Package 'ffscrapr'

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Type Package

Title API Client for Fantasy Football League Platforms

Version 1.4.8

Description Helps access various Fantasy Football APIs by handling authentication and rate-limiting, forming appropriate calls, and returning tidy dataframes which can be easily connected to other data sources.

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URL https://ffscrapr.ffverse.com, https://github.com/ffverse/ffscrapr,

https://api.myfantasyleague.com/2020/api_info,

https://docs.sleeper.com,

https://www.fleaflicker.com/api-docs/index.html,

https://www.espn.com/fantasy/,

https://www.nflfastr.com/reference/load_player_stats.html

BugReports https://github.com/ffverse/ffscrapr/issues

Depends R (>= 3.6.0)

- **Imports** cachem (>= 1.0.0), checkmate (>= 2.0.0), cli, dplyr (>= 1.0.0), glue (>= 1.3.0), httr (>= 1.4.0), jsonlite (>= 1.6.0), lifecycle, magrittr (>= 1.5.0), nflreadr (>= 1.2.0), memoise (>= 2.0.0), purrr (>= 0.3.0), rappdirs (>= 0.3.0), ratelimitr (>= 0.4.0), rlang (>= 0.4.0), stringr (>= 1.4.0), tibble (>= 3.0.0), tidyr (>= 1.0.0)
- **Suggests** covr (>= 3.0.0), curl (>= 4.0.0), httptest (>= 3.0.0), knitr (>= 1.0), rmarkdown (>= 2.6), testthat (>= 2.1.0), withr (>= 2.4.0)

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VignetteBuilder knitr

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.ff_clear_cache Empty Function Cache

Description

This function will reset the cache for any and all ffscrapr cached functions.

Usage

.ff_clear_cache()

dp_cleannames	Clean Names		
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Description

Applies some name-cleaning heuristics to facilitate joins. These heuristics may include:

- removing periods and apostrophes
- removing common suffixes, such as Jr, Sr, II, III, IV
- converting to lowercase
- using dp_name_mapping to do common name substitutions, such as Mitch Trubisky to Mitchell Trubisky

Usage

```
dp_cleannames(
    player_name,
    lowercase = FALSE,
    convert_lastfirst = TRUE,
    use_name_database = TRUE
)
dp_clean_names(
    player_name,
    lowercase = FALSE,
    convert_lastfirst = TRUE,
    use_name_database = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
player_name a character (or character vector)
lowercase defaults to FALSE - if TRUE, converts to lowercase
convert_lastfirst
converts names from "Last, First" to "First Last" (i.e. MFL style)
use_name_database
uses internal name database to do common substitutions (Mitchell Trubisky to
Mitch Trubisky etc)
```

Value

a character vector of cleaned names

See Also

dp_name_mapping

Examples

```
dp_cleannames(c("A.J. Green", "Odell Beckham Jr.", "Le'Veon Bell Sr."))
dp_cleannames(c("Trubisky, Mitch", "Atwell, Chatarius", "Elliott, Zeke", "Elijah Moore"),
    convert_lastfirst = TRUE,
    use_name_database = TRUE
)
```

dp_clean_html Remove HTML from string

Description

Applies some regex to clean html tags from strings. This is useful for platforms such as MFL that interpret HTML in their franchise name fields.

Usage

dp_clean_html(names)

Arguments

names a character (or character vector)

Value

a character vector of cleaned strings

dp_name_mapping

Examples

```
c(
    "<b><font color= Cyan>Kevin OBrien (@kevinobrienff) </FONT></B>",
    "<em><font color= Purple> Other fun names</font></em>"
) %>% dp_clean_html()
```

dp_name_mapping Alternate name mappings

Description

A named character vector mapping common alternate names

Usage

dp_name_mapping

Format

A named character vector

name attribute The "alternate" name.

value attribute The "correct" name.

Examples

```
dp_name_mapping[c("Chatarius Atwell", "Robert Kelley")]
```

dp_playerids

Import latest DynastyProcess player IDs

Description

Fetches a copy of the latest DynastyProcess player IDs csv

Usage

```
dp_playerids()
```

Value

a tibble of player IDs

See Also

https://github.com/DynastyProcess/data

Examples

```
try( # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
 dp_playerids()
)
```

dp_values

Import latest DynastyProcess values

Description

Fetches a copy of the latest DynastyProcess dynasty trade values sheets

Usage

```
dp_values(file = c("values.csv", "values-players.csv", "values-picks.csv"))
```

Arguments

file one of c("values.csv", "values-players.csv", "values-picks.csv")

Value

a tibble of trade values from DynastyProcess

See Also

https://github.com/DynastyProcess/data

Examples

```
try( # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
 dp_values()
)
```

espn_connect

Description

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and a user ID if available.

Usage

```
espn_connect(
  season = NULL,
  league_id = NULL,
  swid = NULL,
  espn_s2 = NULL,
  user_agent = NULL,
  rate_limit = TRUE,
  rate_limit_number = NULL,
  rate_limit_seconds = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

season	Season to access on Fleaflicker - if missing, will guess based on system date (current year if March or later, otherwise previous year)
league_id	League ID
swid	SWID parameter for accessing private leagues - see vignette for details
espn_s2	ESPN_S2 parameter for accessing private leagues - see vignette for details
user_agent	User agent to self-identify (optional)
rate_limit	TRUE by default - turn off rate limiting with FALSE
rate_limit_num	ber
	number of calls per rate_limit_seconds, suggested is under 1000 calls per 60 seconds
rate_limit_sec	onds
	number of seconds as denominator for rate_limit
	other arguments (for other methods, for R compat)

Value

a list that stores ESPN connection objects

Examples

```
conn <- espn_connect(
  season = 2018,
  league_id = 1178049,
  espn_s2 = Sys.getenv("TAN_ESPN_S2"),
  swid = Sys.getenv("TAN_SWID")
)</pre>
```

espn_getendpoint GET ESPN fantasy league endpoint

Description

This function is used to call the ESPN Fantasy API for league-based endpoints.

Usage

```
espn_getendpoint(conn, ..., x_fantasy_filter = NULL)
```

Arguments

conn		a connection object created by espn_connect or ff_connect()
		Arguments which will be passed as "argumentname = argument" in an HTTP query parameter
<u> </u>	c · 1 .	

x_fantasy_filter

a JSON-encoded character string that specifies a filter for the data

Details

The ESPN Fantasy API is undocumented and this should be used by advanced users familiar with the API.

It chooses the correct league endpoint based on the year (eg leagueHistory for <2018), checks the x_fantasy_filter for valid JSON input, builds a url with any optional query parameters, and executes the request with authentication and rate limiting.

HTTP query parameters (i.e. arguments to ...) are Case Sensitive.

Please see the vignette for more on usage.

Value

A list object containing the query, response, and parsed content.

See Also

```
vignette("espn_getendpoint")
espn_getendpoint_raw
```

espn_getendpoint_raw GET ESPN endpoint (raw)

Description

This function is the lower-level function that powers the API call: it takes a URL and headers and executes the http request with rate-limiting and authentication. It checks for JSON return and any warnings/errors, parses the json, and returns an espn_api object with the parsed content, the raw response, and the actual query.

Usage

espn_getendpoint_raw(conn, url_query, ...)

Arguments

conn	a connection object created by ff_connect or equivalent - used for authentication
url_query	a fully-formed URL to call
	any headers or other httr request objects to pass along

Value

object of class espn_api with parsed content, request, and response

See Also

espn_getendpoint() - a higher level wrapper that checks JSON and prepares the url query
vignette("espn_getendpoint")

espn_players ESPN players library

Description

A cached table of ESPN NFL players. Will store in memory for each session! (via memoise in zzz.R)

Usage

espn_players(conn = NULL, season = NULL)

Arguments

conn	a connection object created by espn_connect or ff_connect()
season	a season to fetch

a dataframe containing all ~2000+ active players in the ESPN database

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
```

```
conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 1178049)</pre>
```

```
espn_players(conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try
```

espn_potentialpoints ESPN Potential Points

Description

This function calculates the optimal starters for a given week, using some lineup heuristics.

Usage

```
espn_potentialpoints(conn, weeks = 1:17)
```

Arguments

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()
weeks	a numeric vector for determining which weeks to calculate

Value

a tibble with the best lineup for each team and whether they were started or not

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2021, league_id = 950665)
  espn_potentialpoints(conn, weeks = 1)
}) # end try
```

ffverse_sitrep *ffverse sitrep*

Description

See nflreadr::ffverse_sitrep for details.

ff_connect

Description

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and gets a login-cookie if available - it does so by passing arguments to the appropriate league-based handler.

Usage

```
ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

platform	one of MFL or Sleeper (Fleaflicker, ESPN, Yahoo in approximate priority order going forward)
league_id	league_id (currently assuming one league at a time)
	other parameters passed to the connect function for each specific platform.

Value

a connection object to be used with ff_* functions

See Also

mfl_connect(), sleeper_connect(), fleaflicker_connect(), espn_connect()

Examples

ff_connect(platform = "mfl", season = 2019, league_id = 54040, rate_limit = FALSE)

ff_draft

Get Draft Results

Description

This function gets a tidy dataframe of draft results for the current year. Can handle MFL devy drafts or startup drafts by specifying the custom_players argument

Usage

```
ff_draft(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_draft(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_draft(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_draft(conn, custom_players = deprecated(), ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_draft(conn, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	a conn object created by ff_connect()
	args for other methods
custom_players	[Deprecated] - now returns custom players by default

Value

A tidy dataframe of draft results

Methods (by class)

- ff_draft(espn_conn): ESPN: returns the current year's draft/auction, including details on keepers
- ff_draft(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns a table of drafts for the current year
- ff_draft(mfl_conn): MFL: returns a table of drafts for the current year can handle devy/startuprookie-picks by specifying custom_players (slower!)
- ff_draft(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns a dataframe of all drafts and draft selections, if available.

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_draft(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
  ff_draft(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_draft(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_draft(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

ff_draftpicks Get Draft Picks

Description

Returns all draft picks (current and future) that belong to a specific franchise and have not yet been converted into players (i.e. selected.)

Usage

```
ff_draftpicks(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_draftpicks(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_draftpicks(conn, franchise_id = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_draftpicks(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_draftpicks(conn, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()
	other arguments (currently unused)
franchise_id	A list of franchise IDs to pull, if NULL will return all franchise IDs

Value

Returns a dataframe with current and future draft picks for each franchise

Methods (by class)

- ff_draftpicks(espn_conn): ESPN: does not support future/draft pick trades for draft results, please use ff_draft.
- ff_draftpicks(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: retrieves current and future draft picks, potentially for a specified team.
- ff_draftpicks(mfl_conn): MFL: returns current and future picks
- ff_draftpicks(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: retrieves current and future draft picks

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
 conn <- espn_connect(</pre>
   season = 2018,
   league_id = 1178049,
   espn_s2 = Sys.getenv("TAN_ESPN_S2"),
   swid = Sys.getenv("TAN_SWID")
 )
 ff_draftpicks(conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
 conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 206154)</pre>
 ff_draftpicks(conn, franchise_id = 1373475)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
 dlf_conn <- mfl_connect(2020, league_id = 37920)</pre>
 ff_draftpicks(conn = dlf_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
ff_draftpicks(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

ff_franchises Get

Get League Franchises

Description

Return franchise-level data (including divisions, usernames, etc) - available data may vary slightly based on platform.

Usage

```
ff_franchises(conn)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_franchises(conn)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_franchises(conn)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_franchises(conn)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_franchises(conn)
```

Arguments

conn a conn object created by ff_connect()

Value

A tidy dataframe of franchises, complete with IDs

Methods (by class)

- ff_franchises(espn_conn): ESPN: returns franchise and division information.
- ff_franchises(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns franchise and division information.
- ff_franchises(mfl_conn): MFL: returns franchise and division information.
- ff_franchises(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: retrieves a list of franchise information, including user IDs and co-owner IDs.

Examples

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird

conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 1178049)</pre>

ff_franchises(conn)

```
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
  ff_franchises(conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_franchises(ssb_conn)
}) # end try

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_franchises(jml_conn)
}) # end try</pre>
```

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe of common league settings, including details like "1QB" or "2QB/SF", scoring, best ball, team count, IDP etc. This is potentially useful in summarising the features of multiple leagues.

Get League Summary

Usage

ff_league(conn)
S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_league(conn)
S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_league(conn)
S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_league(conn)
S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_league(conn)

ff_league

Arguments

conn

the connection object created by ff_connect()

Value

A one-row summary of each league's main features.

Methods (by class)

- ff_league(espn_conn): ESPN: returns a summary of league features.
- ff_league(flea_conn): Flea: returns a summary of league features.
- ff_league(mfl_conn): MFL: returns a summary of league features.
- ff_league(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns a summary of league features.

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_league(conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 206154)
  ff_league(conn)
```

```
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 22627, season = 2021)
  ff_league(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_league(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

ff_playerscores

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe of player scores based on league rules.

Unfortunately, Sleeper has deprecated their player stats endpoint from their supported/open API. Please see ff_scoringhistory() for an alternative reconstruction.

Usage

```
ff_playerscores(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_playerscores(conn, limit = 1000, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_playerscores(conn, page_limit = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_playerscores(conn, season, week, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_playerscores(conn, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()
	other arguments (currently unused)
limit	A numeric describing the number of players to return - default 1000
page_limit	A numeric describing the number of pages to return - default NULL returns all available
season	the season of interest - generally only the most recent 2-3 seasons are available
week	a numeric vector (ie 1:17) or one of YTD (year-to-date) or AVG (average to date)

Value

A tibble of historical player scoring

Methods (by class)

• ff_playerscores(espn_conn): ESPN: returns total points for season and average per game, for both current and previous season.

ff_rosters

- ff_playerscores(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns the season, season average, and standard deviation
- ff_playerscores(mfl_conn): MFL: returns the player fantasy scores for each week (not the actual stats)
- ff_playerscores(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: Deprecated their open API endpoint for player scores

See Also

ff_scoringhistory

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_playerscores(conn, limit = 5)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 312861)
  ff_playerscores(conn, page_limit = 2)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  sfb_conn <- mfl_connect(2020, league_id = 65443)
  ff_playerscores(conn = sfb_conn, season = 2019, week = "YTD")
}) # end try
```

ff_rosters

Get League Rosters

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe of team rosters

Usage

```
ff_rosters(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_rosters(conn, week = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
```

ff_rosters

```
ff_rosters(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_rosters(conn, custom_players = deprecated(), week = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_rosters(conn, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	a conn object created by ff_connect()
	arguments passed to other methods (currently none)
week	a numeric that specifies which week to return
custom_players	"[Deprecated]" - now returns custom players by default

Value

A tidy dataframe of rosters, joined to basic player information and basic franchise information

Methods (by class)

- ff_rosters(espn_conn): ESPN: Returns all roster data.
- ff_rosters(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: Returns roster data (minus age as of right now)
- ff_rosters(mfl_conn): MFL: returns roster data
- ff_rosters(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: Returns all roster data.

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_league(conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  joe_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "fleaflicker", league_id = 312861, season = 2020)
  ff_rosters(joe_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
  ff_rosters(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
```

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird

```
jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
ff_rosters(jml_conn)
}) # end try</pre>
```

ff_schedule

Get Schedule

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe with one row for every team for every weekly matchup

Usage

```
ff_schedule(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_schedule(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_schedule(conn, week = 1:17, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_schedule(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_schedule(conn, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	a conn object created by ff_connect()
	for other platforms
week	a numeric or numeric vector specifying which weeks to pull

Value

A tidy dataframe with one row per game per franchise per week

Methods (by class)

- ff_schedule(espn_conn): ESPN: returns schedule data, one row for every franchise for every week. Completed games have result data.
- ff_schedule(flea_conn): Flea: returns schedule data, one row for every franchise for every week. Completed games have result data.
- ff_schedule(mfl_conn): MFL: returns schedule data, one row for every franchise for every week. Completed games have result data.
- ff_schedule(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns all schedule data

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  espn_conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)</pre>
  ff_schedule(espn_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2019, league_id = 206154)</pre>
  ff_schedule(conn, week = 2:4)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)</pre>
  ff_schedule(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
 jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
  ff_schedule(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
ff_scoring
```

Get League Scoring Settings

Description

This function returns a dataframe with detailed scoring settings for each league - broken down by event, points, and (if available) position.

Usage

```
ff_scoring(conn)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)
```

S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)
S3 method for class 'template_conn'
ff_scoring(conn)

Arguments

conn a conn object created by ff_connect()

Value

A tibble of league scoring rules for each position defined.

Methods (by class)

- ff_scoring(espn_conn): ESPN: returns scoring settings in a flat table, override positions have their own scoring.
- ff_scoring(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns scoring settings in a flat table, one row per position per rule.
- ff_scoring(mfl_conn): MFL: returns scoring settings in a flat table, one row per position per rule.
- ff_scoring(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns scoring settings in a flat table, one row per position per rule.
- ff_scoring(template_conn): Template: returns MFL style scoring settings in a flat table, one row per position per rule.

See Also

http://www03.myfantasyleague.com/2020/scoring_rules#rules

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_scoring(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
joe_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "fleaflicker", league_id = 312861, season = 2020)
ff_scoring(joe_conn)
```

```
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
    ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)</pre>
```

```
ff_scoring(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
ff_scoring(jml_conn)
}) # end try
template_ppr <- ff_template(scoring_type = "ppr")
ff_scoring(template_ppr)</pre>
```

ff_scoringhistory Get League-Specific Scoring History

Description

(Experimental!) This function reads your league's ff_scoring rules and maps them to nflfastr weeklevel data. Not all of the scoring rules from your league may have nflfastr equivalents, but most of the common ones are available!

Usage

```
ff_scoringhistory(conn, season, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 1999:nflreadr::most_recent_season(), ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 1999:nflreadr::most_recent_season(), ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 1999:nflreadr::most_recent_season(), ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 1999:nflreadr::most_recent_season(), ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 1999:nflreadr::most_recent_season(), ...)
## S3 method for class 'template_conn'
ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 1999:nflreadr::most_recent_season(), ...)
```

Arguments

conn a conn object created by ff_connect()

ff_scoringhistory

season	season a numeric vector of seasons (earliest available year is 1999)
	other arguments

Value

A tidy dataframe of weekly fantasy scoring data, one row per player per week

Methods (by class)

- ff_scoringhistory(espn_conn): ESPN: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.
- ff_scoringhistory(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.
- ff_scoringhistory(mfl_conn): MFL: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.
- ff_scoringhistory(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.
- ff_scoringhistory(template_conn): template: returns scoring history in a flat table, one row per player per week.

See Also

https://www.nflfastr.com/reference/load_player_stats.html

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)
  ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 312861)
  ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
   ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)
   ff_scoringhistory(ssb_conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
ff_scoringhistory(conn, season = 2020)
```

```
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  template_conn <- ff_template(scoring_type = "sfb11", roster_type = "sfb11")
  ff_scoringhistory(template_conn, season = 2020)
}) # end try</pre>
```

ff_standings Get Standings

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe of season-long fantasy team stats, including H2H wins as well as points, potential points, and all-play.

Usage

```
ff_standings(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_standings(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_standings(conn, include_allplay = TRUE, include_potentialpoints = TRUE, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_standings(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_standings(conn, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	a conn object created by ff_connect()	
	arguments passed to other methods (currently none)	
include_allplay		
	TRUE/FALSE - return all-play win pct calculation? defaults to TRUE	
include_potentialpoints		
	TRUE/FALSE - return potential points calculation? defaults to TRUE.	

Value

A tidy dataframe of standings data

ff_starters

Methods (by class)

- ff_standings(espn_conn): ESPN: returns standings and points data.
- ff_standings(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns H2H/points/all-play/best-ball data in a table.
- ff_standings(mfl_conn): MFL: returns H2H/points/all-play/best-ball data in a table.
- ff_standings(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns all standings and points data and manually calculates allplay results.

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  espn_conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 899513)</pre>
  ff_standings(espn_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)</pre>
  x <- ff_standings(conn)</pre>
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  ssb_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "mfl", league_id = 54040, season = 2020)</pre>
  ff_standings(ssb_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
 jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)</pre>
  ff_standings(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

ff_starters

Get Starting Lineups

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe with one row for every starter (and bench) for every week and their scoring, if available.

Usage

```
ff_starters(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_starters(conn, weeks = 1:17, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_starters(conn, week = 1:17, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_starters(conn, week = 1:17, season = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_starters(conn, week = 1:17, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()
	other arguments (currently unused)
weeks	which weeks to calculate, a number or numeric vector
week	a numeric or one of YTD (year-to-date) or AVG (average to date)
season	the season of interest - generally only the most recent 2-3 seasons are available

Value

A tidy dataframe with every player for every week, including a flag for whether they were started or not

Methods (by class)

- ff_starters(espn_conn): ESPN: returns who was started as well as what they scored.
- ff_starters(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns who was started as well as what they scored.
- ff_starters(mfl_conn): MFL: returns the player fantasy scores for each week (not the actual stats)
- ff_starters(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns only "who" was started, without any scoring/stats data. Only returns season specified in initial connection object.

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 1178049)
  ff_starters(conn, weeks = 1:3)
}) # end try
```

try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird

```
conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
ff_starters(conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
dlf_conn <- mfl_connect(2020, league_id = 37920)
ff_starters(conn = dlf_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
jml_conn <- sleeper_connect(league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)
ff_starters(jml_conn, week = 3)
}) # end try</pre>
```

ff_starter_positions Get Starting Lineup Settings

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe with positional lineup rules.

Usage

```
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'template_conn'
ff_starter_positions(conn, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()
	other arguments (currently unused)

A tidy dataframe of positional lineup rules, one row per position with minimum and maximum starters as well as total starter calculations.

Methods (by class)

- ff_starter_positions(espn_conn): ESPN: returns min/max starters for each main player position
- ff_starter_positions(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns minimum and maximum starters for each player position.
- ff_starter_positions(mfl_conn): MFL: returns minimum and maximum starters for each player position.
- ff_starter_positions(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns minimum and maximum starters for each player position.
- ff_starter_positions(template_conn): Template: returns minimum and maximum starters for each player position.

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- espn_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 1178049)
  ff_starter_positions(conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 206154)
  ff_starter_positions(conn)
)) # ord try
```

```
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
    dlfidp_conn <- mfl_connect(2020, league_id = 33158)
    ff_starter_positions(conn = dlfidp_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
jml_conn <- sleeper_connect(league_id = "652718526494253056", season = 2021)
ff_starter_positions(jml_conn)
}) # end try
```

```
template_conn <- ff_template(roster_type = "idp")
ff_starter_positions(template_conn)</pre>
```

ff_template Default conn objects

Description

This function creates a connection to a few league templates, and can be used instead of a real conn object in the following functions: ff_scoring(), ff_scoringhistory(), ff_starterpositions().

Usage

```
ff_template(
   scoring_type = c("ppr", "half_ppr", "zero_ppr", "sfb11"),
   roster_type = c("1qb", "superflex", "sfb11", "idp")
)
```

Arguments

<pre>scoring_type</pre>	One of c("default", "ppr", "half_ppr", "zero_ppr", "te_prem", "sfb11")
roster_type	One of c("1qb", "superflex", "sfb11", "idp")

Details

Scoring types defined here are:

- ppr: 6 pt passing/rushing/receiving touchdowns, 0.1 for rushing/receiving yards, 1 point per reception, -2 for fumbles/interceptions
- half_ppr: same as ppr but with 0.5 points per reception
- zero_ppr: same as ppr but with 0 points per reception
- te_prem: same as ppr but TEs get 1.5 points per reception
- sfb11: SFB11 scoring as defined by https://scottfishbowl.com

Roster settings defined here are:

- 1qb: Starts 1 QB, 2 RB, 3 WR, 1 TE, 2 FLEX
- superflex: Starts 1 QB, 2 RB, 3 WR, 1 TE, 2 FLEX, 1 SUPERFLEX
- sfb11: Starts 1 QB, 2 RB, 3 WR, 1 TE, 3 FLEX, 1 SUPERFLEX (flex positions can also start a kicker)
- idp: Starts same as 1QB but also starts 3 DL, 3 LB, 3 DB, and two IDP FLEX

Value

a connection object that can be used with ff_scoring(), ff_scoringhistory(), and ff_starterpositions()

ff_transactions Get League Transactions

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe of transactions - generally one row per player per transaction per team. Each trade is represented twice, once per each team.

Usage

```
ff_transactions(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_transactions(conn, limit = 1000, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_transactions(conn, franchise_id = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_transactions(conn, transaction_type = "*", ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
```

```
ff_transactions(conn, week = 1:17, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	the list object created by ff_connect()	
	additional args for other methods	
limit	number of most recent transactions to return	
franchise_id	fleaflicker returns transactions grouped by franchise id, pass a list here to filter	
transaction_type		
	parameter to return transactions of the specified type. Types are: WAIVER, BBID_WAIVER, FREE_AGENT, TRADE, IR, TAXI, AUCTION_INIT, AUCTION_BID, AUCTION_WON, or * for all. Can also pass a comma-separated string. Defaults to *. Note that only the types listed above are actually cleaned and processed by ffscrapr - you will need to make a custom api request with mfl_getendpoint() to receive other things.	
week	A week filter for transactions - 1 returns all offseason transactions. Default 1:17 returns all transactions.	

Value

A tidy dataframe of transaction data

ff_transactions

Methods (by class)

- ff_transactions(espn_conn): ESPN: returns adds, drops, and trades. Requires private/auth-cookie.
- ff_transactions(flea_conn): Fleaflicker: returns all transactions, including free agents, waivers, and trades.
- ff_transactions(mfl_conn): MFL: returns all transactions, including auction, free agents, IR, TS, waivers, and trades.
- ff_transactions(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns all transactions, including free agents, waivers, and trades.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Marked as don't run because this endpoint requires private authentication
conn <- espn_connect(</pre>
  season = 2020,
  league_id = 1178049,
  swid = Sys.getenv("TAN_SWID"),
  espn_s2 = Sys.getenv("TAN_ESPN_S2")
)
ff_transactions(conn)
## End(Not run)
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  conn <- fleaflicker_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 312861)</pre>
  ff_transactions(conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  dlf_conn <- mfl_connect(2019, league_id = 37920)</pre>
  ff_transactions(dlf_conn)
}) # end try
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
 jml_conn <- ff_connect(platform = "sleeper", league_id = "522458773317046272", season = 2020)</pre>
  ff_transactions(jml_conn, week = 1:2)
}) # end try
```

ff_userleagues Get User Leagues

Description

This function returns a tidy dataframe with one row for every league a user is in. This requires authentication cookies for MFL usage.

Usage

```
ff_userleagues(conn, ...)
## S3 method for class 'espn_conn'
ff_userleagues(conn = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'flea_conn'
ff_userleagues(conn = NULL, user_email = NULL, season = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'mfl_conn'
ff_userleagues(conn, season = NULL, ...)
## S3 method for class 'sleeper_conn'
ff_userleagues(conn = NULL, user_name = NULL, season = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

conn	a connection object created by ff_connect()
	arguments that may be passed to other methods (for method consistency)
user_email	the username to look up - defaults to user created in conn if available
season	the season to look up leagues for
user_name	the username to look up - defaults to user created in conn if available

Value

A tidy dataframe with one row for every league a user is in

Methods (by class)

- ff_userleagues(espn_conn): ESPN: does not support a lookup of user leagues by email or user ID at this time.
- ff_userleagues(flea_conn): flea: returns a listing of leagues for a given user_email
- ff_userleagues(mfl_conn): MFL: With username/password, it will return a list of user leagues.
- ff_userleagues(sleeper_conn): Sleeper: returns a listing of leagues for a given user_id or user_name

fleaflicker_connect

See Also

fleaflicker_userleagues() to call this function for flea leagues without first creating a connection object.

sleeper_userleagues() to call this function for Sleeper leagues without first creating a connection object.

fleaflicker_connect *Connect to Fleaflicker League*

Description

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and a user ID if available.

Usage

```
fleaflicker_connect(
  season = NULL,
  league_id = NULL,
  user_email = NULL,
  user_agent = NULL,
  rate_limit = TRUE,
  rate_limit_number = NULL,
  rate_limit_seconds = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

Season to access on Fleaflicker - if missing, will guess based on system date (current year if March or later, otherwise previous year)	
League ID	
Optional - attempts to get user's user ID by email	
User agent to self-identify (optional)	
TRUE by default - turn off rate limiting with FALSE	
rate_limit_number	
number of calls per rate_limit_seconds, suggested is under 1000 calls per 60 seconds	
rate_limit_seconds	
number of seconds as denominator for rate_limit	
other arguments (for other methods, for R compat)	

Value

a list that stores Fleaflicker connection objects

fleaflicker_getendpoint

GET any Fleaflicker endpoint

Description

The endpoint names and HTTP parameters (i.e. argument names) are CASE SENSITIVE and should be passed in exactly as displayed on the Fleaflicker API reference page.

Usage

```
fleaflicker_getendpoint(endpoint, ...)
```

Arguments

endpoint	a string defining which endpoint to return from the API
	Arguments which will be passed as "argumentname = argument" in an HTTP query parameter

Details

Check out the vignette for more details and example usage.

Value

A list object containing the query, response, and parsed content.

See Also

https://www.fleaflicker.com/api-docs/index.html

vignette("fleaflicker_getendpoint")

fleaflicker_players Fleaflicker players library

Description

A cached table of Fleaflicker NFL players. Will store in memory for each session! (via memoise in zzz.R)

Usage

```
fleaflicker_players(conn, page_limit = NULL)
```

Arguments

conn	a conn object created by ff_connect()
page_limit	A number limiting the number of players to return, or NULL (default) returns all

Value

a dataframe containing all ~7000+ players in the Fleaflicker database

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
conn <- fleaflicker_connect(2020, 312861)
player_list <- fleaflicker_players(conn, page_limit = 2)
}) # end try
```

fleaflicker_userleagues

Fleaflicker - Get User Leagues

Description

This function returns the leagues that a specific user is in. This variant can be used without first creating a connection object.

Usage

fleaflicker_userleagues(user_email, season = NULL)

Arguments

user_email	the username to look up
season	the season to return leagues from - defaults to current year based on heuristics

Value

a dataframe of leagues for the specified user

See Also

ff_userleagues()

mfl_connect

Description

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and gets a login-cookie if available

Usage

```
mfl_connect(
   season = NULL,
   league_id = NULL,
   APIKEY = NULL,
   user_name = NULL,
   user_agent = NULL,
   user_agent = NULL,
   rate_limit = TRUE,
   rate_limit_number = NULL,
   rate_limit_seconds = NULL,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

season	Season to access on MFL - if missing, will guess based on system date (current year if March or later, otherwise previous year)
league_id	league_id Numeric ID parameter for each league, typically found in the URL
APIKEY	APIKEY - optional - allows access to private leagues. Key is unique for each league and accessible from Developer's API page (currently assuming one league at a time)
user_name	MFL user_name - optional - when supplied in conjunction with a password, will attempt to retrieve authentication token
password	MFL password - optional - when supplied in conjunction with user_name, will attempt to retrieve authentication token
user_agent	A string representing the user agent to be used to identify calls - may find im- proved rate_limits if verified token
rate_limit	TRUE by default, pass FALSE to turn off rate limiting
rate_limit_number	
	number of calls per rate_limit_seconds, suggested is 60 calls per 60 seconds
rate_limit_seconds	
	number of seconds as denominator for rate_limit
	silently swallows up unused arguments

mfl_getendpoint

Value

a connection object to be used with ff_* functions

Examples

```
mfl_connect(season = 2020, league_id = 54040)
mfl_connect(season = 2019, league_id = 54040, rate_limit = FALSE)
```

mfl_getendpoint GET any MFL endpoint

Description

Create a GET request to any MFL export endpoint.

Usage

mfl_getendpoint(conn, endpoint, ...)

Arguments

conn	the list object created by mfl_connect()
endpoint	a string defining which endpoint to return from the API
	Arguments which will be passed as "argumentname = argument" in an HTTP query parameter

Details

This function will read the connection object and automatically pass in the rate-limiting, league ID (L), authentication cookie, and/or API key (APIKEY) if configured in the connection object.

The endpoint names and HTTP parameters (i.e. argument names) are CASE SENSITIVE and should be passed in exactly as displayed on the MFL API reference page.

Check out the vignette for more details and example usage.

Value

A list object containing the query, response, and parsed content.

See Also

```
https://api.myfantasyleague.com/2020/api_info?STATE=details
vignette("mfl_getendpoint")
```

mfl_players

Description

A cached table of MFL players. Will store in memory for each session! (via memoise in zzz.R)

Usage

mfl_players(conn = NULL)

Arguments

conn

optionally, pass in a conn object generated by ff_connect to receive leaguespecific custom players

Value

a dataframe containing all ~2000+ players in the MFL database

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
    player_list <- mfl_players()
    dplyr::sample_n(player_list, 5)
}) # end try</pre>
```

nflfastr_rosters Import nflfastr roster data

Description

Fetches a copy of roster data from nflfastr's data repository. The same input/output as nflfastr's fast_scraper_roster function.

Usage

```
nflfastr_rosters(seasons)
```

Arguments

seasons A numeric vector of seasons, earliest of which is 1999. TRUE returns all seasons, NULL returns latest season.

Details

If you have any issues with the output of this data, please open an issue in the nflfastr repository.

Value

Data frame where each individual row represents a player in the roster of the given team and season

See Also

https://nflreadr.nflverse.com

Examples

```
try( # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
nflfastr_rosters(seasons = 2019:2020)
)
```

nflfastr_stat_mapping Mappings for nflfastr to fantasy platform scoring

Description

A small helper dataframe for connecting nflfastr to specific fantasy platform rules.

Usage

nflfastr_stat_mapping

Format

A data frame with ~85 rows and 3 variables:

nflfastr_event the column name of the statistic in the nflfastr_weekly dataset

platform specific platform that this mapping applies to

ff_event name of the statistic for that platform

nflfastr_weekly Import latest nflfastr weekly stats

Description

Fetches a copy of the latest week-level stats from nflfastr's data repository, via the nflreadr package.

Usage

```
nflfastr_weekly(seasons = TRUE, type = c("offense", "kicking"))
```

Arguments

seasons	The seasons to return, TRUE returns all data available.
type	One of "offense" or "kicking"

Details

The goal of this data is to replicate the NFL's official weekly stats, which can diverge a bit from what fantasy data feeds display.

If you have any issues with the output of this data, please open an issue in the nflfastr repository.

Value

Weekly stats for all passers, rushers and receivers in the nflverse play-by-play data from the 1999 season to the most recent season

See Also

https://nflreadr.nflverse.com

Examples

```
try( # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
   nflfastr_weekly()
)
```

sleeper_connect Connect to Sleeper League

Description

This function creates a connection object which stores parameters and a user ID if available.

Usage

```
sleeper_connect(
  season = NULL,
  league_id = NULL,
  user_name = NULL,
  user_agent = NULL,
  rate_limit = TRUE,
  rate_limit_number = NULL,
  rate_limit_seconds = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

season	Season to access on Sleeper - if missing, will guess based on system date (current year if March or later, otherwise previous year)
league_id	League ID (currently assuming one league at a time)
user_name	Sleeper user_name - optional - attempts to get user's user ID
user_agent	User agent to self-identify (optional)
rate_limit	TRUE by default - turn off rate limiting with FALSE
rate_limit_number	
	number of calls per rate_limit_seconds, suggested is under 1000 calls per 60 seconds
rate_limit_seconds	
	number of seconds as denominator for rate_limit
	other arguments (for other methods)

Value

a list that stores Sleeper connection objects

sleeper_getendpoint GET any Sleeper endpoint

Description

The endpoint names and HTTP parameters (i.e. argument names) are CASE SENSITIVE and should be passed in exactly as displayed on the Sleeper API reference page.

Usage

```
sleeper_getendpoint(endpoint, ...)
```

Arguments

endpoint	a string defining which endpoint to return from the API
	Arguments which will be passed as "argumentname = argument" in an HTTP
	query parameter

Details

Check out the vignette for more details and example usage.

Value

A list object containing the query, response, and parsed content.

See Also

```
https://docs.sleeper.com
vignette("sleeper_getendpoint")
```

sleeper_players Sleeper players library

Description

A cached table of Sleeper NFL players. Will store in memory for each session! (via memoise in zzz.R)

Usage

```
sleeper_players()
```

Value

a dataframe containing all ~7000+ players in the Sleeper database

sleeper_userleagues

Examples

```
try({ # try only shown here because sometimes CRAN checks are weird
  x <- sleeper_players()
  dplyr::sample_n(x, 5)
}) # end try
```

sleeper_userleagues Sleeper - Get User Leagues

Description

This function returns the leagues that a specific user is in. This variant can be used without first creating a connection object.

Usage

```
sleeper_userleagues(user_name, season = NULL)
```

Arguments

user_name	the username to look up
season	the season to return leagues from - defaults to current year based on heuristics

Value

a dataframe of leagues for the specified user

See Also

ff_userleagues()

%>%

Pipe operator

Description

See magrittr::%>% for details.

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