores)                           |

## References

Henseler, J., Ringle, C. M. & Sinkovics, R. R. New Challenges to International Marketing. Adv Int Marketing 277–319 (2009) doi:10.1108/s1474-7979(2009)0000020014

**Examples**

```

mobi <- mobi

#semnr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  composite("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  composite("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

#semnr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
  measurement_model = mobi_mm,
  structural_model = mobi_sm,
  missing = mean_replacement,
  missing_value = NA)

# Should usually use nboot ~2000 and don't specify cores for full parallel processing

mobi_mga <- estimate_pls_mga(mobi_pls, mobi$CUEX1 < 8, nboot=50, cores = 2)

```

---

extract\_bootstrapped\_values

*extract bootstrapped statistics from an edge using a row\_index*


---

**Description**

extract bootstrapped statistics from an edge using a row\_index

**Usage**

```
extract_bootstrapped_values(ltbl, row_index, model, theme)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                       |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ltbl      | a table of bootstrapped values (weights, loadings, path coefficients) |
| row_index | the index for the specific edge to extract                            |
| model     | the model to use                                                      |
| theme     | the theme to use                                                      |

---

|                   |                                                                  |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| extract_hmt_nodes | <i>Helper function that applies formatting to each construct</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Helper function that applies formatting to each construct

**Usage**

```
extract_hmt_nodes(model, theme)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                  |
|-------|------------------|
| model | the model to use |
| theme | the theme to use |

**Value**

Returns a string of the structural model in dot notation.

---

|                   |                                                               |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| extract_mm_coding | <i>extracts the constructs and their types from the model</i> |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

extracts the constructs and their types from the model

**Usage**

```
extract_mm_coding(model)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                  |
|-------|------------------|
| model | the model to use |
|-------|------------------|

---

|                  |                                                                        |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| extract_mm_edges | <i>extract mm edges from model for a given index of all constructs</i> |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

extract mm edges from model for a given index of all constructs

**Usage**

```
extract_mm_edges(index, model, theme, weights = 1000)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                                                |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| index   | the index of the construct                                     |
| model   | the model to use                                               |
| theme   | the theme to use                                               |
| weights | a default weight for measurment models (high values suggested) |

---

|                       |                                                                                     |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| extract_mm_edge_value | <i>gets the mm_edge value (loading, weight) for bootstrapped and regular models</i> |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

gets the mm\_edge value (loading, weight) for bootstrapped and regular models

**Usage**

```
extract_mm_edge_value(model, theme, indicator, construct)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                      |
|-----------|----------------------|
| model     | the model to use     |
| theme     | the theme to use     |
| indicator | the indicator to use |
| construct | the construct to use |

---

|                  |                                                         |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| extract_mm_nodes | <i>gets the individual nodes and applies formatting</i> |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

gets the individual nodes and applies formatting

**Usage**

```
extract_mm_nodes(index, model, theme)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                            |
|-------|----------------------------|
| index | the index of the construct |
| model | the model to use           |
| theme | the theme to use           |

---

|                  |                                                                  |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| extract_sm_nodes | <i>Helper function that applies formatting to each construct</i> |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Helper function that applies formatting to each construct

**Usage**

```
extract_sm_nodes(model, theme, structure_only = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|                |                                          |
|----------------|------------------------------------------|
| model          | the model to use                         |
| theme          | the theme to use                         |
| structure_only | is this called in a structure_only model |

**Value**

Returns a string of the structural model in dot notation.

---

`format_endo_node_label`*Helps to render a node label for endogenous variables*

---

**Description**

Helps to render a node label for endogenous variables

**Usage**

```
format_endo_node_label(theme, name, rstring)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                        |
|---------|----------------------------------------|
| theme   | the theme to use                       |
| name    | the content of the name placeholder    |
| rstring | the content of the rstring placeholder |

**Value**

Returns the formatted string

---

`format_exo_node_label` *Helps to render a node label for exogenous variables*

---

**Description**

Helps to render a node label for exogenous variables

**Usage**

```
format_exo_node_label(theme, name)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                                     |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| theme | the theme to use                    |
| name  | the content of the name placeholder |

**Value**

Returns the formatted string

fSquared

*seminr fSquared Function***Description**

The fSquared function calculates  $f^2$  effect size for a given IV and DV

**Usage**

```
fSquared(seminr_model, iv, dv)
```

**Arguments**

`seminr_model` A `seminr_model` containing the estimated `seminr` model.  
`iv` An independent variable in the model.  
`dv` A dependent variable in the model.

**Value**

A matrix of the estimated F Square metric for each construct.

**References**

Cohen, J. (2013). Statistical power analysis for the behavioral sciences. Routledge.

**Examples**

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
  measurement_model = mobi_mm,
  structural_model = mobi_sm)
```



```
fSquared(mobi_pls, "Image", "Satisfaction")
```

---

`get_construct_element_size`*Gets the optimal size for construct elements in the plot*

---

**Description**

Currently orients on reflective theme settings

**Usage**

```
get_construct_element_size(model, theme)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                  |
|-------|------------------|
| model | the model to use |
| theme | the theme to use |

**Value**

Returns a two-element vector with c(width, height)

---

`get_construct_type`      *Returns the type of a construct from a model*

---

**Description**

Returns the type of a construct from a model

**Usage**

```
get_construct_type(model, construct)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                            |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------|
| model     | the model to get the type from             |
| construct | the character string name of the construct |

**Value**

Returns a character string

---

```
get_manifest_element_size
```

*Gets the optimal size for manifest elements in the plot*

---

### Description

Currently orients on reflective theme settings

### Usage

```
get_manifest_element_size(model, theme)
```

### Arguments

|       |                  |
|-------|------------------|
| model | the model to use |
| theme | the theme to use |

### Value

Returns a two-element vector with c(width, height)

---

```
get_mm_edge_style
```

*individual styles for measurement model edges*

---

### Description

individual styles for measurement model edges

### Usage

```
get_mm_edge_style(theme, construct_type, flip = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

|                |                                             |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------|
| theme          | the theme to use                            |
| construct_type | Forward direction?                          |
| flip           | invert the arrow direction because of sink? |

---

|                   |                                                                                |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| get_mm_node_shape | <i>Get a string to insert into a node specification using the themed shape</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Get a string to insert into a node specification using the themed shape

**Usage**

get\_mm\_node\_shape(model, construct, theme)

**Arguments**

- |           |                      |
|-----------|----------------------|
| model     | the model to use     |
| construct | the construct to use |
| theme     | the theme to use     |

**Value**

Returns a string that determines the shape of a node

---

|                   |                                                |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| get_mm_node_style | <i>get global measurement model node style</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

get global measurement model node style

**Usage**

get\_mm\_node\_style(theme)

**Arguments**

- |       |                  |
|-------|------------------|
| theme | the theme to use |
|-------|------------------|

---

|                   |                                                                                |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| get_sm_node_shape | <i>Get a string to insert into a node specification using the themed shape</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Get a string to insert into a node specification using the themed shape

**Usage**

```
get_sm_node_shape(model, construct, theme)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                      |
|-----------|----------------------|
| model     | the model to use     |
| construct | the construct to use |
| theme     | the theme to use     |

**Value**

Returns a string that determines the shape of a node

---

|                                   |                                                        |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| get_value_dependent_mm_edge_style | <i>Formats the style of the structural model edges</i> |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Formats the style of the structural model edges

**Usage**

```
get_value_dependent_mm_edge_style(value, theme)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| value | value to compare for negativity |
| theme | the theme to use                |

**Value**

Returns the style for the edge (both style and color)

---

|                                                        |
|--------------------------------------------------------|
| get_value_dependent_sm_edge_style                      |
| <i>Formats the style of the structural model edges</i> |

---

**Description**

Formats the style of the structural model edges

**Usage**

get\_value\_dependent\_sm\_edge\_style(value, theme)

**Arguments**

- |       |                                 |
|-------|---------------------------------|
| value | value to compare for negativity |
| theme | the theme to use                |

**Value**

Returns the style for the edge (both style and color)

---

|                  |                         |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| higher_composite | <i>higher_composite</i> |
|------------------|-------------------------|

---

**Description**

higher\_composite creates a higher order construct from first-order constructs using the two-stage method (Becker et al., 2012).

**Usage**

higher\_composite(construct\_name, dimensions, method, weights)

**Arguments**

- |                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| construct_name | of second-order construct                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| dimensions     | the first-order constructs                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| method         | is the estimation method, default is two_stage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| weights        | is the relationship between the second-order construct and first-order constructs. This can be specified as correlation_weights or mode_A for correlation weights (Mode A) or as regression_weights or mode_B for regression weights (Mode B). Default is correlation weights. |

**Details**

This function conveniently maps first-order constructs onto second-order constructs using construct names.

**Value**

A vector of the indicators for a higher-order-composite.

**See Also**

See [constructs](#), [reflective](#)

**Examples**

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5), weights = correlation_weights),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3), weights = mode_A),
  higher_composite("Quality", c("Image","Expectation"), method = two_stage),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2), weights = mode_B)
)
```

---

|                   |                          |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| higher_reflective | <i>higher_reflective</i> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|

---

**Description**

higher\_reflective creates a higher-order reflective construct

**Usage**

```
higher_reflective(construct_name, dimensions)
```

**Arguments**

construct\_name    of second-order construct  
 dimensions        the first-order constructs

**Details**

This function maps first-order constructs onto second-order reflective constructs using construct names. It is currently only suitable for CB-SEM and not PLS

**Value**

A vector of the indicators for a higher-order-factor.

**See Also**

See [constructs](#), [reflective](#)

### Examples

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  higher_reflective("Quality", c("Image", "Expectation"))
)
```

---

influencer\_data

*Measurement Instrument for the Influencer Model*

---

### Description

The data set is used as measurement instrument for the Influencer Model which is used in Partial Least Squares Structural Equation Modeling (PLS-SEM) Using R - A Workbook (2021) Hair, J.F. (Jr), Hult, T.M., Ringle, C.M., Sarstedt, M., Danks, N.P., and Ray, S.

### Usage

```
influencer_data
```

### Format

A data frame with 250 rows and 24 variables:

- sic\_1** The influencer reflects who I am.
- sic\_2** I can identify with the influencer.
- sic\_3** I feel a personal connection to the influencer.
- sic\_4** I (can) use the influencer to communicate who I am to other people.
- sic\_5** I think the influencer (could) help(s) me become the type of person I want to be.
- sic\_6** I consider the influencer to be "me".
- sic\_7** The influencer suits me well.
- sic\_global** My personality and the personality of the influencer relate accordingly to one another.
- pq\_1** The product has excellent quality.
- pq\_2** The product looks to be reliable and durable.
- pq\_3** The product will have fewer problems.
- pq\_4** The product has excellent quality features.
- pl\_1** I dislike the product (reverse coded).
- pl\_2** The product is appealing to me.
- pl\_3** The presented product raises a positive feeling in me.
- pl\_4** The product is interesting to me.
- pi\_1** It is very likely that I will purchase this product.
- pi\_2** I will purchase this product the next time I need it.

- pi\_3** I would definitely try the product out.
- pi\_4** I would recommend this product to my friends.
- pi\_5** I am willing to purchase this product.
- pic\_1** The influencer is qualified.
- pic\_2** The influencer is competent.
- pic\_3** The influencer is an expert.
- pic\_4** The influencer is experienced.
- pic\_5** The influencer is knowledgeable.
- wtp** Please state your willingness to pay (in Euro) for the presented product.
- influencer\_group** A binary variable indicating which group the influencer belongs to.

Details

The data frame `influencer_data` contains the observed data for the model specified in the Influencer Model.

Examples

```
data("influencer_data")
```

---

|                  |                             |
|------------------|-----------------------------|
| interaction_term | <i>Interaction function</i> |
|------------------|-----------------------------|

---

Description

`interaction_term` creates interaction measurement items by applying product indicator, two stage, or orthogonal approaches to creating new interaction constructs.

Usage

```
interaction_term(iv, moderator, method, weights)
```

Arguments

- `iv` The independent variable that is subject to moderation.
- `moderator` The moderator variable.
- `method` The method to generate the estimated interaction term with a default of `'two_stage'`.
- `weights` The weighting mode for interaction items in a PLS model (only) with default of `'modeA'`.

Details

This function automatically generates interaction measurement items for a PLS or a CBSEM model.



**Value**

An un-evaluated function (promise) for generating a vector of interaction terms.

Interaction Combinations as generated by the [interaction](#) or [interaction\\_term](#) methods.

**Examples**

```
data(mobi)

# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = "Expectation", method = orthogonal),
  interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = "Value", method = product_indicator)
)

# structural model: note that name of the interactions construct should be
# the names of its two main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value",
                  "Image*Expectation", "Image*Value"))
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(mobi, mobi_mm, mobi_sm)
summary(mobi_pls)
```

---

is\_sink

*Tests whether the i\_th construct is endogenous or not*


---

**Description**

Tests whether the i\_th construct is endogenous or not

**Usage**

```
is_sink(model, index)
```

**Arguments**

|       |                                    |
|-------|------------------------------------|
| model | the model object                   |
| index | the index of the construct to test |

**Value**

whether the construct is endogenous or not

---

|             |                                                                                                                                           |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| item_errors | <i>Specifies pair of items, or sets of items, that should covary. Used to specify error covariances for <a href="#">associations</a>.</i> |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Specifies pair of items, or sets of items, that should covary. Used to specify error covariances for [associations](#).

### Usage

```
item_errors(items_a, items_b)
```

### Arguments

|         |                                      |
|---------|--------------------------------------|
| items_a | One or more items that should covary |
| items_b | One or more items that should covary |

### Value

A vector of items that covary.

### Examples

```
item_errors(c("a1", "a2"), c("b1", "b2"))
```

---

|                  |                                                                     |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mean_replacement | <i>Function to clean data of omitted values by mean replacement</i> |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

The `seminr` package provides a natural syntax for researchers to describe PLS structural equation models.

### Usage

```
mean_replacement(data)
```

### Arguments

|      |                                                                 |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| data | A dataset to be used for estimating a <code>SEMinR</code> model |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|

### Details

`mean_replacement` provides the verb for replacing all omitted values (NA only) in the dataset with the mean of the variable.

## Value

A dataset with all missing values replaced with column means

## References

Hair, J. F., Hult, G. T. M., Ringle, C. M., and Sarstedt, M. (2017). A Primer on Partial Least Squares Structural Equation Modeling (PLS-SEM), 2nd Ed., Sage: Thousand Oaks.

---

mobi

*Measurement Instrument for the Mobile Phone Industry*

---

## Description

The data set is used as measurement instrument for the european customer satisfaction index (ECSI) adapted to the mobile phone market, see Tenenhaus et al. (2005).

## Usage

mobi

## Format

A data frame with 250 rows and 24 variables:

**CUEX1** Expectations for the overall quality of "your mobile phone provider" at the moment you became customer of this provider

**CUEX2** Expectations for "your mobile phone provider" to provide products and services to meet your personal need

**CUEX3** How often did you expect that things could go wrong at "your mobile phone provider"

**CUSA1** Overall satisfaction

**CUSA2** Fulfillment of expectations

**CUSA3** How well do you think "your mobile phone provider" compares with your ideal mobile phone provider?

**CUSCO** You complained about "your mobile phone provider" last year. How well, or poorly, was your most recent complaint handled or You did not complain about "your mobile phone provider" last year. Imagine you have to complain to "your mobile phone provider" because of a bad quality of service or product. To what extent do you think that "your mobile phone provider" will care about your complaint?

**CUSL1** If you would need to choose a new mobile phone provider how likely is it that you would choose "your provider" again?

**CUSL2** Let us now suppose that other mobile phone providers decide to lower their fees and prices, but "your mobile phone provider" stays at the same level as today. At which level of difference (in percentage) would you choose another mobile phone provider?

**CUSL3** If a friend or colleague asks you for advice, how likely is it that you would recommend "your mobile phone provider"?

- IMAG1** It can be trusted what it says and does
- IMAG2** It is stable and firmly established
- IMAG3** It has a social contribution to society
- IMAG4** It is concerned with customers
- IMAG5** It is innovative and forward looking
- PERQ1** Overall perceived quality
- PERQ2** Technical quality of the network
- PERQ3** Customer service and personal advice offered
- PERQ4** Quality of the services you use
- PERQ5** Range of services and products offered
- PERQ6** Reliability and accuracy of the products and services provided
- PERQ7** Clarity and transparency of information provided
- PERV1** Given the quality of the products and services offered by "your mobile phone provider" how would you rate the fees and prices that you pay for them?
- PERV2** Given the fees and prices that you pay for "your mobile phone provider" how would you rate the quality of the products and services offered by "your mobile phone provider"?

### Details

The data frame `mobi` contains the observed data for the model specified by `ECSImobi`.

### References

Tenenhaus, M., V. E. Vinzi, Y.-M. Chatelin, and C. Lauro (2005) PLS path modeling. *Computational Statistics & Data Analysis* 48, 159-205.

### Examples

```
data("mobi")
```

---

mode\_A

*Outer weighting scheme functions to estimate construct weighting.*

---

### Description

`mode_A`, `correlation_weights` and `mode_B`, `regression_weights` specify the outer weighting scheme to be used in the estimation of the construct weights and score.

### Usage

```
mode_A(mmMatrix, i, normData, construct_scores)
```

Arguments

- mmMatrix is the measurement\_model - a source-to-target matrix representing the measurement model, generated by constructs.
- i is the name of the construct to be estimated.
- normData is the dataframe of the normalized item data.
- construct\_scores is the matrix of construct scores generated by estimate\_model.

Value

A matrix of estimated measurement model relations.

---

|        |                                                                          |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mode_B | <i>Outer weighting scheme functions to estimate construct weighting.</i> |
|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

mode\_A, correlation\_weights and mode\_B, regression\_weights specify the outer weighting scheme to be used in the estimation of the construct weights and score.

Usage

mode\_B(mmMatrix, i, normData, construct\_scores)

Arguments

- mmMatrix is the measurement\_model - a source-to-target matrix representing the measurement model, generated by constructs.
- i is the name of the construct to be estimated.
- normData is the dataframe of the normalized item data.
- construct\_scores is the matrix of construct scores generated by estimate\_model.

Value

A matrix of estimated measurement model relations.

---

|             |                                                    |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| multi_items | <i>Multi-items measurement model specification</i> |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

multi\_items creates a vector of measurment names given the item prefix and number range.

### Usage

```
multi_items(item_name, item_numbers, ...)
```

### Arguments

|              |                                             |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------|
| item_name    | Prefix name of items                        |
| item_numbers | The range of number suffixews for the items |
| ...          | Additional Item names and nubers            |

### Value

A vector of numbered indicators.

### See Also

See [single\\_item](#)

### Examples

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5), weights = correlation_weights),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3), weights = mode_A),
  composite("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7), weights = regression_weights),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2), weights = mode_B)
)
```

---

|                            |                                                                     |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| node_endo_template_default | <i>The default template for labeling endogenous construct nodes</i> |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

The default template for labeling endogenous construct nodes

### Usage

```
node_endo_template_default()
```

**Value**

The template string

---

|                           |                                                                    |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| node_exo_template_default | <i>The default template for labeling exogenous construct nodes</i> |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

The default template for labeling exogenous construct nodes

**Usage**

```
node_exo_template_default()
```

**Value**

The template string

---

|            |                                                                                                      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| orthogonal | <i>orthogonal creates interaction measurement items by using the orthogonalized approach wherein</i> |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function automatically generates interaction measurement items for a PLS SEM using the orthogonalized approach..

**Usage**

```
# orthogonalization approach as per Henseler & Chin (2010):
orthogonal(iv, moderator, weights)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| iv        | The independent variable that is subject to moderation.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| moderator | The moderator variable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| weights   | is the relationship between the items and the interaction terms. This can be specified as correlation_weights or mode_A for correlation weights (Mode A) or as regression_weights or mode_B for regression weights (Mode B). Default is correlation weights. |

**Value**

An un-evaluated function (promise) for estimating an orthogonal interaction effect.

## References

Henseler & Chin (2010), A comparison of approaches for the analysis of interaction effects between latent variables using partial least squares path modeling. *Structural Equation Modeling*, 17(1),82-109.

## Examples

```
data(mobi)

# semnir syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = "Expectation", method = orthogonal),
  interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = "Value", method = orthogonal)
)

# structural model: note that name of the interactions construct should be
# the names of its two main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value",
                  "Image*Expectation", "Image*Value"))
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(mobi, mobi_mm, mobi_sm)
summary(mobi_pls)
```

---

path\_factorial

*Inner weighting scheme functions to estimate inner paths matrix*

---

## Description

path\_factorial and path\_weighting specify the inner weighting scheme to be used in the estimation of the inner paths matrix

## Usage

```
path_factorial(smMatrix,construct_scores, dependant, paths_matrix)
```

## Arguments

smMatrix            is the structural\_model - a source-to-target matrix representing the inner/structural model, generated by relationships.

construct\_scores    is the matrix of construct scores generated by estimate\_model.



dependant is the vector of dependant constructs in the model.  
 paths\_matrix is the matrix of estimated path coefficients estimated by estimate\_model.

### Value

A matrix of estimated structural relations.

### References

Lohmoller, J.-B. (1989). Latent variables path modeling with partial least squares. Heidelberg, Germany: Physica Verlag.

---

|                |                                                                        |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| path_weighting | <i>Inner weighting scheme functions to estimate inner paths matrix</i> |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

path\_factorial and path\_weighting specify the inner weighting scheme to be used in the estimation of the inner paths matrix

### Usage

```
path_weighting(smMatrix,construct_scores, dependant, paths_matrix)
```

### Arguments

smMatrix is the structural\_model - a source-to-target matrix representing the inner/structural model, generated by relationships.  
 construct\_scores is the matrix of construct scores generated by estimate\_model.  
 dependant is the vector of dependant constructs in the model.  
 paths\_matrix is the matrix of estimated path coefficients estimated by estimate\_model.

### Value

A matrix of estimated structural relations.

### References

Lohmoller, J.B. (1989). Latent variables path modeling with partial least squares. Heidelberg, Germany: Physica-Verlag.

---

`plot.reliability_table`*Function for plotting the measurement model reliability metrics of a PLS model*

---

## Description

`plot.reliability_table` generates an easy to read visualization of the rhoA, Cronbachs alpha, and Composite Reliability for all constructs. The plot visualizes the metrics in such a way as to draw meaning from not only the absolute values, but their relative values too.

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'reliability_table'
plot(x, ...)
```

## Arguments

|                  |                                                                                                                                                                |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code>   | A <code>reliability_table</code> object from a SEMinR PLS model. This can be accessed as the <code>reliability</code> element of the PLS model summary object. |
| <code>...</code> | All other arguments inherited from <code>plot</code> .                                                                                                         |

## Examples

```
data(mobi)

# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3))
)

# structural model: note that name of the interactions construct should be
# the names of its two main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value"))
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(mobi, measurement_model = mobi_mm, structural_model = mobi_sm)
plot(summary(mobi_pls)$reliability)
```

---

|                   |                                   |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| plot.seminr_model | <i>Plot various SEMinR models</i> |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|

---

### Description

With the help of the DiagrammeR package this dot graph can then be plotted in various in RMark-down, shiny, and other contexts. Depending on the type of model, different parameters can be used. Please check the [dot\\_graph](#) function for additional parameters.

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'seminr_model'
plot(x, title = "", theme = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

|       |                                                                          |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| x     | The model description                                                    |
| title | An optional title for the plot                                           |
| theme | Theme created with <a href="#">seminr_theme_create</a> .                 |
| ...   | Please check the <a href="#">dot_graph</a> for the additional parameters |

### Value

Returns the plot.

---

|           |                                                                   |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| plot_htmt | <i>Plots a network graph of constructs based on HTMT measures</i> |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

### Description

Using a bootstrapped model this functions shows which constructs show insufficient discriminant validity.

### Usage

```
plot_htmt(
  model,
  title = "HTMT Plot",
  theme = seminr::seminr_theme_get(),
  htmt_threshold = 1,
  omit_threshold_edges = TRUE,
  use_ci = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

|                      |                                                                                                            |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| model                | A bootstrapped PLS-Model                                                                                   |
| title                | Optional title over the plot.                                                                              |
| theme                | Optional theme to use for plotting                                                                         |
| hmt_threshold        | The threshold to use under which constructs are highlighted (default = 1.0)                                |
| omit_threshold_edges | Whether or not to omit constructs that have low HTMT values (default = TRUE)                               |
| use_ci               | Whether or not to rely on the upper threshold of the CI instead of the bootstrapped mean (default = FALSE) |

**Value**

Returns a dot string of the plot

---

|                  |                                                                                |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| plot_interaction | <i>Function for plotting interaction plot for moderated PLS or CBSEM model</i> |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

plot\_interaction generates an interaction plot for the effect of an antecedent on an outcome given a mediator variable.

**Usage**

```
plot_interaction(moderated_model, intxn, dv, legend)
```

**Arguments**

|                 |                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| moderated_model | SEMinR model that contains an interaction.                                                                                                         |
| intxn           | Name (character) of the interaction term in the structural model. Must look like a product of independent variabel and moderator (e.g., "ABC*XYZ") |
| dv              | Name (character) of the dependant consutruct affected by the moderator.                                                                            |
| legend          | Location (character) of the legend on the plot; must be a combination of bottomleft and leftright (e.g., "bottomright").                           |

**Examples**

```
data(mobi)

# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
```

```

composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = c("Expectation"), method = orthogonal))

# Structural model
# note: interactions should be the names of its main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value",
                  "Image*Expectation")))

# Load data, assemble model, and estimate
mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
                        measurement_model = mobi_mm,
                        structural_model = mobi_sm)

plot_interaction(mobi_pls, "Image*Expectation", "Satisfaction", "bottomright")

```

---

PLSc

*seminr PLSc Function*


---

## Description

The PLSc function calculates the consistent PLS path coefficients and loadings for a common-factor model. It returns a `seminr_model` containing the adjusted and consistent path coefficients and loadings for common-factor models and composite models.

## Usage

```
PLSc(seminr_model)
```

## Arguments

`seminr_model` A `seminr_model` containing the estimated `seminr` model.

## Value

A SEMinR model object which has been adjusted according to PLSc.

## References

Dijkstra, T. K., & Henseler, J. (2015). Consistent Partial Least Squares Path Modeling, 39(X).

## See Also

[relationships](#) [constructs](#) [paths](#) [interaction\\_term](#) [bootstrap\\_model](#)

## Examples

```

mobi <- mobi

#seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

#seminr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

seminr_model <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
                             measurement_model = mobi_mm,
                             structural_model = mobi_sm)

PLSc(seminr_model)

```

---

predict\_DA

*Predictive Scheme*

---

## Description

predict\_EA and predict\_DA specify the predictive scheme to be used in the generation of the predictions. EA refers to Earliest Antecedents nad DA to Direct Antecedents.

## Usage

```
predict_DA(smMatrix, path_coef, construct_scores)
```

## Arguments

|                  |                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| smMatrix         | is the structural_model - a source-to-target matrix representing the inner/structural model, generated by relationships generated by SEMinR. |
| path_coef        | is the Path Coefficients matrix from a SEMinR model.                                                                                         |
| construct_scores | is the matrix of construct scores generated by SEMinR.                                                                                       |

---

predict\_EA

---

*Predictive Scheme*


---

### Description

predict\_EA and predict\_DA specify the predictive scheme to be used in the generation of the predictions. EA refers to Earliest Antecedents nad DA to Direct Antecedents.

### Usage

```
predict_EA(smMatrix, path_coef, construct_scores)
```

### Arguments

|                  |                                                                                                                                              |
|------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| smMatrix         | is the structural_model - a source-to-target matrix representing the inner/structural model, generated by relationships generated by SEMinR. |
| path_coef        | is the Path Coefficients matrix from a SEMinR model.                                                                                         |
| construct_scores | is the matrix of construct scores generated by SEMinR.                                                                                       |

---

predict\_pls

---

*Predict\_pls performs either k-fold or LOOCV on a SEMinR PLS model and generates predictions*


---

### Description

predict\_pls uses cross-validation to generate in-sample and out-sample predictions for PLS models generated by SEMinR.

### Usage

```
predict_pls(model, technique, noFolds, reps, cores)
```

### Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| model     | A SEMinR model that has been estimated on the FULL dataset.                                                                     |
| technique | The predictive technique to be employed, Earliest Antecedents (EA) predict_EA or Direct Antecedents (DA) predict_DA             |
| noFolds   | The required number of folds to use in k-fold cross validation. If NULL, then parallel LOOCV will be executed. Default is NULL. |
| reps      | The number of times the cross-validation will be repeated. Default is NULL.                                                     |
| cores     | The number of cores to use for parallel LOOCV processing. If k-fold is used, the process will not be parallelized.              |

## Details

This function generates cross-validated in-sample and out-sample predictions for PLS models generated by SEMinR. The cross validation technique can be k-fold if a number of folds are specified, or leave-one-out-cross-validation (LOOCV) if no folds are specified. LOOCV is recommended for small datasets.

## Value

A list of the estimated PLS and LM prediction results:

|                             |                                                                                             |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| PLS_out_of_sample           | A matrix of the out-of-sample indicator predictions generated by the SEMinR model.          |
| PLS_in_sample               | A matrix of the in-sample indicator predictions generated by the SEMinR model.              |
| lm_out_of_sample            | A matrix of the out-of-sample indicator predictions generated by a linear regression model. |
| lm_in_sample                | A matrix of the in-sample indicator predictions generated by a linear regression model.     |
| item_actuals                | A matrix of the actual indicator scores.                                                    |
| PLS_out_of_sample_residuals | A matrix of the out-of-sample indicator PLS prediction residuals.                           |
| PLS_in_sample_residuals     | A matrix of the in-sample indicator PLS prediction residuals.                               |
| lm_out_of_sample_residuals  | A matrix of the out-of-sample LM indicator prediction residuals.                            |
| lm_in_sample_residuals      | A matrix of the in-sample LM indicator prediction residuals.                                |
| mmMatrix                    | A Matrix of the measurement model relations.                                                |
| smMatrix                    | A Matrix of the structural model relations.                                                 |
| constructs                  | A vector of the construct names.                                                            |
| mmVariables                 | A vector of the indicator names.                                                            |
| outer_loadings              | The matrix of estimated indicator loadings.                                                 |
| outer_weights               | The matrix of estimated indicator weights.                                                  |
| path_coef                   | The matrix of estimated structural model relationships.                                     |
| iterations                  | A numeric indicating the number of iterations required before the algorithm converged.      |
| weightDiff                  | A numeric indicating the minimum weight difference between iterations of the algorithm.     |
| construct_scores            | A matrix of the estimated construct scores for the PLS model.                               |
| rSquared                    | A matrix of the estimated R Squared for each construct.                                     |
| inner_weights               | The inner weight estimation function.                                                       |



|                   |                                                                                   |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| data              | A matrix of the data upon which the model was estimated (INcluding interactions). |
| rawdata           | A matrix of the data upon which the model was estimated (EXcluding interactions). |
| measurement_model | The SEMinR measurement model specification.                                       |

## Examples

```
data(mobi)

# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3))
)

mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value"))
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(mobi, mobi_mm, mobi_sm)
cross_validated_predictions <- predict_pls(model = mobi_pls,
                                           technique = predict_DA,
                                           noFolds = 10,
                                           cores = NULL)
```

---

print.seminr\_pls\_mga    *Summary function for PLS-MGA*

---

## Description

Summary function for PLS-MGA

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'seminr_pls_mga'
print(x, digits = 3, ...)
```

## Arguments

|        |                                     |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| x      | estimated seminr_pls_mga object     |
| digits | number of digits to print           |
| ...    | any further parameters for printing |

---

|                   |                                                                                               |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| product_indicator | product_indicator creates interaction measurement items by scaled product indicator approach. |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function automatically generates interaction measurement items for a PLS SEM using scaled product indicator approach.

## Usage

```
# standardized product indicator approach as per Henseler & Chin (2010):
product_indicator(iv, moderator, weights)
```

## Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| iv        | The independent variable that is subject to moderation.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| moderator | The moderator variable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| weights   | is the relationship between the items and the interaction terms. This can be specified as correlation_weights or mode_A for correlation weights (Mode A) or as regression_weights or mode_B for regression weights (Mode B). Default is correlation weights. |

## Value

An un-evaluated function (promise) for estimating a product-indicator interaction effect.

## References

Henseler & Chin (2010), A comparison of approaches for the analysis of interaction effects between latent variables using partial least squares path modeling. Structural Equation Modeling, 17(1),82-109.

## Examples

```
data(mobi)

# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5),weights = mode_A),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3),weights = mode_A),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2),weights = mode_A),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3),weights = mode_A),
  interaction_term(iv = "Image",
    moderator = "Expectation",
    method = product_indicator,
    weights = mode_A),
  interaction_term(iv = "Image",
```

```

        moderator = "Value",
        method = product_indicator,
        weights = mode_A)
)

# structural model: note that name of the interactions construct should be
# the names of its two main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value",
                 "Image*Expectation", "Image*Value"))
)

# Load data, assemble model, and estimate using semPLS
mobi <- mobi
seminr_model <- estimate_pls(mobi, mobi_mm, mobi_sm, inner_weights = path_factorial)

```

---

reflective

*Reflective construct measurement model specification*


---

## Description

reflective creates the reflective measurement model matrix for a specific common-factor, specifying the relevant items of the construct and assigning the relationship of reflective. By definition this construct will be estimated by PLS consistent.

## Usage

```
reflective(construct_name, item_names)
```

## Arguments

`construct_name` of construct  
`item_names` returned by the `multi_items` or `single_item` functions

## Details

This function conveniently maps reflectively defined measurement items to a construct and is estimated using PLS consistent.

## Value

A vector of the indicators for a reflective construct.

## See Also

See [composite](#), [constructs](#)

## Examples

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)
```

---

relationships

*Structural specification functions for semnr package*

---

## Description

paths creates the structural paths of a PLS SEM model and relationships generates the matrix of paths.

## Usage

```
relationships(...)
```

```
paths(from,to)
```

## Arguments

|       |                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ...   | A comma separated list of all the structural relationships in the the model. These paths take the form (from = c(construct_name), to = c(construct_name)). |
| to    | The destination construct of a structural path                                                                                                             |
| from  | The source construct of a structural path                                                                                                                  |
| paths | The function paths that specifies the source and destination constructs for each of the model's structural paths.                                          |

## Value

A vector of construct names and structural relationships.

## Examples

```
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints",  to = "Loyalty")
)
```

---

|              |                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| report_paths | <i>Functions for reporting the Path Coefficients and R2 of endogenous constructs and for generating a scatterplot matrix of construct scores.</i> |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

report\_paths generates an easy to read table reporting path coefficients and R2 values for endogenous constructs. plot\_scores generates a scatterplot matrix of each construct's scores against every other construct's scores.

## Usage

```
report_paths(seminr_model, digits=3)

plot_scores(seminr_model, constructs=NULL)
```

## Arguments

|              |                                                                                                                 |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| seminr_model | The PLS model estimated by seminr. The estimated model returned by the estimate_pls or bootstrap_model methods. |
| digits       | A numeric minimum number of significant digits. If not specified, default is "2".                               |
| constructs   | a list indicating which constructs to report. If not specified, all constructs are graphed and returned.        |

## Details

These functions generate an easy to read table reporting path coefficients and R2 values for endogenous constructs or a scatterplot matrix of construct scores.

## Value

A matrix of structural paths.

## Examples

```
data(mobi)

# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3))
)

# structural model: note that name of the interactions construct should be
# the names of its two main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
```

```

mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value"))
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(mobi, measurement_model = mobi_mm, structural_model = mobi_sm)
report_paths(mobi_pls)
plot_scores(mobi_pls)

```

---

rerun

*Reruns a previously specified seminr model/analysis*


---

### Description

Reruns a previously specified seminr model/analysis

### Usage

```
rerun(x, ...)
```

### Arguments

`x`                      An estimated seminr\_model object - refer to specific rerun methods  
`...`                    Any parameters to change during the rerun.

### Value

A re-estimated model of the same class

### See Also

[rerun.pls\\_model](#)

---

rerun.pls\_model

*Reruns a previously specified seminr PLS model*


---

### Description

Reruns a previously specified seminr PLS model

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'pls_model'
rerun(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

`x`                      An estimated `pls_model` object produced by `estimate_pls`

`...`                    Any parameters to change during the re-estimation (e.g., `data`, `measurement_model`, etc.)

**Value**

A re-estimated `pls_model` object

**Examples**

```

mobi <- mobi

mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",    to = c("Loyalty"))
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
  measurement_model = mobi_mm,
  structural_model = mobi_sm,
  missing = mean_replacement,
  missing_value = NA)

# Re-estimate model faithfully
mobi_pls2 <- rerun(mobi_pls)

# Re-estimated model with altered measurement model
mobi_pls3 <- rerun(mobi_pls, measurement_model=as.reflective(mobi_mm))

```

rhoC\_AVE

*seminr rhoC\_AVE() function***Description**

Get rhoC and AVE for a CFA model estimated with `estimate_pls`, `estimate_cbsem` or `estimate_cfa`. Dillon-Goldstein's Rho as per: Dillon, W. R, and M. Goldstein. 1987. Multivariate Analysis: Methods and Applications. Biometrical Journal 29 (6). Average Variance Extracted as per: Fornell, C. and D. F. Larcker (February 1981). Evaluating structural equation models with unobservable variables and measurement error, Journal of Marketing Research, 18, pp. 39-5

**Usage**

```
rhoC_AVE(x, constructs = NULL)
```

Arguments

- x                      Estimated `seminr_model` object.
- constructs           Vector containing the names of the constructs to calculate rhoC and AVE for; if NULL, all constructs are used.

Value

A matrix containing the rhoC and AVE metrics for each construct.

---

|       |                              |
|-------|------------------------------|
| rho_A | <i>seminr rho_A Function</i> |
|-------|------------------------------|

---

Description

The `rho_A` function calculates the `rho_A` reliability indices for each construct. For formative constructs, the index is set to 1.

Usage

`rho_A(seminr_model, constructs)`

Arguments

- `seminr_model`      A `seminr_model` containing the estimated `seminr` model.
- `constructs`        A vector containing the names of the constructs to calculate rhoA for.

Value

A matrix containing the rhoA metric for each construct.

References

Dijkstra, T. K., & Henseler, J. (2015). Consistent partial least squares path modeling. *MIS quarterly*, 39(2).

See Also

[relationships](#) [constructs](#) [paths](#) [interaction\\_term](#) [bootstrap\\_model](#)



## Examples

```
#seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

#seminr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
  measurement_model = mobi_mm,
  structural_model = mobi_sm)

rho_A(mobi_pls, mobi_pls$constructs)
```

---

|           |                                          |
|-----------|------------------------------------------|
| save_plot | <i>Saves a SEMinR model plot to file</i> |
|-----------|------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Saves a SEMinR model plot to a graphical file. Default output is RPlots.pdf.

## Usage

```
save_plot(
  filename = "RPlot.pdf",
  plot = last_seminr_plot(),
  width = NULL,
  height = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

|          |                                                                                                          |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| filename | The name of the file output (can be png, pdf, webp, ps, or svg.)                                         |
| plot     | A plot that is created from the <a href="#">plot</a> function. By default it uses the last plot created. |

|        |                                             |
|--------|---------------------------------------------|
| width  | An optional parameter for width in pixels.  |
| height | An optional parameter for height in pixels. |

**Value**

Does not return a value

**Examples**

```

mobi <- mobi

# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

# seminr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

# estimate the model
mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
  measurement_model = mobi_mm,
  structural_model = mobi_sm)

## Not run:
# generate the plot
plot(mobi_pls)
# save to file
save_plot("myplot.pdf")

## End(Not run)

```

---

|                     |                                                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| seminr_theme_create | <i>Create a theme for a seminr graph visualization</i> |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

All customizable options are parameters of this function. See the details all the way down for more information.

**Usage**

```
seminr_theme_create(  
  plot.title.fontsize = 24,  
  plot.title.fontcolor = "black",  
  plot.fontname = "helvetica",  
  plot.splines = TRUE,  
  plot.rounding = 3,  
  plot.adj = FALSE,  
  plot.specialcharacters = TRUE,  
  plot.randomizedweights = FALSE,  
  plot.bgcolor = "transparent",  
  mm.node.color = "dimgrey",  
  mm.node.fill = "white",  
  mm.node.label.fontsize = 8,  
  mm.node.label.fontcolor = "black",  
  mm.edge.positive.color = "dimgrey",  
  mm.edge.negative.color = "dimgrey",  
  mm.edge.positive.style = "solid",  
  mm.edge.negative.style = "dashed",  
  mm.edge.label.fontsize = 7,  
  mm.edge.label.fontcolor = "black",  
  mm.edge.label.show = TRUE,  
  mm.edge.minlen = 1,  
  mm.edge.width_multiplier = 3,  
  mm.edge.width_offset = 0.5,  
  mm.edge.use_outer_weights = TRUE,  
  mm.edge.boot.show_t_value = FALSE,  
  mm.edge.boot.show_p_value = FALSE,  
  mm.edge.boot.show_p_stars = TRUE,  
  mm.edge.boot.show_ci = FALSE,  
  mm.edge.boot.template = edge_template_minimal(),  
  sm.node.color = "black",  
  sm.node.fill = "white",  
  sm.node.label.fontsize = 12,  
  sm.node.label.fontcolor = "black",  
  sm.node.endo.template = node_endo_template_default(),  
  sm.node.exo.template = node_exo_template_default(),  
  sm.edge.boot.show_t_value = FALSE,  
  sm.edge.boot.show_p_value = FALSE,  
  sm.edge.boot.show_p_stars = TRUE,  
  sm.edge.boot.show_ci = TRUE,  
  sm.edge.boot.template = edge_template_default(),  
  sm.edge.positive.color = "black",  
  sm.edge.negative.color = "black",  
  sm.edge.positive.style = "solid",  
  sm.edge.negative.style = "dashed",  
  sm.edge.label.fontsize = 9,  
  sm.edge.label.fontcolor = "black",
```

```

sm.edge.label.show = TRUE,
sm.edge.label.all_betas = TRUE,
sm.edge.minlen = NA_integer_,
sm.edge.width_offset = 0.5,
sm.edge.width_multiplier = 5,
construct.reflective.shape = "ellipse",
construct.reflective.arrow = "backward",
construct.reflective.use_weights = FALSE,
construct.compositeA.shape = "hexagon",
construct.compositeA.arrow = "backward",
construct.compositeA.use_weights = FALSE,
construct.compositeB.shape = "hexagon",
construct.compositeB.arrow = "forward",
construct.compositeB.use_weights = TRUE,
manifest.reflective.shape = "box",
manifest.compositeA.shape = "box",
manifest.compositeB.shape = "box",
...
)

```

## Arguments

```

plot.title.fontsize      Font size of the title.
plot.title.fontcolor     Fontcolor of the title of the plot.
plot.fontname            Font to be used throughout the plot.
plot.splines             Whether or not to use splines as edges (default = TRUE).
plot.rounding            The amount of decimals to keep for rounding (default = 3).
plot.adj                 TRUE or FALSE (default). Whether or not to use adjusted  $r^2$  in constructs.
plot.specialcharacters   Whether or not to use greek UTF-8 symbols in plots.
plot.randomizedweights   TRUE or FALSE (default), decides whether to add minimal random weights to
                        the measurement model. Can help with determinism in plot outcomes.
plot.bgcolor             The background color of the plot (default = "transparent").
mm.node.color            Color of the measurement model nodes.
mm.node.fill             Fill of the measurement model nodes.
mm.node.label.fontsize   Font size of the measurement model node labels.
mm.node.label.fontcolor  Color of the measurement model node labels.
mm.edge.positive.color   Color of the measurement model edges, when values are positive.
mm.edge.negative.color   Color of the measurement model edges, when values are negative.

```

```

mm.edge.positive.style
    Style of the measurement model edges, when values are positive.
mm.edge.negative.style
    Style of the measurement model edges, when values are negative.
mm.edge.label.fontsize
    Font size of the measurement model edge labels.
mm.edge.label.fontcolor
    Font color of the measurement model edge labels.
mm.edge.label.show
    Whether or not to show measurement model edge labels.
mm.edge.minlen
    Minimum length of the measurement model edges.
mm.edge.width_multiplier
    The multiplier for measurement model edge penwidth (default = 3).
mm.edge.width_offset
    The minimal width of an edge of the measurement model (default = 0.5).
mm.edge.use_outer_weights
    Whether or not to use outer weights as edge labels in the measurement model.
mm.edge.boot.show_t_value
    Should boot-strapped loadings/weights show a t-value
mm.edge.boot.show_p_value
    Should boot-strapped loadings/weights show a p-value
mm.edge.boot.show_p_stars
    Should boot-strapped loadings/weights show significance stars
mm.edge.boot.show_ci
    Should boot-strapped loadings/weights show a 95 percent confidence interval
mm.edge.boot.template
    A template string for HTML formatting of edges for loadings/weights

sm.node.color
    Color of the structural model nodes.
sm.node.fill
    Fill of the structural model nodes.
sm.node.label.fontsize
    Font size of the structural model node labels.
sm.node.label.fontcolor
    Font color of the structural model node labels.
sm.node.endo.template
    A template string for the nodes of endogenous constructs
sm.node.exo.template
    A template string for the nodes of exogenous constructs
sm.edge.boot.show_t_value
    Should boot-strapped path coefficients show a t-value
sm.edge.boot.show_p_value
    Should boot-strapped path coefficients show a p-value
sm.edge.boot.show_p_stars
    Should boot-strapped path coefficients show significance stars
sm.edge.boot.show_ci
    Should boot-strapped path coefficients show a 95 percent confidence interval

```

`sm.edge.boot.template`  
A template string for HTML formatting of edges

`sm.edge.positive.color`  
Color of the structural model edges, when values are positive.

`sm.edge.negative.color`  
Color of the structural model edges, when values are negative.

`sm.edge.positive.style`  
Style of the structural model edges, when values are positive.

`sm.edge.negative.style`  
Style of the structural model edges, when values are negative.

`sm.edge.label.fontsize`  
Font size of the structural model edge labels.

`sm.edge.label.fontcolor`  
Font color of the structural model edge labels.

`sm.edge.label.show`  
Whether or not to show edge labels on structural model edges.

`sm.edge.label.all_betas`  
Whether to label both endogenous and exogenous paths with a beta (default = TRUE).

`sm.edge.minlen` Minimum length of the structural model edges.

`sm.edge.width_offset`  
The minimal width of an edge of the structural model (default = 0.5).

`sm.edge.width_multiplier`  
The multiplier for structural model edges (default = 5).

`construct.reflective.shape`  
Dot shape of reflective constructs

`construct.reflective.arrow`  
Direction of the arrow for reflective constructs. Can be forward, backward (default), or none.

`construct.reflective.use_weights`  
Should measurements from reflective constructs show weights (TRUE) or loadings (FALSE: default).

`construct.compositeA.shape`  
Dot shape of composite constructs using correlation weights

`construct.compositeA.arrow`  
Direction of the arrow for constructs using correlation weight (default: backward)

`construct.compositeA.use_weights`  
Should measurements from constructs using correlation weights show weights (TRUE) or loadings (FALSE: default).

`construct.compositeB.shape`  
Dot shape of composite constructs using regression weights

`construct.compositeB.arrow`  
Direction of the arrow for constructs using regression weights (default: forward)

```

construct.compositeB.use_weights
    Should measurements from constructs using regression weights show weights
    (TRUE: default) or loadings (FALSE).
manifest.reflective.shape
    Dot shape of manifest variables of reflective constructs
manifest.compositeA.shape
    Dot shape of manifest variables of composite constructs using correlation weights
manifest.compositeB.shape
    Dot shape of manifest variables of composite constructs using regression weights
...
    additional parameters (unused)

```

## Details

You can use the auto-complete feature of your editor to help you find the right parameter.

General settings start with plot.\*

Measurement model settings start with mm.\*

Structural model settings start with sm.\*

Setting the shape of manifest or construct variables depending on their estimation type can be found under manifest.\* and construct.\*

## Value

A `seminr.theme` object that can be supplied to `dot_graph`

---

|                                |                                                                      |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>seminr_theme_dark</code> | <i>The theme function for an inverted theme on black background.</i> |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

The theme function for an inverted theme on black background.

## Usage

```

seminr_theme_dark(
  plot.title.fontsize = 24,
  mm.node.label.fontsize = 8,
  sm.node.label.fontsize = 12,
  mm.edge.label.fontsize = 7,
  sm.edge.label.fontsize = 9
)

```





---

|                  |                                               |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| seminr_theme_old | <i>A theme function for a basic b/w theme</i> |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

A theme function for a basic b/w theme

**Usage**

```
seminr_theme_old(  
  plot.title.fontsize = 24,  
  mm.node.label.fontsize = 8,  
  sm.node.label.fontsize = 12,  
  mm.edge.label.fontsize = 7,  
  sm.edge.label.fontsize = 9  
)
```

**Arguments**

|                        |                                       |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| plot.title.fontsize    | Title font size                       |
| mm.node.label.fontsize | Font size for measurement variables   |
| sm.node.label.fontsize | Font size for constructs              |
| mm.edge.label.fontsize | Font size for measurement model edges |
| sm.edge.label.fontsize | Font size for path edges              |

**Value**

a theme object

---

|                    |                        |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| seminr_theme_smart | <i>A colored theme</i> |
|--------------------|------------------------|

---

**Description**

A colored theme

A theme function for a modern approach of visualizing PLS models in b/w

**Usage**

```

seminr_theme_smart(
  plot.title.fontsize = 24,
  mm.node.label.fontsize = 8,
  sm.node.label.fontsize = 12,
  mm.edge.label.fontsize = 7,
  sm.edge.label.fontsize = 9
)

seminr_theme_default(
  plot.title.fontsize = 24,
  mm.node.label.fontsize = 8,
  sm.node.label.fontsize = 12,
  mm.edge.label.fontsize = 7,
  sm.edge.label.fontsize = 9,
  construct.reflective.shape = "ellipse",
  construct.compositeA.shape = "hexagon",
  construct.compositeB.shape = "hexagon",
  construct.reflective.arrow = "backward",
  construct.compositeA.arrow = "backward",
  construct.compositeB.arrow = "forward",
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

```

plot.title.fontsize
  Title font size
mm.node.label.fontsize
  Font size for measurement variables
sm.node.label.fontsize
  Font size for constructs
mm.edge.label.fontsize
  Font size for measurement model edges
sm.edge.label.fontsize
  Font size for path edges
construct.reflective.shape
  Shape of reflective constructs
construct.compositeA.shape
  Shape of composite constructs mode A
construct.compositeB.shape
  Shape of composite constructs mode B
construct.reflective.arrow
  Direction of arrows of reflective constructs
construct.compositeA.arrow
  Direction of arrows of composite constructs mode A

```

```
construct.compositeB.arrow
                        Direction of arrows of composite constructs mode B
...
                        Other parameters for the semnr_theme_create function
```

**Value**

a theme object

---

|           |                                 |
|-----------|---------------------------------|
| simplePLS | <i>semnr simplePLS Function</i> |
|-----------|---------------------------------|

---

**Description**

The semnr package provides a natural syntax for researchers to describe PLS structural equation models. semnr is compatible with simplePLS. simplePLS provides the verb for estimating a pls model.

**Usage**

```
simplePLS(obsData,smMatrix, mmMatrix,inner_weights = path_weighting,
          maxIt=300, stopCriterion=7,measurement_mode_scheme)
```

**Arguments**

|                         |                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| obsData                 | A dataframe containing the indicator measurement data.                                                                               |
| smMatrix                | A source-to-target matrix representing the inner/structural model, generated by relationships.                                       |
| mmMatrix                | A source-to-target matrix representing the outer/measurement model, generated by constructs.                                         |
| inner_weights           | A parameter declaring which inner weighting scheme should be used path_weighting is default, alternately path_factorial can be used. |
| maxIt                   | The maximum number of iterations to run (default is 300).                                                                            |
| stopCriterion           | The criterion to stop iterating (default is 7).                                                                                      |
| measurement_mode_scheme | A named list of constructs and measurement scheme functions                                                                          |

**Value**

A list of the estimated parameters for the SimplePLS model including:

|            |                                               |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| meanData   | A vector of the indicator means.              |
| sdData     | A vector of the indicator standard deviations |
| mmMatrix   | A Matrix of the measurement model relations.  |
| smMatrix   | A Matrix of the structural model relations.   |
| constructs | A vector of the construct names.              |

|                               |                                                                                         |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>mmVariables</code>      | A vector of the indicator names.                                                        |
| <code>outer_loadings</code>   | The matrix of estimated indicator loadings.                                             |
| <code>outer_weights</code>    | The matrix of estimated indicator weights.                                              |
| <code>path_coef</code>        | The matrix of estimated structural model relationships.                                 |
| <code>iterations</code>       | A numeric indicating the number of iterations required before the algorithm converged.  |
| <code>weightDiff</code>       | A numeric indicating the minimum weight difference between iterations of the algorithm. |
| <code>construct_scores</code> | A matrix of the estimated construct scores for the PLS model.                           |
| <code>rSquared</code>         | A matrix of the estimated R Squared for each construct.                                 |
| <code>inner_weights</code>    | The inner weight estimation function.                                                   |

### See Also

[relationships](#) [constructs](#) [paths](#) [interaction\\_term](#) [estimate\\_pls](#) [bootstrap\\_model](#)

### Examples

```
#seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  reflective("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  reflective("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  reflective("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  reflective("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  reflective("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  reflective("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  reflective("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

#seminr syntax for creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
  measurement_model = mobi_mm,
  structural_model = mobi_sm)
```

---

|             |                                                    |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| single_item | <i>Single-item measurement model specification</i> |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

single\_item specifies a single item name to be assigned to a construct.

**Usage**

```
single_item(item)
```

**Arguments**

|      |              |
|------|--------------|
| item | Name of item |
|------|--------------|

**Value**

A vector of a single indicator for a composite.

**See Also**

See [multi\\_items](#)

**Examples**

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5), weights = correlation_weights),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3), weights = mode_A),
  composite("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7), weights = regression_weights),
  composite("Value",      single_item("PERV1"))
)
```

---

|                |                                                                                 |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| slope_analysis | <i>Function for plotting a slope analysis for an interaction in a PLS model</i> |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

slope\_analysis generates an interaction plot for the effect of an antecedent on an outcome given a mediator variable.

**Usage**

```
slope_analysis(moderated_model, dv, moderator, iv, leg_place)
```

**Arguments**

|                              |                                                                                               |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>moderated_model</code> | A SEMinR model that contains an interaction.                                                  |
| <code>dv</code>              | The name of the dependant construct affected by the moderator (interaction term).             |
| <code>moderator</code>       | The name of the moderator construct.                                                          |
| <code>iv</code>              | The name of the independant construct affected by the moderator.                              |
| <code>leg_place</code>       | The location of the legend, in order to make sure the legend does not obscure the plot lines. |

**Examples**

```
data(mobi)

# seminr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = c("Expectation"), method = orthogonal))

# Structural model
# note: interactions should be the names of its main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value",
                  "Image*Expectation"))))

# Load data, assemble model, and estimate
mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
                        measurement_model = mobi_mm,
                        structural_model = mobi_sm)

slope_analysis(mobi_pls, "Satisfaction", "Expectation", "Image", "bottomright")
```

---

specific\_effect\_significance

*seminr specific effect significance function*

---

**Description**

The *seminr* package provides a natural syntax for researchers to describe PLS structural equation models. *specific\_effect\_significance* provides the verb for calculating the bootstrap mean, standard deviation, T value, and confidence intervals for direct or mediated path in a bootstrapped SEMinR model.

**Usage**

```
specific_effect_significance(boot_seminr_model, from, to, through, alpha)
```

**Arguments**

|                                |                                                                                    |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>boot_seminr_model</code> | A bootstrapped model returned by the <code>bootstrap_model</code> function.        |
| <code>from</code>              | A parameter specifying the antecedent composite for the path.                      |
| <code>to</code>                | A parameter specifying the outcome composite for the path.                         |
| <code>through</code>           | A parameter to specify a vector of mediators for the path. Default is NULL.        |
| <code>alpha</code>             | A parameter for specifying the alpha for the confidence interval. Default is 0.05. |

**Value**

A vector of lower and upper confidence intervals for a path.

**References**

Zhao, X., Lynch Jr, J. G., & Chen, Q. (2010). Reconsidering Baron and Kenny: Myths and truths about mediation analysis. *Journal of consumer research*, 37(2), 197-206.

**See Also**

[bootstrap\\_model](#)

**Examples**

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  composite("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  composite("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

# Creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

# Estimating the model
mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
  measurement_model = mobi_mm,
```

```

structural_model = mobi_sm)

# Load data, assemble model, and bootstrap
boot_seminr_model <- bootstrap_model(seminr_model = mobi_pls,
                                     nboot = 50, cores = 2, seed = NULL)

specific_effect_significance(boot_seminr_model = boot_seminr_model,
                             from = "Image",
                             through = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Complaints"),
                             to = "Loyalty",
                             alpha = 0.05)

```

---

|               |                                        |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|
| specify_model | <i>seminr specify_model()</i> function |
|---------------|----------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Combines model components together into a single `specified_model` object for estimation functions

## Usage

```

specify_model(
  measurement_model,
  structural_model = NULL,
  item_associations = NULL
)

```

## Arguments

**measurement\_model**  
An optional `measurement_model` object representing the outer/measurement model, as generated by constructs.

**structural\_model**  
An optional `smMatrix` object representing the inner/structural model, as generated by relationships.

**item\_associations**  
An item-to-item matrix representing error covariances that are freed for estimation. This matrix is created by `associations()`, or defaults to `NULL` (no inter-item associations).

## Value

A list containing a SEMinR measurement model, structural model, and item associations.

## See Also

[estimate\\_pls](#) [estimate\\_cbsem](#) [estimate\\_cfa](#)



---

|                    |                                                                        |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| standardize_safely | <i>Standardize (scale) a matrix/df and report interpretable errors</i> |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Standardize (scale) a matrix/df and report interpretable errors

**Usage**

```
standardize_safely(x)
```

**Arguments**

x                      vector, data.frame, or matrix

**Value**

scaled object as returned by scale function

---

|                   |                                                            |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| total_indirect_ci | <i>seminr total indirect confidence intervals function</i> |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

total\_indirect\_ci provides the verb for calculating the total indirect confidence intervals of a direct or mediated path in a bootstrapped SEMinR model.

**Usage**

```
total_indirect_ci(boot_seminr_model, from, to, alpha)
```

**Arguments**

|                   |                                                                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| boot_seminr_model | A bootstrapped model returned by the bootstrap_model function.                     |
| from              | A parameter specifying the antecedent composite for the path.                      |
| to                | A parameter specifying the outcome composite for the path.                         |
| alpha             | A parameter for specifying the alpha for the confidence interval. Default is 0.05. |

**Value**

A vector of lower and upper confidence intervals for a path.

## References

Zhao, X., Lynch Jr, J. G., & Chen, Q. (2010). Reconsidering Baron and Kenny: Myths and truths about mediation analysis. *Journal of consumer research*, 37(2), 197-206.

## See Also

[bootstrap\\_model](#)

## Examples

```
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
  composite("Quality",    multi_items("PERQ", 1:7)),
  composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
  composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
  composite("Complaints",  single_item("CUSCO")),
  composite("Loyalty",    multi_items("CUSL", 1:3))
)

# Creating structural model
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(from = "Image",      to = c("Expectation", "Satisfaction", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Expectation", to = c("Quality", "Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Quality",    to = c("Value", "Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Value",      to = c("Satisfaction")),
  paths(from = "Satisfaction", to = c("Complaints", "Loyalty")),
  paths(from = "Complaints", to = "Loyalty")
)

# Estimating the model
mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(data = mobi,
                        measurement_model = mobi_mm,
                        structural_model = mobi_sm)

# Load data, assemble model, and bootstrap
boot_seminr_model <- bootstrap_model(seminr_model = mobi_pls,
                                    nboot = 50, cores = 2, seed = NULL)

total_indirect_ci(boot_seminr_model = boot_seminr_model,
                  from = "Image",
                  to = "Loyalty",
                  alpha = 0.05)
```

---

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| two_stage | <i>Creates an interaction measurement item using a two-stage approach. The two-stage procedure for both PLS and CBSEM models estimates construct scores in the first stage, and uses them to produce a single-item product item for the interaction term in the second stage. For a PLS model, the first stage uses PLS to compute construct scores. For a CBSEM model, the first stage uses a CFA to produce ten Berge construct scores.</i> |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

Creates an interaction measurement item using a two-stage approach. The two-stage procedure for both PLS and CBSEM models estimates construct scores in the first stage, and uses them to produce a single-item product item for the interaction term in the second stage. For a PLS model, the first stage uses PLS to compute construct scores. For a CBSEM model, the first stage uses a CFA to produce ten Berge construct scores.

## Usage

```
# two stage approach as per Henseler & Chin (2010):
two_stage(iv, moderator, weights)
```

## Arguments

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| iv        | The independent variable that is subject to moderation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| moderator | The moderator variable.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| weights   | is the relationship between the items and the interaction terms. This can be specified as <code>correlation_weights</code> or <code>mode_A</code> for correlation weights (Mode A) or as <code>regression_weights</code> or <code>mode_B</code> for regression weights (Mode B). Default is correlation weights. |

## Value

An un-evaluated function (promise) for estimating a two-stage interaction effect.

## References

Henseler & Chin (2010), A comparison of approaches for the analysis of interaction effects between latent variables using partial least squares path modeling. *Structural Equation Modeling*, 17(1),82-109.

## Examples

```
data(mobi)

# semnr syntax for creating measurement model
mobi_mm <- constructs(
  composite("Image",      multi_items("IMAG", 1:5)),
  composite("Expectation", multi_items("CUEX", 1:3)),
```

```

    composite("Value",      multi_items("PERV", 1:2)),
    composite("Satisfaction", multi_items("CUSA", 1:3)),
    interaction_term(iv = "Image", moderator = "Expectation", method = two_stage)
  )

# structural model: note that name of the interactions construct should be
# the names of its two main constructs joined by a '*' in between.
mobi_sm <- relationships(
  paths(to = "Satisfaction",
        from = c("Image", "Expectation", "Value",
                  "Image*Expectation"))
)

# PLS example:
mobi_pls <- estimate_pls(mobi, mobi_mm, mobi_sm)
summary(mobi_pls)

# CBSEM example:
mobi_cbsem <- estimate_cbsem(mobi, as.reflective(mobi_mm), mobi_sm)
summary(mobi_cbsem)

```

---

unit\_weights

*Outer weighting scheme functions to estimate construct weighting.*


---

## Description

mode\_A, correlation\_weights and mode\_B, regression\_weights and unit\_weights specify the outer weighting scheme to be used in the estimation of the construct weights and score.

## Usage

```
unit_weights(mmMatrix, i, normData, construct_scores)
```

## Arguments

|                  |                                                                                                                   |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| mmMatrix         | is the measurement_model - a source-to-target matrix representing the measurement model, generated by constructs. |
| i                | is the name of the construct to be estimated.                                                                     |
| normData         | is the dataframe of the normalized item data.                                                                     |
| construct_scores | is the matrix of construct scores generated by estimate_model.                                                    |

## Value

A matrix of estimated measurement model relations.

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