Package 'revulyticsR'

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Title Connect to Your 'Revulytics' Data		
Version 0.0.3		
Description Facilitates making a connection to the 'Revulytics' API and executing various queries. You can use it to get event data and metadata. The Revulytics documentation is available at https://docs.revenera.com/ui560/report/ . This package is not supported by 'Flexera' (owner of the software).		
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get_active_users

Get Active Users by Product ID and Various Date Spans

Description

For a given period of time (a day, week, or month) Revulytics' API summarizes and returns the number of active users. With this function you can return daily, weekly, or monthly active users for multiple product ids.

Usage

```
get_active_users(
  rev_product_ids,
  rev_date_type,
  rev_start_date,
  rev_end_date,
  rev_session_id,
  rev_username
)
```

Arguments

rev_product_ids

A vector of revulytics product id's for which you want active user data.

rev_date_type Level of aggregation, Revulytics will accept "day", "week", or "month".

rev_start_date Date formatted YYYY-MM-DD. Revulytics may give an error if you try to go

back too far.

rev_end_date Date formatted YYYY-MM-DD.

rev_session_id Session ID established by the connection to Revulytics API. This can be ob-

tained with revulytics_auth().

rev_username Revulytics username.

Details

You can specify a start and end date but Revulytics does not store an indefinite period of historical data. In my experience this is three years but I do not know if this varies on a product or client level.

It is not recommended that your username be stored directly in your code. There are various methods and packages available that are more secure; this package does not require you to use any one in particular.

Value

Data frame with active users for each product id and unique date within the range

Examples

```
## Not run:
rev_user <- "my_username"
rev_pwd <- "super_secret"
product_ids_list <- c("123", "456", "789")
start_date <- lubridate::floor_date(Sys.Date(), unit = "months") - months(6)
end_date <- Sys.Date() - 1
session_id <- revulytics_auth(rev_user, rev_pwd)
monthly_active_users <- get_active_users(product_ids_list,
"month",
start_date,
end_date,
session_id,
rev_user)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
get_categories_and_events
```

Get All Categories and Events for a List of Product Ids

Description

Returns all of the unique categories and events (basic and advanced) for each product id.

Usage

```
get_categories_and_events(rev_product_ids, rev_session_id, rev_username)
```

Arguments

```
rev_product_ids
```

A vector of revulytics product id's for which you want active user data.

rev_session_id Session ID established by the connection to Revulytics API. This can be obtained with revulytics_auth().

rev_username Revulytics username.

Details

It is not recommended that your username be stored directly in your code. There are various methods and packages available that are more secure; this package does not require you to use any one in particular.

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Value

Data frame with categories, events and event type by product id.

Examples

```
## Not run:
rev_user <- "my_username"
rev_pwd <- "super_secret"
product_ids_list <- c("123", "456", "789")
session_id <- revulytics_auth(rev_user, rev_pwd)
category_event <- get_categories_and_events(product_ids_list, session_id, rev_user)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

get_client_metadata

Get Metadata on Client Ids for a List of Product Ids

Description

Returns metadata (what Revulytics calls "properties") for every Client Id installed during user-provided date range for all product Ids in a list.

Usage

```
get_client_metadata(
    rev_product_ids,
    rev_session_id,
    rev_username,
    product_properties_df,
    desired_properties,
    installed_start_date,
    installed_end_date
)
```

Arguments

```
rev_product_ids
```

A vector of revulytics product id's for which you want active user data.

rev_session_id Session ID established by the connection to Revulytics API. This can be obtained with revulytics_auth().

rev_username Revulytics username.

product_properties_df

Data frame with available properties for all product ids. Can obtain with the get_product_properties function.

desired_properties

The property names of the metadata you want to collect.

```
installed_start_date

Date object for the starting date of product installations.

installed_end_date

Date object for the ending date of product installations.
```

Details

It is not recommended that your username be stored directly in your code. There are various methods and packages available that are more secure; this package does not require you to use any one in particular.

This API call can only return 200 Client Ids at a time. It will take a long time to execute if you have many Client Ids, as the function will submit requests to the API repeatedly; this may even result in a timeout error from the server. In order to provide data for troubleshooting this function will write a message to the console after each call. It is recommended that you divert the console output to a text file. You can do this in multiple ways, including with the sink function (see example for how to do this).

For the same reason you are encouraged to break your request into smaller chunks using the install dates and/or splitting up your product Ids.

Value

Data frame with selected properties for each Client Id.

Examples

```
## Not run:
rev_user <- "my_username"
rev_pwd <- "super_secret"
product_ids_list <- c("123", "456", "789")
session_id <- revulytics_auth(rev_user, rev_pwd)
product_properties <- get_product_properties(product_ids_list, session_id, rev_user)
sink("output_filename.txt")
sink(stdout(), type = "message")
client_metadata <- get_client_metadata(product_ids_list, session_id, rev_user,
product_properties, c("Property1", "Property2"), start_date, end_date)
sink()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
get_daily_client_properties
```

Get Daily Property Values for All Clients for a List of Product Ids

Description

Returns the list of daily client properties for all the client Ids installed during a user provided date range for all the Product Ids.

Usage

```
get_daily_client_properties(
   rev_product_ids,
   rev_session_id,
   rev_username,
   product_properties_df,
   desired_properties,
   installed_start_date,
   installed_end_date,
   daily_start_date,
   daily_end_date
)
```

Arguments

```
rev_product_ids
```

A vector of revulytics product id.

rev_session_id Session ID established by the connection to Revulytics API. This can be obtained with revulytics_auth().

rev_username Revulytics username.

product_properties_df

Data frame with available properties for all product ids. Can obtain with the get_product_properties function.

desired_properties

The property names of the metadata you want to collect.

installed_start_date

Date object for the starting date of product installations.

installed_end_date

Date object for the ending date of product installations.

daily_start_date

Date object for the starting date of desired properties of the product.

daily_end_date Date object for the ending date of desired properties of the product.

Details

It is not recommended that your username be stored directly in your code. There are various methods and packages available that are more secure; this package does not require you to use any one in particular.

This API call can only return 200 Client Ids at a time. It will take a long time to execute if you have many Client Ids, as the function will submit requests to the API repeatedly; this may even result in a timeout error from the server. In order to provide data for troubleshooting this function will write a message to the console after each call. It is recommended that you divert the console output to a text file. You can do this in multiple ways, including with the sink function (see example for how to do this).

For the same reason you are encouraged to break your request into smaller chunks using the install dates and/or splitting up your product Ids.

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Value

Data frame with selected properties for each Client Id.

Examples

```
## Not run:
rev_user <- "my_username"
rev_pwd <- "super_secret"
product_ids_list <- c("123", "456", "789")
session_id <- revulytics_auth(rev_user, rev_pwd)
product_properties <- get_product_properties(product_ids_list, session_id, rev_user)
sink("output_filename.txt")
sink(stdout(), type = "message")
daily_client_properties <- get_daily_client_properties(product_ids_list, session_id, rev_user,
product_properties, c("Property1", "Property2"), start_date, end_date,
daily_start_date = "01-01-2020", daily_end_date = "01-31-2020")
sink()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

get_new_users

Get New Users by Product ID and Various Date Spans

Description

For a given period of time (a day, week, or month) Revulytics' API summarizes and returns the number of new users. With this function you can return daily, weekly, or monthly new users for multiple product ids.

Usage

```
get_new_users(
   rev_product_ids,
   rev_date_type,
   rev_start_date,
   rev_end_date,
   rev_session_id,
   rev_username
)
```

Arguments

```
rev_product_ids

A vector of revulytics product id's for which you want new user data.

rev_date_type Level of aggregation, Revulytics will accept "day", "week", or "month".

rev_start_date Date formatted YYYY-MM-DD. Revulytics may give an error if you try to go back too far.
```

```
rev_end_date Date formatted YYYY-MM-DD.

rev_session_id Session ID established by the connection to Revulytics API. This can be obtained with revulytics_auth().

rev_username Revulytics username.
```

Details

You can specify a start and end date but Revulytics does not store an indefinite period of historical data. In my experience this is three years but I do not know if this varies on a product or client level.

It is not recommended that your username be stored directly in your code. There are various methods and packages available that are more secure; this package does not require you to use any one in particular.

Value

Data frame with new users for each product id and unique date within the range

Examples

```
## Not run:
rev_user <- "my_username"
rev_pwd <- "super_secret"
product_ids_list <- c("123", "456", "789")
start_date <- lubridate::floor_date(Sys.Date(), unit = "months") - months(6)
end_date <- Sys.Date() - 1
session_id <- revulytics_auth(rev_user, rev_pwd)
monthly_new_users <- get_new_users(product_ids_list,
"month",
start_date,
end_date,
session_id,
rev_user)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
get_product_properties
```

Get All Properties for a List of Product Ids

Description

Returns all of the unique properties (standard and custom) for each product id by property category.

Usage

```
get_product_properties(rev_product_ids, rev_session_id, rev_username)
```

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Arguments

```
rev_product_ids

A vector of revulytics product id's for which you want active user data.

rev_session_id Session ID established by the connection to Revulytics API. This can be obtained with revulytics_auth().

rev_username Revulytics username.
```

Details

It is not recommended that your username be stored directly in your code. There are various methods and packages available that are more secure; this package does not require you to use any one in particular.

Value

Data frame with properties and property attributes by product id.

Examples

```
## Not run:
rev_user <- "my_username"
rev_pwd <- "super_secret"
product_ids_list <- c("123", "456", "789")
session_id <- revulytics_auth(rev_user, rev_pwd)
product_properties <- get_product_properties(product_ids_list, session_id, rev_user)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Description

Retrieves a list of raw data file exports that are available for a list of product IDs and the download URL for each file.

Usage

```
get_raw_data_files(rev_product_ids, rev_session_id, rev_username)
```

Arguments

```
rev_product_ids

A vector of revulytics product id's for which you want active user data.

rev_session_id Session ID established by the connection to Revulytics API. This can be obtained with revulytics_auth().

rev_username Revulytics username.
```

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Details

Raw data files are an add-on service available through Revenera. If these files are available they can be downloaded manually from the user portal, or downloaded via R. This function uses the API to first retrieve the list of files, and then get the download URL for each file.

It is not recommended that your username be stored directly in your code. There are various methods and packages available that are more secure; this package does not require you to use any one in particular.

Value

Data frame with available files and URLs.

Examples

```
## Not run:
rev_user <- "my_username"
rev_pwd <- "super_secret"
product_ids_list <- c("123", "456", "789")
session_id <- revulytics_auth(rev_user, rev_pwd)
files_df <- get_raw_data_files(product_ids_list, session_id, rev_user)
file_list <- dplyr::pull(files_df, var = file_name)
for (f in file_list){
   url <- dplyr::filter(files_df, file_name == f) %>% dplyr::pull(download_url)
   download.file(url, mode = "wb", destfile = "download_file_location.zip")
}
## End(Not run)
```

revulytics_auth

Login and Obtain Revultyics API Session Id

Description

A session must first be established before querying the API. This is done using your Revulytics username and password.

Usage

```
revulytics_auth(rev_username, rev_password)
```

Arguments

```
rev_username Revulytics username.
rev_password Revultyics password.
```

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Details

It is not recommended that these values be stored directly in your code. There are various methods and packages available that are more secure; this package does not require you to use any one in particular.

Value

A list with details on connection to the Revulytics API.

Examples

```
## Not run:
rev_user <- "my_username"
rev_pwd <- "super_secret"
product_ids_list <- c("123", "456", "789")
start_date <- lubridate::floor_date(Sys.Date(), unit = "months") - months(6)
end_date <- Sys.Date() - 1
session_id <- revulytics_auth(rev_user, rev_pwd)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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