# Package 'dpcc'

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Title Dynamic Programming for Convex Clustering
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<b>Description</b> Use dynamic programming method to solve 11 convex clustering with identical weights.
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Contents
cdp
cpaint
find_lambda
Index

2 cpaint

cdp

L1 convex clustering with a single lambda.

# Description

L1 convex clustering with a single lambda.

#### Usage

```
cdp(X, lam)
```

# Arguments

X a data matrix of n \* p or a data vector with length n.

lam a tuning parameter.

#### **Details**

A list with length p equal to the dimension of the data matrix. Each dimension includes a vector of the estimated centroids.

#### Value

the estimated centroids.

## **Examples**

```
# generate a data matrix with n = 10 and p = 2.
X = matrix(rnorm(10*2), 10, 2)
lam = find_lambda(X)/2
# set a tuning parameter lambda.
cdp(X, lam)
```

cpaint

L1 convex clustering with a lambda sequence.

## Description

L1 convex clustering with a lambda sequence.

### Usage

```
cpaint(X, lam)
```

find\_lambda 3

#### **Arguments**

```
X a data matrix of n * p or a data vector with length n. lam a sequence of lambdas.
```

#### **Details**

A list with length p equal to the dimension of the data matrix. Each dimension includes a sequence of vectors. Each vector includes the estimated centroids with a certain tuning parameter lambda.

#### Value

A sequence of estimated centroids.

#### **Examples**

```
# generate a data matrix with n = 10 and p = 2.
X = matrix(rnorm(10*2), 10, 2)
# set the biggest lambda in the sequence.
lam_max = find_lambda(X)
# set the length of the sequence.
K = 10
# equally separate the sequence with K.
Lam = sapply(1:K, function(i) i/K*lam_max)
cpaint(X,Lam)
```

find\_lambda

Return the lambda which causes all the points become fused into one cluster.

#### **Description**

Return the lambda which causes all the points become fused into one cluster.

### Usage

```
find_lambda(X)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
X data matrix of n * p
```

#### Value

the biggest lambda

#### **Examples**

```
X = matrix(rnorm(3*2), 3, 2)
find_lambda(X)
```

# **Index**

```
cdp, 2
cpaint, 2
find_lambda, 3
```