# Package 'rnr'

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Title Rosenbaum and Rubin Sensitivity
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<b>Description</b> Apply sensitivity analysis for offline policy evaluation, as implemented in Jung et al. (2017) <doi:10.48550 arxiv.1702.04690=""> based on Rosenbaum and Rubin (1983) <a href="http://www.jstor.org/stable/2345524">http://www.jstor.org/stable/2345524</a>&gt;.</doi:10.48550>
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rnr

rnr: A package for computing Rosenbaum and Rubin sensitivity

## Description

The rnr package provides functions for computing sensitivity of counterfactual estimates under assumptions of unobserved confounding.

sensitize

Generic sensitizing for Rosenbaum & Rubin sensitivity analysis

## Description

Generic sensitizing for Rosenbaum & Rubin sensitivity analysis

#### Usage

```
sensitize(obj, q, dp, d0, d1, ...)
```

#### Arguments

obj	data to sensitize
q	$p(u = 1 \mid x)$
dp	change in log-odds of treat = 1 if $u = 1$
d0	change in log-odds of response = 1 if treat = $0$ and $u = 1$
d1	change in log-odds of response = 1 if treat = 1 and $u = 1$
	additional arguments required to sensitize object

#### Value

a sensitized object, identical to, or inheriting the class of original obj

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sensitize.data.frame	Compute the sensitivity-adjusted estimates of predicted outcome given
	treatment/control

#### **Description**

Compute the sensitivity-adjusted estimates of predicted outcome given treatment/control

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
sensitize(obj, q, dp, d0, d1, debug = FALSE, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

obj	data frame to analyze; must include columns \$treat: Observed (binary) treatment, e.g., bail_set \$resp_ctl: Predicted probability of positive resp given control, \$resp_trt: Predicted probability of positive resp given treatment, \$p_trt: predicted probability of treatment
q	$p(u = 1 \mid x)$
dp	change in log-odds of treat = $1$ if $u = 1$
d0	change in log-odds of response = 1 if treat = $0$ and $u = 1$
d1	change in log-odds of response = 1 if treat = 1 and $u = 1$
debug	logical, whether or not to return columns of intermediate variables for debugging purposes
	additional arguments are ignored

#### Value

A data frame with the columns resp\_ctl and resp\_trt updated according to the sensitivity parameters. If debug = TRUE, returned data frame will also contain columns of intermediate variables computed for sensitivity, appended with "\_\_" (e.g., gamma\_\_), with the original response estimates renamed as resp\_trt\_trt\_\_ = resp\_trt resp\_ctl\_ctl\_\_ = resp\_ctl

#### **Examples**

```
obj <- data.frame(treat = 0, resp_ctl = .2, resp_trt = .3, p_trt = .5) sensitize(obj, q = .5, dp = log(2), d0 = log(2), d1 = log(2))
```

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