

Package ‘pedquant’

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Title Public Economic Data and Quantitative Analysis

Description Provides an interface to access public economic and financial data for economic research and quantitative analysis. The data sources including NBS, FRED, Sina, Eastmoney and etc. It also provides quantitative functions for trading strategies based on the 'data.table', 'TTR', 'PerformanceAnalytics' and etc packages.

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports data.table, TTR, zoo, PerformanceAnalytics, curl, httr, rvest, lubridate, stringi, jsonlite, readxl, readr, echarts4r, xefun (> 0.1.3)

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

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URL <https://github.com/ShichenXie/pedquant>

BugReports <https://github.com/ShichenXie/pedquant/issues>

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dt_banks	<i>dataset of bank stocks in sse</i>
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Description

The daily historical data of bank stocks

Usage

dt_banks

Format

A data frame with 7506 rows and 15 variables:

- symbol** stock ticker symbol
- name** stock ticker name
- date** trade date
- open** stock price at the open of trading

high stock price at the highest point during trading
low stock price at the lowest point during trading
close stock price at the close of trading
volume number of shares traded
amount monetary value of shares traded
turnover rate of shares traded over total
close_adj adjusted stock price at the close of trading

dt_ssec	<i>dataset of shanghai composite index</i>
---------	--

Description

The daily historical Shanghai Composite Index

Usage

dt_ssec

Format

A data frame with 7506 rows and 15 variables:

symbol stock ticker symbol
name stock ticker name
date trade date
open stock price at the open of trading
high stock price at the highest point during trading
low stock price at the lowest point during trading
close stock price at the close of trading
volume number of shares traded
amount monetary value of shares traded
turnover rate of shares traded over total
close_adj adjusted stock price at the close of trading

ed_code	<i>code list by category</i>
---------	------------------------------

Description

ed_code get the code list of country, currency, stock exchange, commodity exchange and administrative district of mainland of China.

Usage

```
ed_code(cate = NULL)
```

Arguments

cate	The available category values including 'country', 'currency', 'stock_exchange', 'commodity_exchange', 'china_district'.
------	--

Examples

```
## Not run:
# specify the categories
code_list1 = ed_code(cate = c('country', 'currency'))

# interactively return code list
code_list2 = ed_code()

## End(Not run)
```

ed_fred	<i>query FRED economic data</i>
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Description

ed_fred provides an interface to access the economic data provided by FRED (<https://fred.stlouisfed.org>)

Usage

```
ed_fred(symbol = NULL, date_range = "10y", from = NULL,
        to = Sys.Date(), na_rm = FALSE, print_step = 1L)
```

Arguments

symbol	symbols of FRED economic indicators. It is available via function <code>ed_fred_symbol</code> or its website. Default is <code>NULL</code> , which calls <code>ed_fred_symbol</code> in the back.
date_range	date range. Available value includes <code>'1m'-'11m'</code> , <code>'ytd'</code> , <code>'max'</code> and <code>'1y'-'ny'</code> . Default is <code>'10y'</code> .
from	the start date. Default is <code>NULL</code> . If it is <code>NULL</code> , then calculate using <code>date_range</code> and end date.
to	the end date. Default is the current date.
na_rm	logical, whether to remove missing values. Default is <code>FALSE</code>
print_step	a non-negative integer, which will print symbol name by each <code>print_step</code> iteration. Default is <code>1L</code> .

Value

a list of dataframes with columns of symbol, name, date, value, geo, unit. The geo column might be NA according to local internet connection.

Examples

```
dat = ed_fred(c("A191RL1A225NBEA", "GDPCA"))
```

<code>ed_fred_symbol</code>	<i>symbol of FRED economic data</i>
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Description

`ed_fred_symbol` provides an interface to search symbols of economic data from FRED by category or keywords.

Usage

```
ed_fred_symbol(category = NULL, keywords = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

category	the category id. If it is <code>NULL</code> , then search symbols from the top categories step by step.
keywords	the query text. If it is <code>NULL</code> , the function will search symbols by category.
...	ignored parameters

Examples

```
## Not run:
# search symbols by category
# from top categories
symbol_dt1 = ed_fred_symbol()
# specify the initial categories
symbol_dt2 = ed_fred_symbol(category = 1)

# search symbol by keywords
symbol_dt3 = ed_fred_symbol(keywords = "gdp china")

## End(Not run)
```

ed_nbs	<i>query NBS economic data</i>
--------	--------------------------------

Description

ed_nbs provides an interface to query economic data from National Bureau of Statistics of China (NBS, <https://www.stats.gov.cn/>).

Usage

```
ed_nbs(symbol = NULL, freq = NULL, geo_type = NULL, subregion = NULL,
        date_range = "10y", from = NULL, to = Sys.Date(), na_rm = FALSE,
        eng = FALSE)
```

Arguments

symbol	symbols of NBS indicators. It is available via ed_nbs_symbol. Default is NULL.
freq	the frequency of NBS indicators, including 'monthly', 'quarterly', 'yearly'. Default is NULL.
geo_type	geography type in NBS, including 'nation', 'province', 'city'. Default is NULL.
subregion	codes of province or city, which is available via ed_nbs_subregion. Default is NULL.
date_range	date range. Available value includes '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-'ny'. Default is '10y'.
from	the start date. Default is NULL. If it is NULL, then calculate using date_range and end date.
to	the end date. Default is the current date.
na_rm	logical. Whether to remove missing values from datasets. Default is FALSE.
eng	logical. The language of the query results is in English or in Chinese Default is FALSE.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# query NBS data without setting any parameters
dt = ed_nbs()

# specify parameters
dt1 = ed_nbs(geo_type='nation', freq='quarterly', symbol='A010101')
# or using 'n'/'q' represents 'nation'/'quarterly'
dt2 = ed_nbs(geo_type='n', freq='q', symbol='A010101')

# query data in one province
dt3 = ed_nbs(geo_type='province', freq='quarterly',
             symbol='A010101', subregion='110000')

# query data in all province
dt4 = ed_nbs(geo_type='province', freq='quarterly',
             symbol='A010101', subregion='all')

## End(Not run)
```

ed_nbs_subregion	<i>subregion code of NBS economic data</i>
------------------	--

Description

ed_nbs_subregion query province or city code from NBS

Usage

```
ed_nbs_subregion(geo_type = NULL, eng = FALSE)
```

Arguments

geo_type	geography type in NBS, including 'province', 'city'. Default is NULL.
eng	logical. The language of the query results is in English or in Chinese. Default is FALSE.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# province code
prov1 = ed_nbs_subregion(geo_type = 'province')
# or using 'p' represents 'province'
prov2 = ed_nbs_subregion(geo_type = 'p')

# city code in Chinese
# city = ed_nbs_subregion(geo_type = 'c', eng = FALSE)
```

```
# city code in English
city = ed_nbs_subregion(geo_type = 'c', eng = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

ed_nbs_symbol	<i>symbol of NBS economic data</i>
---------------	------------------------------------

Description

ed_nbs_symbol provides an interface to query symbols of economic indicators from NBS.

Usage

```
ed_nbs_symbol(symbol = NULL, geo_type = NULL, freq = NULL, eng = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- symbol symbols of NBS indicators.
- geo_type geography type in NBS, including 'nation', 'province', 'city'. Default is NULL.
- freq the frequency of NBS indicators, including 'monthly', 'quarterly', 'yearly'. Default is NULL.
- eng logical. The language of the query results is in English or in Chinese. Default is FALSE.

Examples

```
# query symbol interactively
## Not run:
sym = ed_nbs_symbol()
## End(Not run)
```

md_bond	<i>query bond data</i>
---------	------------------------

Description

md_bond query bond market data from FRED and ChinaBond.

Usage

```
md_bond(symbol = NULL, type = "history", date_range = "3y",
         from = NULL, to = Sys.Date(), print_step = 1L, ...)
```

Arguments

symbol	bond symbols. Default is NULL.
type	the data type. Default is history.
date_range	date range. Available value includes '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-'ny'. Default is 3y.
from	the start date. Default is NULL. If it is NULL, then calculate using date_range and end date.
to	the end date. Default is the current date.
print_step	a non-negative integer, which will print symbol name by each print_step iteration. Default is 1L.
...	Additional parameters.

md_forex

*query forex data***Description**

md_forex query forex market data from FRED (history data) or sina (real data).

Usage

```
md_forex(symbol, type = "history", date_range = "3y", from = NULL,
  to = Sys.Date(), print_step = 1L, ...)
```

Arguments

symbol	forex symbols. Default is NULL.
type	the data type, available values including history and real. Default is history.
date_range	date range. Available value includes '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-'ny'. Default is 3y.
from	the start date. Default is NULL. If it is NULL, then calculate using date_range and end date.
to	the end date. Default is the current date.
print_step	a non-negative integer, which will print symbol name by each print_step iteration. Default is 1L.
...	Additional parameters.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# history data
dtfx_hist1 = md_forex(c('usdcny', 'usdjpy'))

# real data
dtfx_real = md_forex(c('eurusd', 'usdcny', 'usdjpy'), type = 'real')

## End(Not run)
```

md_future	<i>query future market data</i>
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Description

md_future query future market data from sina finance, <https://finance.sina.com.cn/futuremarket/>.

Usage

```
md_future(symbol, type = "history", date_range = "max", from = NULL,
          to = Sys.Date(), freq = "daily", print_step = 1L, ...)
```

Arguments

symbol	future symbols It is available via function md_future_symbol or its website.
type	the data type, including history, real and info. Default is history.
date_range	date range. Available value includes '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-'ny'. Default is max.
from	the start date. Default is NULL. If it is NULL, then calculate using date_range and end date.
to	the end date. Default is the current date.
freq	data frequency, default is daily.
print_step	a non-negative integer, which will print symbol name by each print_step iteration. Default is 1L.
...	Additional parameters.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# history data
df_hist = md_future(symbol = c('IF0', 'A0', 'CU0', 'CF0', 'XAU'))

# real data
```

```
df_real = md_future(symbol = c('IF0', 'A0', 'CU0', 'CF0', 'XAU'),
                     type = 'real')

## End(Not run)
```

md_future_symbol	<i>symbol of future market data</i>
------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

md_future_symbol returns all future symbols that provided by sina finance, see details on http://vip.stock.finance.sina.com.cn/quotes_service/view/qihuohangqing.html or http://vip.stock.finance.sina.com.cn/mkt/#global_qh

Usage

```
md_future_symbol(...)
```

Arguments

... ignored parameters

Examples

```
## Not run:
sybs = md_future_symbol()

## End(Not run)
```

md_money	<i>query interbank offered rate</i>
----------	-------------------------------------

Description

md_money query libor from FRED or shibor from chinamoney.

Usage

```
md_money(symbol = NULL, date_range = "3y", from = NULL,
         to = Sys.Date(), print_step = 1L)
```

Arguments

symbol	ibor symbols. Default is NULL.
date_range	date range. Available value includes '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-'ny'. Default is 3y.
from	the start date. Default is NULL. If it is NULL, then calculate using date_range and end date.
to	the end date. Default is the current date.
print_step	a non-negative integer, which will print symbol name by each print_step iteration. Default is 1L.

md_moneycn	<i>query chinese benchmark rates</i>
------------	--------------------------------------

Description

md_moneycn query benchmark rates from chinamoney.com.cn.

Usage

```
md_moneycn(symbol = NULL, date_range = "3y", from = NULL,
  to = Sys.Date(), print_step = 1L)
```

Arguments

symbol	benchmarks, available values including 'rmbx', 'shibor', 'lpr', 'pr', 'yb'. Default is NULL,
date_range	date range. Available value includes '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-'ny'. Default is 3y.
from	the start date. Default is NULL. If it is NULL, then calculate using date_range and end date.
to	the end date. Default is the current date.
print_step	a non-negative integer, which will print symbol name by each print_step iteration. Default is 1L.

md_stock	<i>query stock market data</i>
----------	--------------------------------

Description

md_stock provides an interface to query stock or fund data.

Usage

```
md_stock(symbol, type = "history", date_range = "3y", from = NULL,
         to = Sys.Date(), forward = NULL, print_step = 1L, ...)
```

Arguments

symbol	symbols of stock shares.
type	the data type, including history, real. Defaults to history.
date_range	date range. Available value including '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-. Default is '3y'.
from	the start date. Default is NULL.
to	the end date. Default is current system date.
forward	whether to forward adjust the OHLC prices. If it is NULL, return the original data from source, defaults to NULL.
print_step	A non-negative integer. Print symbol name by each print_step iteration. Default is 1L.
...	Additional parameters.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Example I: query history data
# us
FAANG = md_stock(c('META', 'AMZN', 'AAPL', 'NFLX', 'GOOG'))

# hkex
TMX = md_stock(c('00700.hk', '03690.hk', '01810.hk'))

# sse/szse
## the symbol without suffix
dt_cn1 = md_stock(c("000001", "^000001", "512510"))
## the symbol with suffix
dt_cn2 = md_stock(c("000001.sz", "000001.ss", "512510.ss"))

# Example III: query real prices
# real price for equities
dt_real1 = md_stock(c('META', 'AMZN', 'AAPL', 'NFLX', 'GOOG',
```

```
'00700.hk', '03690.hk', '01810.hk',
"000001", "^000001", "512510"), type = 'real')
```

```
# query company information
dt_info1 = md_stock('600036', type = 'info')

## End(Not run)
```

md_stock_adjust	<i>adjust stock prices</i>
-----------------	----------------------------

Description

md_stock_adjust adjusts the open, high, low and close stock prices.

Usage

```
md_stock_adjust(dt, forward = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

dt	a list/dataframe of time series datasets that didnt adjust for split or dividend.
forward	forward adjust or backward adjust, defaults to FALSE.
...	Additional parameters.

Examples

```
data("dt_banks")

dtadj1 = md_stock_adjust(dt_banks, adjust = FALSE)
dtadj2 = md_stock_adjust(dt_banks, adjust = TRUE)
```

md_stock_financials	<i>query financial statements</i>
---------------------	-----------------------------------

Description

md_stock_financials provides an interface to query financial statements for all listed companies in SSE and SZSE by specified report date.

Usage

```
md_stock_financials(type = NULL, date_range = "1q", from = NULL,
  to = Sys.Date(), print_step = 1L, ...)
```

Arguments

type	the type of financial statements.
date_range	date range. Available value including '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-. Default is '3y'.
from	the start date. Default is NULL.
to	the end date. Default is current system date.
print_step	A non-negative integer. Print financial statements name by each print_step iteration. Default is 1L.
...	Additional parameters.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# interactively specify type of financial table
dtfs1 = md_stock_financials(type="fs0_summary", to = '2022-12-31')
dtfs2 = md_stock_financials(type="fs0_summary", to = c('2022-12-31', '2023-03-31'))
dtfs3 = md_stock_financials(type="fs0_summary", from = '2022-12-31', to = Sys.Date())

# all statements
dtfs4 = md_stock_financials(type = "fs", to = '2022-12-31')

# setting column names to Chinese
dtfs5 = md_stock_financials(type="fs0_summary", to = '2022-12-31', colnam_chn = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

md_stock_symbol	<i>symbol components of exchange</i>
-----------------	--------------------------------------

Description

md_stock_symbol returns all stock symbols by exchange

Usage

```
md_stock_symbol(exchange = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

exchange	the available stock exchanges are sse, szse, hkex, amex, nasdaq, nyse.
...	ignored parameters

Examples

```
## Not run:
# get stock symbols in a stock exchange
## specify the exchanges
ex_syb1 = md_stock_symbol(exchange = c('sse', 'szse'))

## choose exchanges interactively
ex_syb2 = md_stock_symbol()

## End(Not run)
```

md_symbol	<i>symbol of market data</i>
-----------	------------------------------

Description

md_stock_symbol returns all symbols by market category, including forex, money, bond, stock, future.

Usage

```
md_symbol(market = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

market	the market category, including forex, money, bond, stock, future. Default is NULL.
...	ignored parameters

Examples

```
## Not run:
syblst = md_symbol()

## End(Not run)
```

pq_addti	<i>adding technical indicators</i>
----------	------------------------------------

Description

pq_addti creates technical indicators using the functions provided in TTR package.

Usage

```
pq_addti(dt, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-----|--|
| dt | a list/dataframe of time series datasets. |
| ... | list of technical indicator parameters: sma = list(n=50), macd = list(). |
- There are four types of parameters.
 - set by default and do not required, such as 'OHLC', 'HLC', 'HL' and 'volume'.
 - set by default and can be modified, such as 'price', 'prices', 'x'. Its default value is 'close' or 'value' column.
 - always required, such as 'y', 'w'.
 - numeric parameters, such as 'n', 'sd', 'v', 'nFast', 'nSlow', 'nSig', 'accel'. These parameters should be provided, otherwise using default values in corresponding function.
 - TTR functions are summarized in below. See TTR package's help document for more detailed parameters.
 - moving averages: SMA, EMA, DEMA, WMA, EVWMA, ZLEMA, VWAP, VMA, HMA, ALMA, GMMA
 - rolling functions: runMin, runMax, runMean, runMedian; runCov, runCor; runVar, runSD, runMAD; runSum, wilderSum
 - bands / channels: BBands, PBands, DonchianChannel
 - SAR, ZigZag
 - trend direction/strength: aroon, CCI, ADX, TDI, VHF, EMV
 - volatility measures: ATR, chaikinVolatility, volatility, SNR
 - money flowing into/out: OBV, chaikinAD, CLV, CMF, MFI, williamsAD
 - rate of change / momentum: ROC, momentum, KST, TRIX
 - oscillator: MACD, DPO, DVI, ultimateOscillator; RSI, CMO; stoch, SMI, WPR

Examples

```
# load data
data('dt_ssec')

# add technical indicators
```

```

dt_ti1 = pq_addti(dt_ssec, sma=list(n=20), sma=list(n=50), macd = list())

# specify the price column x
dt_ti11 = pq_addti(dt_ssec, sma=list(n=20, x='open'), sma=list(n=50, x='open'))
dt_ti12 = pq_addti(dt_ssec, x='open', sma=list(n=20), sma=list(n=50))

# only technical indicators
dt_ti2 = pq_addti(
  dt_ssec, sma=list(n=20), sma=list(n=50), macd = list(),
  col_kp = c('symbol', 'name')
)

dt_ti3 = pq_addti(
  dt_ssec, sma=list(n=20), sma=list(n=50), macd = list(),
  col_kp = NULL
)

# self-defined technical indicators
bias = function(x, n=50, maType='SMA') {
  library(TTR)
  (x/do.call(maType, list(x=x, n=n))-1)*100
}

dt_ti3 = pq_addti(dt_ssec, bias = list(n = 200))

```

pq_addti_funs	<i>technical functions</i>
---------------	----------------------------

Description

Technical functions provided in TTR package.

Usage

```
pq_addti_funs()
```

pq_freq	<i>converting frequency of daily data</i>
---------	---

Description

pq_freq convert a daily OHLC dataframe into a specified frequency.

Usage

```
pq_freq(dt, freq = "monthly", date_type = "eop")
```

Arguments

dt	a list/dataframe of time series dataset.
freq	the frequency that the input daily data will converted to. It supports weekly, monthly, quarterly and yearly.
date_type	the available date type are eop (end of period) and bop (beginning of period), defaults to the eop.

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(dt_ssec)
dat1_weekly = pq_freq(dt_ssec, "weekly")

data(dt_banks)
dat2_weekly = pq_freq(dt_banks, "monthly")

## End(Not run)
```

pq_opr	<i>dataframe operation</i>
--------	----------------------------

Description

It performs arithmetic operation on numeric columns on multiple series.

Usage

```
pq_opr(dt, opr, x = "close", rm_na = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

dt	a list/dataframe of time series datasets.
opr	operation string.
x	the numeric column names, defaults to close.
rm_na	whether to remove NA values when perform arithmetic.
...	additional parameters.

Examples

```
data("dt_banks")

dt1 = pq_opr(dt_banks, '601288.SH/601988.SH')
print(dt1)

dt2 = pq_opr(dt_banks, c('(601288.SH+601988.SH)/2', '(601288.SH*601988.SH)^0.5'))
print(dt2)
```

pq_performance	<i>calculating performance metrics</i>
----------------	--

Description

pq_performance calculates performance metrics based on returns of market price or portfolio. The performance analysis functions are calling from PerformanceAnalytics package, which includes many widely used performance metrics.

Usage

```
pq_performance(dt, Ra, Rb = NULL, perf_fun, ...)
```

Arguments

dt	a list/dataframe of time series datasets.
Ra	the column name of asset returns.
Rb	the column name of baseline returns, defaults to NULL.
perf_fun	performance function from PerformanceAnalytics package, see pq_perf_funs.
...	additional parameters, the arguments used in PerformanceAnalytics functions.

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(pedquant)
library(data.table)

# load data
data(dt_banks)
data(dt_ssec)

# calculate returns
datret1 = pq_return(dt_banks, 'close', freq = 'monthly', rcol_name = 'Ra')
datret2 = pq_return(dt_ssec, 'close', freq = 'monthly', rcol_name = 'Rb')

# merge returns of assets and baseline
datRaRb = merge(
  rbindlist(datret1)[, .(date, symbol, Ra)],
  rbindlist(datret2)[, .(date, Rb)],
  by = 'date', all.x = TRUE
)

# calculate table.CAPM metrics
perf_capm = pq_performance(datRaRb, Ra = 'Ra', Rb = 'Rb', perf_fun = 'table.CAPM')
rbindlist(perf_capm, idcol = 'symbol')

## End(Not run)
```

pq_performance_funs *performance functions*

Description

A complete list of performance functions from PerformanceAnalytics package.

Usage

```
pq_performance_funs()
```

pq_plot *creating charts for time series*

Description

pq_plot provides an easy way to create interactive charts for time series dataset based on predefined formats.

Usage

```
pq_plot(dt, chart_type = "line", x = "date", y = "close", yb = NULL,
        date_range = "max", yaxis_log = FALSE, title = NULL, addti = NULL,
        nsd_lm = NULL, markline = TRUE, orders = NULL, arrange = list(rows =
        NULL, cols = NULL), theme = "default", ...)
```

Arguments

dt	a list/dataframe of time series dataset
chart_type	chart type, including line, step, candle.
x	column name for x axis
y	column name for y axis
yb	column name for baseline
date_range	date range of x axis to display. Available value includes '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-'ny'. Default is max.
yaxis_log	whether to display y axis values in log. Default is FALSE.
title	chart title. It will added to the front of chart title if it is specified.
addti	list of technical indicators or numerical columns in dt. For technical indicator, it is calculated via pq_addti, which including overlays and indicators.
nsd_lm	number of standard deviation from linear regression fitting values.
markline	whether to display markline. Default is TRUE.

orders	a data frame of trade orders, which including columns of symbol, date, side, prices, and quantity.
arrange	a list. Number of rows and columns charts to connect. Default is NULL.
theme	name of echarts theme, see details in e_theme
...	ignored

Examples

```
# single serie
library(data.table)
library(pedquant)
data(dt_ssec)

# line chart (default)
e1 = pq_plot(dt_ssec, chart_type = 'line') # line chart (default)
e1[[1]]

# add technical indicators
e2 = pq_plot(dt_ssec, addti = list(
  sma = list(n = 200),
  sma = list(n = 50),
  volume = list(),
  macd = list()
))
e2[[1]]

# linear trend with yaxis in log
e3 = pq_plot(dt_ssec, nsd_lm = c(-0.8, 0, 0.8), markline=FALSE)
e3[[1]]

# multiple series
data(dt_banks)
setDT(dt_banks)
dt_banksadj = md_stock_adjust(dt_banks)

# linear trend
elist = pq_plot(dt_banksadj)
e4 = pq_plot(dt_banksadj, arrange = list(rows=1, cols=1))
e4[[1]]

# orders
b2 = dt_banks[symbol %in% c('601988.SH', '601398.SH')]
b2orders = b2[sample(.N, 10), .(symbol, date, prices=close,
  side=sample(c(-1, 1), 10, replace=TRUE))]

e5 = pq_plot(b2, orders=b2orders)
e5[[1]]

e6 = pq_plot(b2, orders=b2orders, arrange = list(rows=1, cols=1))
e6[[1]]
```

pq_portfolio	<i>calculating returns/equity of portfolio</i>
--------------	--

Description

pq_portfolio calculates the weighted returns or the equity of a portfolio assets.

Usage

```
pq_portfolio(dt, orders, x = "close", dtb = NULL, init_fund = NULL,
             method = "arithmetic", cols_keep = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

dt	a list/dataframe of price by asset.
orders	a data frame of transaction orders, which includes symbol, date, prices, quantity and side columns.
x	the column name of adjusted asset price, defaults to close.
dtb	a list/dataframe of price base asset.
init_fund	initial fund value.
method	the method to calculate asset returns, the available values include arithmetic and log, defaults to arithmetic.
cols_keep	the columns keep in the return data. The columns of symbol, name and date will always kept if they are exist in the input data.
...	ignored

Examples

```
library(pedquant)

data(dt_banks)
datadj = md_stock_adjust(dt_banks)

# example I
orders = data.frame(
  symbol = c("601288.SH", "601328.SH", "601398.SH", "601939.SH", "601988.SH"),
  quantity = c(100, 200, 300, 300, 100)
)
dtRa = pq_portfolio(datadj, orders=orders)

e1 = pq_plot(dtRa, y = 'cumreturns')
e1[[1]]

# example II
```

```

data(dt_ssec)
orders = data.frame(
  symbol = rep(c("601288.SH", "601328.SH", "601398.SH", "601939.SH", "601988.SH"), 3),
  date = rep(c('2009-03-02', '2010-01-04', '2014-09-01'), each = 5),
  quantity = rep(c(100, 200, 300, 300, 100), 3) * rep(c(1, -1, 2), each = 5)
)
dtRab = pq_portfolio(datadj, orders=orders, dtb = dt_ssec, init_fund = 10000)

e2 = pq_plot(dtRab, y = 'cumreturns', yb = 'cumreturns_000001.SH', addti = list(portfolio=list()))
e2[[1]]

# example III
orders = data.frame(symbol = "000001.SH",
  date = c("2009-04-13", "2010-03-24", "2014-08-13", "2015-09-10"),
  quantity = c(400, -400, 300, -300))
dtRa2 = pq_portfolio(dt_ssec, orders=orders, cols_keep = 'all')

e3 = pq_plot(dtRa2, y = 'close', addti = list(cumreturns=list(), portfolio=list()))
e3[[1]]

```

pq_return

calculating returns by frequency

Description

pq_return calculates returns for daily series based on specified column, frequency and method type.

Usage

```

pq_return(dt, x, freq = "daily", n = 1, date_type = "eop",
  method = "arithmetic", cumreturns = FALSE, rcol_name = NULL,
  cols_keep = NULL, date_range = "max", from = NULL, to = Sys.Date(),
  ...)

```

Arguments

dt	a list/dataframe of daily series.
x	the column name of adjusted asset price.
freq	the frequency of returns. It supports 'daily', 'weekly', 'monthly', 'quarterly', 'yearly' and 'all'. Defaults to daily.
n	the number of preceding periods used as the base value, defaults to 1, which means based on the previous period value.
date_type	the available date type are eop (end of period) and bop (beginning of period), defaults to the eop.

method	the method to calculate asset returns, the available methods including arithmetic and log, defaults to arithmetic.
cumreturns	logical, whether to return cumulative returns. Defaults to FALSE.
rcol_name	setting the column name of returns, defaults to NULL.
cols_keep	the columns keep in the return data. The columns of symbol, name and date will always kept if they are exist in the input data.
date_range	date range. Available value includes '1m'-'11m', 'ytd', 'max' and '1y'-'ny'. Default is max.
from	the start date. Default is NULL. If it is NULL, then calculate using date_range and end date.
to	the end date. Default is the current date.
...	ignored

Examples

```
# load data and adjust
data(dt_banks)
datadj = md_stock_adjust(dt_banks)

# set freq
dts_returns1 = pq_return(datadj, x = 'close_adj', freq = 'all')

# set method
dts_returns2 = pq_return(datadj, x = 'close_adj', method = 'log')

# set cols_keep
dts_returns3 = pq_return(datadj, x = 'close_adj', cols_keep = 'cap_total')

# cumulative returns
dts_cumreturns = pq_return(datadj, x = 'close_adj', from = '2012-01-01', cumreturns = TRUE)
e1 = pq_plot(dts_cumreturns, y = 'cumreturns.daily', title='cumreturns',
             arrange = list(rows=1, cols=1))
e1[[1]]
```

%x>%

crossover operators

Description

Binary operators which create the upwards or downwards crossover signals.

Usage

```
x %x>% y
```

```
x %x<% y
```

Arguments

x, y numeric vectors

Examples

```
library(data.table)
library(pedquant)

data("dt_banks")
boc = md_stock_adjust(setDT(dt_banks)[symbol=='601988.SH'])
bocti = pq_addti(boc, x='close_adj', sma=list(n=200), sma=list(n=50))

dtorders = copy(bocti[[1]])[,.(symbol, name, date, close_adj, sma_50, sma_200)
][sma_50 %x>% sma_200, `:=`(
  side = 'buy', prices = close_adj
)][sma_50 %x<% sma_200, `:=`(
  side = 'sell', prices = close_adj
)][, (c('side', 'prices')) := lapply(.SD, shift), .SDcols = c('side', 'prices')]
orders = dtorders[!is.na(side)]
head(orders)

e = pq_plot(boc, y='close_adj', addti = list(sma=list(n=200), sma=list(n=50)), orders = orders)
e[[1]]
```

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