

Package ‘refund.shiny’

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Title Interactive Plotting for Functional Data Analyses

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Description

Produces Shiny applications for different types of popular functional data analyses. The functional data analyses are implemented in the refund package, then refund.shiny reads in the refund object and implements an object-specific set of plots based on the object class using S3.

Depends R ($\geq 3.0.1$)

Imports ggplot2, tidyr, shiny (≥ 0.11), reshape2, dplyr, gridExtra,
lme4, plotly, refund

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as_refundObj	<i>Convert data to refund objects for use in functional data analyses</i>
--------------	---

Description

Very experimental function, primarily used to convert matrices storing functional data to data.frames with specific variable names.

Usage

```
as_refundObj(obj, ...)
```

Arguments

- obj Object to be converted. Currently supports class `matrix`, formatted so that rows contain functional observations on subjects.
- ... additional arguments to be passed to methods.

Value

An object of classes `data.frame` and `refund.object`, the latter of which is so far not used. Columns are `id` (taken from the `rownames` of `obj`, if they exist), `index` (with behavior described above), and `value` (taken from entries in `obj`).

Author(s)

Jeff Goldsmith <jeff.goldsmith@columbia.edu>

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(ggplot2)
library(refund)

cca_df = as_refundObj(DTI$cca)

ggplot(cca_df, aes(x = index, y = value, group = id)) + geom_line()

## End(Not run)
```

as_refundObj.matrix *Convert matrices to dataframes for use in functional data analyses*

Description

Convert matrices to dataframes for use in functional data analyses

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'matrix'
as_refundObj(obj, index = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	Matrix object to be converted; rows contain functional observations on subjects.
index	Time grid on which functional data are observed; defaults to NULL, which assumes an equally-spaced grid on [0,1].
...	additional arguments to be passed to methods (not used).

Value

An object of classes `data.frame` and `refund.object`, the latter of which is so far not used. Columns are `id` (taken from the rownames of `obj`, if they exist), `index` (with behavior described above), and `value` (taken from entries in `obj`).

Author(s)

Jeff Goldsmith <jeff.goldsmith@columbia.edu>

Examples

```
library(ggplot2)
library(refund)

cca_df = as_refundObj(DTI$cca)
ggplot(cca_df, aes(x = index, y = value, group = id)) + geom_line()
```

bakeLasagna	<i>Create side-by-side lasagna plot and density plot</i>
-------------	--

Description

Internal method used in conjunction with `makeLasagna()` to create side-by-side lasagna plot and distribution plot. The distribution plot gives distribution of sorting covariate.

Usage

```
bakeLasagna(data, data.long, covariate = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Dataset for lasagna plot. Same data used in <code>makeLasagna()</code> function.
<code>data.long</code>	Sorted longform dataset for lasagna plot output by <code>makeLasagna()</code> function.
<code>covariate</code>	User-selected covariate for sorting the rows in the lasagna plot. Defaults to <code>NULL</code> , in which case data is sorted by row number.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

combinat	<i>internal function from 'fda' package</i>
----------	---

Description

function used in method for fast modified band depth (MBD) calculation

Usage

```
combinat(n, p)
```

Arguments

n	number of columns in your dataset
p	number of rows in your dataset

Author(s)

Ying Sun and Marc G.Genton

createInputCall	<i>Create input calls for plot_shiny.fosr()</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Internal method that constructs the input calls for plot_shiny.fosr(). The variable name and values are passed as arguments, and a corresponding slider (for numeric) or drop-down (for factor) input is constructed.

Usage

```
createInputCall(name, variable)
```

Arguments

name	variable name
variable	variable values from dataset

Author(s)

Jeff Goldsmith <ajg2202@cumc.columbia.edu>

createInvLink	<i>Return inverse link function for plot_shiny.fpca()</i>
---------------	---

Description

Internal method that constructs the inverse link function for a generalized FPCA fit. This is used in toggling between plots on the natural scale and on the response scale.

Usage

```
createInvLink(family = NULL)
```

Arguments

family	Family of the (generalized) FPCA. Currently supported families are gaussian and binomial.
--------	---

Author(s)

Jeff Goldsmith <ajg2202@cumc.columbia.edu>

downloadModule	<i>download Plot as PDF or ggplot Object, modularized server</i>
----------------	--

Description

Internal method that creates UI with buttons to download a plot as a PDF or ggplot object.

Usage

```
downloadModule(input, output, session, plotObject, plotName)
```

Arguments

input	gets user input from UI
output	designates output for UI
session	Shiny variable for server modules
plotObject	Reactive plot object defined elsewhere in the server function.
plotName	Character string designating name of the plot for PDF output.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <jw3134@cumc.columbia.edu>

downloadModuleUI	<i>download Plot as PDF or ggplot Object, modularized UI</i>
------------------	--

Description

Internal method that creates UI with buttons to download a plot as a PDF or ggplot object.

Usage

```
downloadModuleUI(id)
```

Arguments

id	name of module. Allows each call of this module to be uniquely identified.
----	--

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

fMBD	<i>fast modified band depth calculation for fda Method for fast modified band depth (fMBD) calculation</i>
------	--

Description

fast modified band depth calculation for fda

Method for fast modified band depth (fMBD) calculation

Usage

```
fMBD(data)
```

Arguments

data	name of dataset
------	-----------------

Author(s)

Ying Sun and Marc G.Genton

getWidth	<i>Get spaces between timepoints as widths for binary registration lasagna plot.</i>
----------	--

Description

Get spaces between timepoints as widths for binary registration lasagna plot.

Usage

```
getWidth(z)
```

Arguments

z	time values for a specific subject
---	------------------------------------

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <jw3134@cumc.columbia.edu>

makeLasagna	<i>Pre-process data for lasagna plot</i>
-------------	--

Description

Internal method that takes a dataframe of observed data with an outcome matrix and user-selected covariate, sorts outcome by the selected covariate, and assigns heights to each row based on value of the selected covariate. The resulting dataframe is used with `bakeLasagna()` to create lasagna plot.

Usage

```
makeLasagna(data, outcome, covariate = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	Dataset for lasagna plot.
<code>outcome</code>	Matrix of values where each row represents a functional observation.
<code>covariate</code>	User-selected covariate for sorting the rows in the lasagna plot. Defaults to NULL, in which case data is sorted by row number.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

make_linCom	<i>Create lincom plot for FPCA panels</i>
-------------	---

Description

Produces a ggplot with mean and sliders to change weighting of each PC; allows you to obtain range of potential fitted values.

Usage

```
make_linCom(obj, pc_weights, response_scale = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>obj</code>	fPCA object to be plotted.
<code>pc_weights</code>	User-selected weights for FPCs
<code>response_scale</code>	Scale of response to be plotted. If TRUE results are plotted on response scale, if FALSE results are plotted on natural scale.

make_muPC	Create muPC plot for FPCA panels
-----------	----------------------------------

Description

Produces a ggplot with mean plus or minus two standard deviations of a selected FPC.

Usage

```
make_muPC(obj, pc_choice, response_scale = FALSE)
```

Arguments

obj	fPCA object to be plotted.
pc_choice	FPC to be plotted.
response_scale	Scale of response to be plotted. If TRUE results are plotted on response scale, if FALSE results are plotted on natural scale.

mfpcaCalls	Create input calls for plot_shiny.mfpca()
------------	---

Description

Internal method that constructs the input calls for plot_shiny.mfpca(). The number of sliders to construct for each level is passed as an argument, and corresponding sliders for each FPC are constructed.

Usage

```
mfpcaCalls(plot.npc, plotObj, percents)
```

Arguments

plot.npc	list of 2 numeric entries giving number of sliders at each level
plotObj	the mfpca object plotted in the plot_shiny.mfpca() function.
percents	the percent variance calculated for each eigen values for levels 1 and 2.

Value

a list of numbers that indicate percent variance for selected level.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <jw3134@cumc.columbia.edu>

outliers	<i>Identifies outliers for plot_shiny.fosr()</i>
----------	--

Description

Internal method that assigns band depth values to curves based on exact fast MBD computation (Sun & Genton, 2012). Code modified from fbplot in fda package. A dataframe of residuals is passed as an argument, and depths and outlying curves are returned

Usage

```
outliers(data, factor = 1.5)
```

Arguments

data	matrix or df of functional observations
factor	a constant that determines the fences for outliers. Defaults to 1.5, as in classical definition for Tukey outliers.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <jw3134@cumc.columbia.edu>

References

Sun, Ying, Marc G. Genton, and Douglas W. Nychka. (2012). Exact fast computation of band depth for large functional datasets: How quickly can one million curves be ranked? *Stat*, 1, 68-74.

Sun, Ying, and Marc G. Genton. (2011). Functional boxplots. *Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics*, 20, 313-334.

plot_shiny	<i>plot_shiny The generic function for interactive plots of functional data analyses</i>
------------	--

Description

Interactive Plotting for Functional Data

Usage

```
plot_shiny(obj, ...)
```

Arguments

`obj` object to be plotted. Currently, allowed data types are `fpca` `mfpca` `lfpca` and `fosr`.

`...` additional arguments passed to plotting functions

Details

Function for interactive plotting of functional data analysis results.

This package builds on the `refund` package: tools in `refund` are used to conduct analyses and functions in this package create interactive visualizations of the results of those analyses. There are four major categories of analyses that can be viewed:

1. Functional principal components analyses implemented by [fpca.sc](#), [fpca.face](#), [fpca.ssvd](#), and [fpca2s](#). Plots show the mean $\pm$ 2SD times each FPC; scree plots; linear combinations of score values and FPCs; reconstructions for each subject; and score scatterplots.
2. Function-on-scalar regression analyses implemented by [bayes_fosr](#). Plots show the raw data colored by covariate values; fitted values depending on covariates; coefficient functions; and residuals.
3. Multilevel functional principal components analyses implemented by [mfpca.sc](#). Plots show the mean $\pm$ 2SD times each FPC; scree plots; linear combinations of score values and FPCs; reconstructions for each subject; and score scatterplots for levels 1 and 2. #'
4. Longitudinal functional principal components analyses

Value

This function outputs a shiny app based on the class of the input object.

Author(s)

Jeff Goldsmith <jeff.goldsmith@columbia.edu>, Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

See Also

[plot_shiny.fpca](#), [plot_shiny.mfpca](#), [plot_shiny.fosr](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(dplyr)
##### FPCA Example on real data #####

data(cd4)
SC = fpca.sc(cd4)
plot_shiny(SC)

##### FoSR Example #####

data(DTI)
```

```

DTI = DTI[complete.cases(DTI),]
fit.fosr = refund::bayes_fosr(cca ~ pasat + sex, data = DTI)
plot_shiny(fit.fosr)

##### FoSR Example with outliers #####

DTI$cca[1,] = DTI$cca[1,] + .4
DTI$cca[2,] = DTI$cca[2,] + .4

fosr.dti2 = bayes_fosr(cca ~ pasat + sex, data = DTI)
plot_shiny(fosr.dti2)

##### Longitudinal FoSR Examples #####

data(DTI2)
class(DTI2$cca) = class(DTI2$cca)[-1]
DTI2 = subset(DTI2, select = c(cca, id, pasat))
DTI2 = DTI2[complete.cases(DTI2),]

fosr.dti3 = bayes_fosr(cca ~ pasat + re(id), data = DTI2, Kt = 10, Kp = 4, cov.method = "FPCA")
plot_shiny(fosr.dti3)
plot_shiny(fosr.dti3$fPCA.obj)

##### LFPCA Example on real data #####

data(DTI)
MS <- subset(DTI, case ==1) # subset data with multiple sclerosis (MS) case

index.na <- which(is.na(MS$cca))
Y <- MS$cca; Y[index.na] <- fpca.sc(Y)$Yhat[index.na]; sum(is.na(Y))
id <- MS$ID
visit.index <- MS$visit
visit.time <- MS$visit.time/max(MS$visit.time)

lfpca.dti1 <- fpca.lfda(Y = Y, subject.index = id,
                      visit.index = visit.index, obsT = visit.time,
                      LongiModel.method = 'lme',
                      mFPCA.pve = 0.95)
plot_shiny(lfpca.dti1)

lfpca.dti2 <- fpca.lfda(Y = Y, subject.index = id,
                      visit.index = visit.index, obsT = visit.time,
                      LongiModel.method = 'fpca.sc',
                      mFPCA.pve = 0.80, sFPCA.pve = 0.80)
plot_shiny(lfpca.dti2)

## End(Not run)

```

Description

Produces an interactive plot illustrating a functional linear concurrent regression analysis.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'flcm'  
plot_shiny(obj, xlab = "", ylab = "", title = "", ...)
```

Arguments

obj	fosr object to be plotted.
xlab	x axis label
ylab	y axis label
title	plot title
...	additional arguments passed to plotting functions

Value

No object is returned. This function takes in objects of class 'fosr' and outputs a shiny application for that object

Author(s)

Jeff Goldsmith <jeff.goldsmith@columbia.edu>, Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

See Also

[plot_shiny](#)

Description

Produces an interactive plot illustrating a function-on-scalar regression analysis.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fosr'  
plot_shiny(obj, xlab = "", ylab = "", title = "", ...)
```

Arguments

obj	fPCA object to be plotted.
xlab	x axis label
ylab	y axis label
title	plot title
...	additional arguments passed to plotting functions

Value

No object is returned. This function takes in objects of class 'fPCA' and outputs a shiny application for that object.

Author(s)

Jeff Goldsmith <jeff.goldsmith@columbia.edu>, Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschultz.edu>

See Also

[plot_shiny](#)

plot_shiny.fPCA

Interactive Plotting for Functional Principal Component Analysis

Description

Produces an interactive plot illustrating a functional principal component analysis.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'fPCA'
plot_shiny(obj, xlab = "", ylab = "", title = "", thin_data = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	fPCA object to be plotted.
xlab	x axis label
ylab	y axis label
title	plot title
thin_data	If TRUE data is thinned for each subject to make plotting faster. Defaults to FALSE.
...	additional arguments passed to plotting functions

Value

No object is returned. This function takes in objects of class 'fPCA' and outputs a shiny application for that object.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>, Jeff Goldsmith <jeff.goldsmith@columbia.edu>

See Also

[plot_shiny](#)

plot_shiny.lfpca	<i>Interactive Plotting for Longitudinal Functional Data Analysis using FPCA</i>
------------------	--

Description

Produces an interactive plot illustrating longitudinal functional data analysis (Park and Staicu, 2015).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lfpca'
plot_shiny(obj, xlab = "", ylab = "", title = "", ...)
```

Arguments

obj	lfpca object to be plotted.
xlab	x axis label
ylab	y axis label
title	plot title
...	additional arguments passed to plotting functions

Author(s)

So Young Park <spark13@ncsu.edu>, Ana-Maria Staicu <astaicu@ncsu.edu>

References

Park, S.Y. and Staicu, A.M. (2015). Longitudinal functional data analysis. Stat 4 212-226.

See Also

[plot_shiny](#); `fpcal.fda` in the `refund` package for estimation method.

plot_shiny.mfpca	<i>Interactive Plotting for Multilevel Functional Principal Component Analysis</i>
------------------	--

Description

Produces an interactive plot illustrating a multilevel functional principal component analysis.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'mfpca'  
plot_shiny(obj, xlab = "", ylab = "", title = "", ...)
```

Arguments

obj	mfpca object to be plotted.
xlab	x axis label
ylab	y axis label
title	plot title
...	additional arguments passed to plotting functions

Value

No object is returned. This function takes in objects of class 'mfpca' and outputs a shiny application for that object.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>, Jeff Goldsmith <jeff.goldsmith@columbia.edu>

See Also

[plot_shiny](#)

plot_shiny.registration	<i>Interactive Plotting for Registration Objects</i>
-------------------------	--

Description

Produces an interactive plot illustrating functional data before and after registration. Our registration method uses FPCA, the FPCA is plotted as well.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'registration'
plot_shiny(obj, xlab = "", ylab = "", title = "", thin_data = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	registration object to be plotted.
xlab	x axis label
ylab	y axis label
title	plot title
thin_data	If TRUE data is thinned for each subject to make plotting faster. Defaults to FALSE.
...	additional arguments passed to plotting functions

Value

No object is returned. This function takes in objects of class 'registration' and outputs a shiny application for that object.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

See Also

[plot_shiny](#)

registerLasagna

Create lasagna plot for unregistered and registered data

Description

Get registered and unregistered lasagna plots for binary data. Note: should make this compatible for other data types as well. Requires data to have t_hat and tstar variables.

Usage

```
registerLasagna(data)
```

Arguments

data	Dataset for lasagna plot.
------	---------------------------

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

`savePDF`*Save Plot Object as PDF*

Description

Internal method that saves plots as PDF. Can be used with all plotting methods in the package. The name of the plot object and its name to be saved under are passed in and the plot is saved as a PDF.

Usage

```
savePDF(title, plotName)
```

Arguments

<code>title</code>	new name for the plot, and name of the PDF file created
<code>plotName</code>	name of the ggplot object

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

`savePlot`*Save Plot Object as .RData file*

Description

Internal method that saves ggplot plots as .RData files. Can be used with all plotting methods in the package. The name of the plot object and its name to be saved under are passed in and the plot is saved as an RData file.

Usage

```
savePlot(title, plotName)
```

Arguments

<code>title</code>	new name for the plot, and name of the RData file created.
<code>plotName</code>	name of the ggplot object.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

tabPanelModule	<i>download Plot as PDF or ggplot Object, modularized server</i>
----------------	--

Description

Internal method that creates UI with buttons to download a plot as a PDF or ggplot object.

Usage

```
tabPanelModule(  
  input,  
  output,  
  session,  
  plotObject = NULL,  
  plotName = NULL,  
  plotObject2 = NULL,  
  plotName2 = NULL,  
  is.plotly = FALSE,  
  is.grid = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

input	gets user input from UI
output	designates output for UI.
session	Shiny variable for server modules.
plotObject	Reactive plot object defined elsewhere in the server function.
plotName	Character string designating name of the plot for PDF output.
plotObject2	Reactive plot object for the (optional) second plot.
plotName2	Character string designating name of the (optional) second plot for the PDF output
is.plotly	Indicates if plots are plotly generated. Defaults to FALSE.
is.grid	Indicates if plot is generated using grid.arrange() to arrange ggplot objects. If TRUE, prints plot object implicitly rather than explicitly.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschultz.edu>

tabPanelModuleUI	<i>modularized UI for creating a new tab</i>
------------------	--

Description

Creates a UI tab with helptext, widgets for user input, a plot, and standardized layout. The default is to create one plot, but if the argument 'twoPlots' is set to TRUE, then the layout allows for two plots, where each can have separate helper text and Shiny widget calls.

Usage

```
tabPanelModuleUI(
  id,
  tabTitle,
  icon = NULL,
  calls = NULL,
  helperText = NULL,
  twoPlots = FALSE,
  calls2 = NULL,
  helperText2 = NULL,
  title2 = NULL,
  brushName = NULL,
  is.plotly = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

id	Name of module. Allows each call of this module to be uniquely identified.
tabTitle	Title of the tab, visible in UI
icon	Optional icon to appear on the tab. This attribute is only valid when using a tabPanel within a navbarPage.
calls	Unevaluated expression that stores Shiny widgets (for example, a call to a sliderInput function) for the tab.
helperText	Optional help text for the tab.
twoPlots	defaults to FALSE, and layout is generated for one plot. If TRUE, layout is generated for two plots
calls2	Unevaluated expression that stores Shiny widgets for the (optional) second plot
helperText2	Optional help text for the (optional) second plot
title2	plot title for the (optional) second plot
brushName	character vector indicating the name of brush if you want brushing for the plot. For use in score scatterplots for plot_shiny.fPCA() and plot_shiny.mfPCA().
is.plotly	Indicates if plots are plotly generated. Defaults to FALSE.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschultz.edu>

thin_functional_data	<i>Thin functional data</i>
----------------------	-----------------------------

Description

Takes a dense functional dataset in long form and thins it so that there are 100 observations per subject, equally spaced.

Usage

```
thin_functional_data(Y, length_out = 100)
```

Arguments

Y	functional dataframe
length_out	number of points per subject for dataframe that is returned

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

varPercent	<i>Calculate percent variance of eigenvalues for plot_shiny.mfpca()</i>
------------	---

Description

Internal method that calculates percent variance of eigenvalues for specified level (1, 2, or total) for plot_shiny.mfpca(). The desired level is passed in as an argument (level = 12 for total) and a list of percent variances is returned.

Usage

```
varPercent(level, plotObj)
```

Arguments

level	numeric, 1 or 2 for levels 1 or 2, respectively, 12 to calculate total variance.
plotObj	the mfpca object plotted in the plot_shiny.mfpca() function.

Value

a list of numbers that indicate percent variance for selected level.

Author(s)

Julia Wrobel <julia.wrobel@cuanschutz.edu>

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