

# Package ‘SDPDmod’

July 21, 2025

**Title** Spatial Dynamic Panel Data Modeling

**Version** 0.0.6

**Description** Spatial model calculation for static and dynamic panel data models, weights matrix creation and Bayesian model comparison.

Bayesian model comparison methods were described by 'LeSage' (2014) <[doi:10.1016/j.spasta.2014.02.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.spasta.2014.02.002)>.

The 'Lee'-'Yu' transformation approach is described in 'Yu', 'De Jong' and 'Lee' (2008) <[doi:10.1016/j.jeconom.2008.08.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jeconom.2008.08.002)>, 'Lee' and 'Yu' (2010) <[doi:10.1016/j.jeconom.2010.08.002](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jeconom.2010.08.002)>.

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

**Imports** Matrix, methods, plm, RSpectra, sf, sp, spdep, stats

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, splm

**BugReports** <https://github.com/RozetaSimonovska/SDPDmod/issues/>

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.2

**NeedsCompilation** no

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**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2025-04-11 19:40:02 UTC

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blmpSDPD

*Bayesian log-marginal posterior probabilities for spatial panel models*

## Description

Calculates log-marginal posterior probabilities for model comparison purposes.

## Usage

```
blmpSDPD(
  formula,
  data,
  W,
  index,
  model = list("ols", "slx", "sar", "sdm", "sem", "sdem"),
  effect = "individual",
  ldet = NULL,
  lndetspec = list(m = NULL, p = NULL, sd = NULL),
  dynamic = FALSE,
  tlaginfo = list(ind = NULL),
  LYtrans = FALSE,
  incr = NULL,
  rintrv = TRUE,
  prior = "uniform",
  bprarg = 1.01
)
```

**Arguments**

|           |                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| formula   | a symbolic description for the model to be estimated                                                                                           |
| data      | a data.frame                                                                                                                                   |
| W         | spatial weights matrix (row-normalized)                                                                                                        |
| index     | the indexes (names of the variables for the spatial and time component)                                                                        |
| model     | a list of models for which the Bayesian log-marginal posterior probabilities need to be calculated, list("ols","slx","sar","sdm","sem","sdem") |
| effect    | type of fixed effects, c("none","individual","time","twoways"), default ="individual"                                                          |
| ldet      | Type of computation of log-determinant, c("full","mc"). Default "full" for smaller problems, "mc" for large problems.                          |
| Indetspec | specifications for the calculation of the log-determinant                                                                                      |
| dynamic   | logical, if TRUE time lag of the dependent variable is included. Default = FALSE                                                               |
| tlaginfo  | specification for the time lag, default = list(ind=NULL), <i>ind</i> - i-th column in the data frame which represents the time lag             |
| LYtrans   | logical, default FALSE. If Lee-Yu transformation should be used for demeaning of the variables                                                 |
| incr      | increment for vector of values for rho                                                                                                         |
| rintrv    | logical, default TRUE, calculates eigenvalues of W. If FALSE, the interval for rho is (-1,1).                                                  |
| prior     | type of prior to be used c("uniform","beta"). Default "uniform"                                                                                |
| bprarg    | argument for the beta prior. Default = 1.01                                                                                                    |

**Details**

For the Spatial Durbin Error Model (SDEM) the marginal distribution is:

$$p(\lambda|y) = \frac{1}{p(y)} p(\lambda) \Gamma(a) (2\pi)^{-a} \frac{|P|^{T-1}}{|Z'Z|^{1/2}} (e'e)^{-a}$$

For the Spatial Durbin Model (SDM) the marginal distribution is:

$$p(\rho|y) = \frac{1}{p(y)} p(\rho) \Gamma(a) (2\pi)^{-a} \frac{|P|}{|Z'Z|^{1/2}} (e'e)^{-a}$$

where  $p(\lambda)$  is prior on  $\lambda$  and  $p(\rho)$  is prior on  $\rho$ , either uniform  $\frac{1}{D}$ ,  $D = 1/\omega_{max} - 1/\omega_{min}$  or beta prior; No priors on beta and size;  $\omega_{max}$  and  $\omega_{min}$  are the maximum and minimum eigenvalues of  $W$  - spatial weights matrix;  $Z = X$  for lag or error model and  $Z = [XW X]$  for Durbin model;  $X$  - matrix of  $k$  covariates.

For more details, see LeSage (2014).

Based on MatLab function log\_marginal\_panelprob.m.

In *tlaginfo* = list(*ind* = NULL):

*ind* i-th column in *data* which represents the time lag, if not specified then the lag from the dependent variable is created and the panel is reduced from *nt* to *n(t-1)*

Value

A list

lmarginal      log-marginal posterior

probs          model probability

Author(s)

Rozeta Simonovska

References

LeSage, J. P., & Parent, O. (2007). Bayesian model averaging for spatial econometric models. *Geographical Analysis*, 39(3), 241-267.

LeSage, J. P. (2014). Spatial econometric panel data model specification: A Bayesian approach. *Spatial Statistics*, 9, 122-145.

Examples

```
## US States Production data
data(Produc, package = "plm")
## Spatial weights row-normalized matrix of 48 US states
data(usaww, package = "splm")
isrownor(usaww)
form1 <- log(gsp) ~ log(pcap) + log(pc) + log(emp) + unemp
res1 <- blmpSDPD(formula = form1, data=Produc, W = usaww,
  index = c("state","year"),
  model = list("sar","sdm","sem","sdem"),
  effect = "twoways")

res1
res2 <- blmpSDPD(formula = form1, data = Produc, W = usaww,
  index = c("state","year"),
  model = list("sar","sdm","sem","sdem"),
  effect = "twoways", dynamic = TRUE)

res2
```

---

|            |                                                       |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| coef.SDPDm | <i>Extract coefficients from model of class SDPDm</i> |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------|

---

Description

Method for extracting coefficients of objects of class "SDPDm"

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'SDPDm'
coef(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                   |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| object | object of class "SDPDm"           |
| ...    | additional arguments to be passed |

**Value**

Coefficients extracted from the model object of class "SDPDm".

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**

SDPDm

---

DDistMat

*Double-Power Distance Weights Matrix*


---

**Description**

This function calculates the double-power distance matrix, for a given distance cutoff and a positive exponent.

**Usage**

```
DDistMat(distMat, distCutoff = NULL, powr = 2, mevn = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                             |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| distMat    | distance matrix                                                             |
| distCutoff | distance cutoff. Default = the maximal value from the distance matrix.      |
| powr       | power (positive exponent), default 2                                        |
| mevn       | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE, max-eigenvalue normalization is performed. |

**Details**

$W$  is an  $n \times n$  matrix with elements  $w_{ij}$ ,  $i, j = 1, \dots, n$ , where  $w_{ij} = (1 - (\frac{d_{ij}}{D})^p)^p$ , if  $0 \leq d_{ij} < D$  and  $w_{ij} = 0$ , if  $d_{ij} \geq D$  or  $i = j$ .  $D$  is the cut-off distance point (maximum radius of influence),  $d_{ij}$  is the distance between spatial units  $i$  and  $j$ , and  $p$  is the power value (e.g.  $p = 2, 3, 4, \dots$ ).

**Value**

|     |                                                  |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------|
| $W$ | spatial weights matrix (Default, not normalized) |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------|

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**Examples**

```

data(gN3dist) ##distance in meters
W1  <- DDistMat(distMat = gN3dist,
                 distCutoff = 300000,
                 powr = 3) ##distance cutoff in meters
dist2 <- gN3dist/1000 ##in km
W2  <- DDistMat(distMat = dist2, 300, 3) ##distance cutoff in kilometers

```

---

|          |                                                                                                   |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| DistWMat | <i>Distance weights matrix (Inverse distance, Exponential distance or Double-Distance matrix)</i> |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function calculates the spatial distance weights matrix (inverse, exponential or double-distance), with a given cutoff distance and a positive exponent (alpha).

**Usage**

```

DistWMat(
  distMat,
  distCutoff = NULL,
  type = "inverse",
  alpha = NULL,
  mevn = FALSE
)

```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                                                    |
|------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| distMat    | distance matrix                                                                                    |
| distCutoff | cutoff distance. Default = the maximal value from the distance matrix.                             |
| type       | the type of distance matrix c("inverse","expo","doubled"). Default = "inverse".                    |
| alpha      | power (positive exponent), default 1 if type="inverse", 0.01 if type="expo" and 2 if type="double" |
| mevn       | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE, max-eigenvalue normalization is performed.                        |

**Value**

|   |                                                  |
|---|--------------------------------------------------|
| W | spatial weights matrix (Default, not normalized) |
|---|--------------------------------------------------|

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**[InvDistMat](#) [ExpDistMat](#) [DDistMat](#) [vignette\("spatial\\_matrices", package = "SDPDmod"\)](#)**Examples**

```
## distance between centroids of NUTS3 regions in Germany (in meters)
data(gN3dist, package = "SDPDmod")
##inverse distance matrix with cutoff 100000 meters
W1 <- DistWMat(distMat = gN3dist, distCutoff = 100000)
dist2 <- gN3dist/1000 ##distance in km
## normalized exponential distance matrix
W2 <- DistWMat(distMat=dist2, distCutoff = 100, type = "expo",
               alpha = 2, mevn = TRUE)
```

---

eignor*Maximum eigenvalue normalization*

---

**Description**

Maximum eigenvalue row normalization of a spatial weights matrix.

**Usage**

```
eignor(W)
```

**Arguments**

W                      spatial weights matrix

**Value**

W                      Eigenvalue normalized spatial weights matrix

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**[rownor](#)

**Examples**

```
data(gN3dist)
dist2 <- gN3dist/1000 ##distance in km
W      <- InvDistMat(distMat = dist2, distCutoff = 100, powr = 2)
Wnor   <- eignor(W)
```

---

|            |                                    |
|------------|------------------------------------|
| ExpDistMat | <i>Exponential distance matrix</i> |
|------------|------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function calculates the (negative) exponential distance matrix, with a given cutoff distance and a positive exponent value.

**Usage**

```
ExpDistMat(distMat, distCutoff = NULL, expn = 0.01, mevn = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                             |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| distMat    | distance matrix                                                             |
| distCutoff | cutoff distance. Default = the maximal value from the distance matrix.      |
| expn       | positive exponent, default = 0.01                                           |
| mevn       | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE, max-eigenvalue normalization is performed. |

**Details**

$W$  is an  $n \times n$  matrix with elements  $w_{ij}$ ,  $i, j = 1, \dots, n$ , where  $w_{ij} = e^{-\alpha d_{ij}}$ , if  $0 \leq d_{ij} < D$  and  $w_{ij} = 0$ , if  $d_{ij} \geq D$  or  $i = j$ .  $D$  is the distance cutoff point (maximum radius of influence),  $d_{ij}$  is the distance between spatial units  $i$  and  $j$ , and  $\alpha$  is the positive exponent (e.g.  $\alpha = 0.01, 0.02, \dots$ ).

**Value**

|     |                                                  |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------|
| $W$ | spatial weights matrix (Default, not normalized) |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------|

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**Examples**

```
data(gN3dist) ##distance in meters
W1      <- ExpDistMat(distMat = gN3dist, distCutoff = 100000)
dist2 <- gN3dist/1000 ##in km
W2      <- ExpDistMat(distMat = dist2, distCutoff = 100, expn = 0.02)
W2nor   <- ExpDistMat(distMat = dist2, 100000, 0.001, mevn = TRUE)
```

---

|         |                                                                   |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| gN3dist | <i>Distance between the centroids of NUTS3 regions in Germany</i> |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Distance between the centroids of NUTS3 regions in Germany

**Usage**

gN3dist

**Format**

matrix of distances

---

|              |                                    |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| impactsSDPDm | <i>Impacts for 'SDPDm' objects</i> |
|--------------|------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Direct and indirect effects estimates

**Usage**

impactsSDPDm(res, NSIM = 200, sd = 12345)

**Arguments**

|      |                                                      |
|------|------------------------------------------------------|
| res  | an object of class 'SDPDm'                           |
| NSIM | number of simulations to be performed, default = 200 |
| sd   | starting seed, default = 12345                       |

**Details**

For spatial dynamic panel data model:

$$y_t = \tau y_{t-1} + \rho W y_t + \eta W y_{t-1} + X_t \beta + W X_t \theta + \alpha + \mu + u_t$$

Short term effects for  $k$ th explanatory variable:

$$(I - \rho W)^{-1}(\beta_k I_n + \theta_k W)$$

Long term effects for  $k$ th explanatory variable:

$$((1 - \tau)I_n - (\rho + \eta)W)^{-1}(\beta_k I_n + \theta_k W)$$

The direct effect is the average of the diagonal elements, and the indirect effect is the average of the row sums of the non-diagonal elements of the matrix.

**Value**

An object of class 'impactsSDPDm'

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**

[SDPDm](#)

---

|            |                                |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| InvDistMat | <i>Inverse distance matrix</i> |
|------------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function calculates the inverse distances, with a given cutoff distance and a positive exponent.

**Usage**

```
InvDistMat(distMat, distCutoff = NULL, powr = 1, mevn = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|            |                                                                             |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| distMat    | distance matrix                                                             |
| distCutoff | cutoff distance. Default = the maximal value from the distance matrix.      |
| powr       | power (positive exponent), default = 1                                      |
| mevn       | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE, max-eigenvalue normalization is performed. |

**Details**

W is an  $n \times n$  matrix with elements  $w_{ij}$ ,  $i, j = 1, \dots, n$ , where  $w_{ij} = 1/d_{ij}^\gamma$ , if  $0 \leq d_{ij} < D$  and  $w_{ij} = 0$ , if  $d_{ij} > D$  or  $i = j$ .  $D$  is the distance cutoff point (maximum radius of influence),  $d_{ij}$  is the distance between spatial units  $i$  and  $j$ , and  $\gamma$  is the value for the exponent (e.g.  $\gamma = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$ ).

**Value**

|   |                                          |
|---|------------------------------------------|
| W | weights matrix (Default, not normalized) |
|---|------------------------------------------|

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**Examples**

```
## distance between centroids of NUTS3 regions in Germany (in meters)
data(gN3dist, package = "SDPDmod")
## inverse distance matrix with cutoff 100000 meters
W1 <- InvDistMat(distMat = gN3dist, distCutoff = 100000)
dist2 <- gN3dist/1000 ##distance in km
## normalized distance matrix with cutoff 100km
W2 <- InvDistMat(distMat = dist2, distCutoff=100, powr = 2, mevn = TRUE)
```

isrownor

*Is the matrix row-normalized***Description**

Checks if a spatial weights matrix is row-normalized.

**Usage**

```
isrownor(W)
```

**Arguments**

W                      spatial weights matrix

**Value**

Logical value. If the weights matrix is row-normalized such that all rows sum up to 1, the value is TRUE.

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**

[rownor](#)

**Examples**

```
data("usa46", package="SDPDmod")
isrownor(usa46)
```

---

|           |                                                       |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| mNearestN | <i>m nearest neighbors based on a distance matrix</i> |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------|

---

## Description

This function finds the *m* nearest neighbors, given a matrix of distances.

## Usage

```
mNearestN(distMat, m = 5, listv = FALSE, rn = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

|         |                                                                                    |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| distMat | distance matrix                                                                    |
| m       | number of nearest neighbors, default value 5                                       |
| listv   | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE the list of neighbors should also be returned      |
| rn      | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE, the spatial weights matrix will be row-normalized |

## Value

|       |                                                   |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------|
| W     | spatial weights matrix                            |
| nlist | list of indexes of the <i>m</i> nearest neighbors |

## Author(s)

Rozeta Simonovska

## Examples

```
data(gN3dist, package = "SDPDmod")
fournn <- mNearestN(gN3dist, m = 4)
mat1 <- rownor(fournn)
tennn <- mNearestN(gN3dist, 10, listv = TRUE, rn = TRUE)
mat2 <- tennn$W
```

---

|         |                                           |
|---------|-------------------------------------------|
| mOrdNbr | <i>1st to m-th order neighbors matrix</i> |
|---------|-------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Finds the 1th to m-th order neighbors matrix.

**Usage**

```
mOrdNbr(sf_pol = NULL, m = 1, neigs = NULL, listv = FALSE, rn = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                                                                           |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| sf_pol | spatial polygons object                                                                   |
| m      | the order of neighbors up to which they will be included in the weights matrix, default 1 |
| neigs  | neighbors list, default NULL                                                              |
| listv  | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE the list of neighbors should also be returned             |
| rn     | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE, the weight matrix will be row-normalized                 |

**Value**

|       |                        |
|-------|------------------------|
| W     | spatial weights matrix |
| nlist | list of neighbors      |

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**Examples**

```
library("sf")
ger  <- st_read(system.file("shape/GermanyNUTS3.shp",
                             package = "SDPDmod"),
                quiet = TRUE)
m1thn <- mOrdNbr(ger)

m4thn <- mOrdNbr(ger, 4)
mat1  <- rownor(m4thn)
m4thn2<- mOrdNbr(ger, 4, listv = TRUE, rn = TRUE)
mat2  <- m4thn2$W
```

---

|                             |                                 |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <code>print.blmpSDPD</code> | <i>Print for class blmpSDPD</i> |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Method for printing the results of objects of class "blmpSDPD"

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'blmpSDPD'  
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3), ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` object of class "blmpSDPD"
- `digits` number of digits
- `...` additional arguments to be passed

**Value**

No return value

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

---

|                          |                              |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| <code>print.SDPDm</code> | <i>print for class SDPDm</i> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Method for sprinting the results of objects of class "SDPDm"

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'SDPDm'  
print(x, digits = max(3, getOption("digits") - 3), ...)
```

**Arguments**

- `x` object of class "SDPDm"
- `digits` number of digits
- `...` additional arguments to be passed

**Value**

No return value

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**

SDPDm

---

`print.summary.impactsSDPDm`

*Print summary for class impactsSDPDm*

---

**Description**

Method for printing the summary the results of objects of class "impactsSDPDm"

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.impactsSDPDm'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|     |                                        |
|-----|----------------------------------------|
| x   | summary object of class "impactsSDPDm" |
| ... | additional arguments to be passed      |

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

---

`print.summary.SDPDm`

*Print of summary for class SDPDm*

---

**Description**

Method for printing the summary the results of objects of class "SDPDm"

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.SDPDm'  
print(x, ...)
```

**Arguments**

- x                   summary object of class "SDPDm"
- . . .               additional arguments to be passed

**Value**

No return value

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**

SDPDm

---

|        |                          |
|--------|--------------------------|
| rownor | <i>Row-normalization</i> |
|--------|--------------------------|

---

**Description**

Row-normalization of a spatial weights matrix.

**Usage**

rownor(W)

**Arguments**

- W                   spatial weights matrix

**Value**

- W                   row-normalized spatial weights matrix

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**

[eignor](#)

**Examples**

```
library("sf")
ger  <- st_read(system.file("shape/GermanyNUTS3.shp",
                             package = "SDPDmod"),
                quiet = TRUE)
W    <- mOrdNbr(ger, 3)
Wnor <- rownor(W)
```

---

|       |                                                                                               |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SDPDm | <i>Spatial dynamic panel data lag model with fixed effects maximum likelihood estimation.</i> |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

This function estimates spatial panel model with fixed effects for static or dynamic model. It includes the transformation approach suggested by Yu et al (2008) and Lee and Yu (2010).

**Usage**

```
SDPDm(
  formula,
  data,
  W,
  index,
  model = "sar",
  effect = "individual",
  ldet = NULL,
  lndetspec = list(p = NULL, m = NULL, sd = NULL),
  dynamic = FALSE,
  tlaginfo = list(ind = NULL, t1 = TRUE, st1 = TRUE),
  LYtrans = TRUE,
  incr = NULL,
  rintrv = TRUE,
  demn = FALSE,
  DIRtrans = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

|         |                                                                                                                    |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| formula | a symbolic description for the (static) model to be estimated, not including the dynamic component                 |
| data    | a data.frame                                                                                                       |
| W       | spatial weights matrix                                                                                             |
| index   | the indexes (Names of the variables for the spatial and time component. The spatial is first and the time second.) |

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| model     | a models to be calculated, c("sar","sdm"), default = "sar"                                                                                                                                 |
| effect    | type of fixed effects, c("none","individual","time","twoways"), default ="individual"                                                                                                      |
| ldet      | type of computation of log-determinant, c("full","mc"). Default "full" for smaller problems, "mc" for large problems.                                                                      |
| lndetspec | specifications for the calculation of the log-determinant for mcmc calculation. Default list(p=NULL,m=NULL,sd=NULL), if the number of spatial units is >1000 then list(p=30,m=30,sd=12345) |
| dynamic   | logical, if TRUE time lag of the dependent variable is included. Default = FALSE                                                                                                           |
| tlainfo   | specification for the time lag, default = list(ind = NULL, tl = TRUE, stl = TRUE), see details                                                                                             |
| LYtrans   | logical, default TRUE. If the Lee-Yu transformation should be used for bias correction                                                                                                     |
| incr      | increment for vector of values for rho                                                                                                                                                     |
| rintrv    | logical, default TRUE, calculates eigenvalues of W. If FALSE, the interval for rho is (-1,1)                                                                                               |
| demn      | logical, if Lee-Yu transformation for demeaning of the variables to remove fixed effects is performed (only used in static models). Default FALSE                                          |
| DIRtrans  | logical, if direct transformation of variables should be used. Default, FALSE (only used in dynamic models with "twoways" effects)                                                         |

### Details

Based on MatLab functions sar\_jihai.m, sar\_jihai\_time.m and sar\_panel\_FE.m

In *tlainfo* = list(*ind* = NULL, *tl* = TRUE, *stl* = TRUE):

*ind* i-th column in *data* which represents the time lag, if not specified then the lag from the dependent variable is created and the panel is reduced from *nt* to *n(t-1)*

*tl* logical, default TRUE. If TRUE  $y_{t-1}$  (the lagged dependent variable in time is included)

*stl* logical, default TRUE. If TRUE  $W y_{t-1}$  (the lagged dependent variable in space and time is included)

### Value

An object of class "SDPDm"

|              |                                                                                         |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| coefficients | coefficients estimate of the model parameters ( <i>coefficients1</i> for dynamic model) |
| rho          | spatial coefficient                                                                     |
| sige         | residuals variance                                                                      |
| llik         | the value of the log likelihood function                                                |
| ...          |                                                                                         |

### Author(s)

Rozeta Simonovska

## References

- Yu, J., De Jong, R., & Lee, L. F. (2008). Quasi-maximum likelihood estimators for spatial dynamic panel data with fixed effects when both  $n$  and  $T$  are large. *Journal of Econometrics*, 146(1), 118-134.
- Lee, L. F., & Yu, J. (2010). Estimation of spatial autoregressive panel data models with fixed effects. *Journal of Econometrics*, 154(2), 165-185.
- Lee, L. F., & Yu, J. (2010). A spatial dynamic panel data model with both time and individual fixed effects. *Econometric Theory*, 564-597.

## See Also

```
vignette("spatial_model", package = "SDPDmod")
```

## Examples

```
library("SDPDmod")
data(Produc, package = "plm")
data(usaww, package = "splm")
form1 <- log(gsp) ~ log(pcap) + log(pc) + log(emp) + unemp
mod1 <- SDPDm(formula = form1, data = Produc, W = usaww, index = c("state", "year"),
              model = "sar", effect = "individual", LYtrans = TRUE)
summary(mod1)
imp1 <- impactsSDPDm(mod1)
summary(imp1)
mod2 <- SDPDm(formula = form1, data = Produc, W = usaww, index = c("state", "year"),
              model = "sdm", effect = "twoways", LYtrans = TRUE,
              dynamic = TRUE, tlaginfo=list(ind = NULL, t1 = TRUE, st1 = TRUE))
summary(mod2)
```

---

SharedBMat

*Shared boundary matrix*


---

## Description

This function calculates the shared boundary matrix

## Usage

```
SharedBMat(sf_pol, rn = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

|                     |                                                                               |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>sf_pol</code> | spatial polygons, spatial lines object or spatial data frame                  |
| <code>rn</code>     | logical, default FALSE. If TRUE, the spatial weights matrix is row-normalized |

**Value**

W                      spatial weights matrix (length of shared boundary between spatial units)

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**Examples**

```
library("sf")

ger  <- st_read(system.file("shape/GermanyNUTS3.shp",
                             package = "SDPDmod"),
                 quiet = TRUE)
bav <- ger[which(substr(ger$NUTS_CODE,1,3)=="DE2"),] ## Bavarian districts
W    <- SharedBMat(bav)
```

---

summary.impactsSDPDm    *Summary for class impactsSDPDm*

---

**Description**

Method for summarizing the results of objects of class "impactsSDPDm"

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'impactsSDPDm'
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

object                object of class "impactsSDPDm"

...                    additional arguments to be passed

**Value**

Summary of impacts

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**

SDPDm

---

|               |                                |
|---------------|--------------------------------|
| summary.SDPDm | <i>Summary for class SDPDm</i> |
|---------------|--------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Method for summarizing the results of objects of class "SDPDm"

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'SDPDm'  
summary(object, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|        |                                   |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| object | object of class "SDPDm"           |
| ...    | additional arguments to be passed |

**Value**

Summary of SDPDm

**Author(s)**

Rozeta Simonovska

**See Also**

SDPDm

---

|       |                                                |
|-------|------------------------------------------------|
| usa46 | <i>Spatial weights matrix of 46 USA states</i> |
|-------|------------------------------------------------|

---

**Description**

Spatial weights matrix of 46 USA states

**Usage**

```
usa46
```

**Format**

binary coded matrix

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